THE COPPER COINS OF INDIA

INCLUDING BANGLADESH, BURMA, NEPAL AND PAKISTAN

W.H. VALENTINE

(PART 1 AND 2 Bound in One)

Part 1

BENGAL and
THE UNITED PROVINCES

Part 2

THE PANJAB
AND CONTIGUOUS NATIVE STATES OF
BAHAWALPUR, BALUCHISTAN.
CHAMBA, KASHMIR,
PATIALA, SIRMUR

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INTRODUCTION

The successful reception by the numerimatic public of the author's work on "The bopper come of Muham. madan Itales; and the encouragement afforded by the appreciative letters of grateful coin lovers have tempted him to take up his pen once more in the service of the study of Oriental copper coins. There is probably no other country in the world that can offer to the corn collector such a vast and interesting set of problems as India can. The mormous rum ber of types used on the coins during the last three or four contures (without going back further), com plicated by the different alphabetic signs and langua ges, present an apparently endless series of pupiles, enhan ced still further by the fact that the die is usually two or three comes the size of the oom, so that soveral specimens may have to be compared to enable one to read the coin correctly. The object of this work is to help the collector to solve some of these fascinating problems, and also to assist him to arrange his cabinet of

Indian coins in a methodical manner, easy of access and admitting of a clear understanding of its contents. A handy work on the bopper coins of India has long been wanted for this purpose; much has been done by various writers but what is lacking is a simple quide which will include the whole and present it clearly before the reader.

The plan of the work is on similar lines to the author's first effort and might indeed be considered a continuation of that work, he however felt that India was too important to be considered otherwise than by itself.

This plan is a geographical one and the idea, briefly, is to direct the peninsula as nearly as possible into its modern political divisions viz: -

- l Bengal. 4 Bombarj.
- 2 United From ces. & Rajpulana + Contral India.
- 3 The Panjab. 6 Madras.

7. South India with Ceylon.

In each section the mints are given in alphabetical order with the British portion first and those of the Native States immediately following.

The main feature of the work, as before, is to give a drawing of every coun mentioned and them accompany

it with a description of the piece together with its trans-

The author (as beforementioned) has aimed at embody ing and bringing logisher in one work from every source all that has been done on the subject. He has therefore included all the coins illustrated in the various brooks and papers by Oliver, Rodgers, book, Whitehead Melson Wright, D'Taylor, Thomas, & te. It is hardly necessary to say how greatly he feels his indebtedness to these publications. They have been supplemented by drawings made from coins in his own cabined, and from those contained in the collections of Lord Grantley bot Biddulph bot Shepherd Messer of Stackett. D. F. Noworth (author of botonial coins & tokens), R. Sutcliffe, and Nowland Wood. (U.Sa).

All these genilemen have placed their ensure collection at the author's disposal with permission to make use of any or all as he thought fit, and the author now wishes these genilemen to accept his grateful thanks for thurready and unstimed help.

To Ser Richard & Temple and Ser Geo. A. Greeson he would also tender his hearty acknowledgements for kindness in translating the inscriptions on the Surmas!

and famu coins respectively. In addition to the new collections mentioned above, the author has been given ready access to the vast sories contained in the cabinets of the various by the Keeper of the Coins - M. I F. Hill, whose help and sympathy with the object of the book has greatly sustained the author in his labours.

He would also like especially to record his gratifule to M. J. Allan, (also of the Separtment of Corns in the British Museum), for his unfailing courtesy and readiness to place his knowledge of the subject at the authoristisposal.

To Dt. O. bodoing lon, Edvarian to the Royal assalic dociety, the warm dociety and the Royal Rumismatic dociety, the warm est thanks, for his unremitting and friendly aid in oriticising and correcting the Arabio and Ragari inscriptions on the coins, throughout the entire work.

worth valentine.

HISTORY of INDIA.

Though it is not necessary on a work on Indian copper cours to go into minute details concerning the history of the country, it is yet very important to have a definite knowledge of the main events and many chan ges that have taken place during its existence. GREEK INVASION. The earliest fact known regarding India, is, that Darius the Porsian extended his bound a rees as far as the river Indus, and that the Panjab and Sindh were ruled by rumerous nature chiefs. This was about the year 500 BC. In 327-324 B.C. alexander the Great made his colebrated march across Egypt, Turkey, and Persia. Having arrived at India he crossed the river Indus and defeated Forus, who was king of the region round about the volley of the Punjab Thon as his troops were unwilling to proceed, alexander reluctantly referred In 323 alexander died His garrisons in India MAURYAN DYN, were destroyed and driven back by Chandra. gupla who subsequently founded the Mauryan dynasty of Magadha. This monarch who seems to have been the

first supreme sovereign of Hindustan deed in 297 86. and was succeeded first by his son, and then by his grandson. This was the famous ason'a whose empure ASOKA. extended from the Hundu Kush in the N to the narbada in the S., and from the bound arres of modern Persia N. to the confines of Burma on the east. Its capital was Palaliputra, the modern Palna after atoxa's death on 232 Bb. his empire brok's up and Kalinga and andhra were among the first to KALINGA. acquire their independence Other nations gradually arose, until in the 2nd century AD. India was divided between the mauryan dynasty at Magadha, the andhras in the Denkan, the Cholas Cheras and Pandyans in the south, the Yavanas and Palaras in western India the Sakas in Sind (who assumed the Persian lite of Sa. traps or Xshatrapas' He Sah dynasty of Saurashla at Xas heavar and the Kushans in the north-west. Kanishka /the THE MUSHANS rules of the Kushans or Yush che, a Mongol tace, who acceded about 120 AD. formed a

mighty empire, his boundaries extending into China as far rooth as Kashgar and stretched from there to the Persian frontier. The capital of his dominions was at Turushapu

ra, the modern Perhawar. In the beginning of the third con ury AD. the Kushan and andhra dynasties became extends and their empires were broken up into minor QUPTAS . WEST SATRAPS. states The middle of the 4th cent's revealed two other nighty empires, that of the guplas, and that of the Western Patrafu The satrap Rudrasona and the Supla Samudragupla were contemporaries. The latters dominion extended from the Augli to the fumna and Chambal and from the Himalayas to the Nartada river. Kamarupa the present assam, and other smaller states were tributary to him , and the class in northern Ray had and were un der his protection Towards the end of the century /4th the GUPTA EMPIRE whole of the territories belonging to the Saxas or Western Latraps in Sind Kutch, Surash.

tra, and the Konkan was overthrown by the Juplas, whose empure was thereby extended to the Indus valley, and the Arabran wea. The Jupla empure subsisted till the end of the 5th const when it was destroyed by the White Huns or Ephthalites. These were a Mongol tribe, and a section of Mose which committed such terrible rawage in Europe un MHITE HUNS. der the atrocious Attila "the Scourge of God"

About the year 528, Meir ruler Mikiragula,

was defeated by a confederacy of Hundu formees under the leadership of the king of Magadha after the overthrow of the While Huns no supreme power existed in India until Harsha (606-647 m8) originally king of Thaneswar became paramount in the north af. for a 35 years war about the same period Pulikes in I the greatest of the bhalukya dynasty was the leading sove CHALUKYAS. | orough of the south. This latter dynasty rose into importance in the middle of the bottomity. They seem to have been Raypuls and made their capital at Valapi (Me modorn Sadami after Harshas death (6 48) India became once more a medley of petty states, and except for the local incursion of the arabs in Sind, was free from foreign invasion all the beginning of the 11th contury. CHAZNAVIDE. In 992 Sabaniagin of Grazna took poster. sion of the country as far as the Indus and a permainent footing in India was gained by his successors in 1022 when Mahmud of Ghazna wrested MANMUD of the kingdom of Labore from Jupal I GHAZNI Mahmud also defeated the rayer of Shatia Mullan and the united armies of the kings of Gwaliar Malwa Kalinjar, Kansey, Sehli and ajmir in a decisive

battle at Perhawar in 1008 and acquired the name of the "idol breaker" by plundering various sacred Hindu strings. CHALUNYAS. In the Bekkan the ancient bhalutya dynasty had been destroyed in the middle of the eighth century, but about 973 this recovered much of its former territory and made Kalyani its capital. In the south the bho to prince Rajaraja the Great overthrew the PALLAYAS Sallawas of Kanchi and conquered the kingdom of Vengi thus putting an end to the independence of the Pallaras after an existence of 800 years Rajaraja also added Kalinga to his dominions, and in 1005 annoced beylon. He thus became Para mount Lord of Southern India and made Janjur his capital The ancient Pandyan kingdom was PANOYANS probably tribulary to the Cholas. The Housela or Bellals seem at this time (1020) to have occupied Western BELLALS Mysur and Malabar and also to have supplan ed the ancient bhera dynasty. The house of ghazni, after flourishing for about 150 years was overthrown by the family of ghor In 1186 muhammad bin GHORIDS. Sam of Shor having defeated Thurry Malix (the last of the house of Ghazni) decided to conquer Hindustan

which was then held by various Rayfred clans. Muhammad MUNAMBRINSAM. was at first defeated by Prither Meur leader. at Thanswar in 1191 on a second meeting at the same place two years later, 1198 finally defeated Inthes elew him and armered his dominions. In the following year he conquered faichand of Kanny also and took Benar as and Kany. Thereupon the greater part of MARWAR the clan retreated from Nancy and founded Marwar. In 1195 Swaliar was laken and Kulb-al din As-KUTB AL DÎN bex took Sujaral (anhalwara) the capital, but could not obtain possession of the country. In 1196 Natingar was captured and Sihar and Gengal capital bour) reduced about the same time after the death of Muh? bun Sam in 1205, Kuth at din became independent ruler of India and the first of the Slave Kings of Dohli. at about the BELLALS same period the Aellals had become very power. ful in the south, having in 1190 amnewed the territory of the bhalukyas and put an and to that dynasty taking the southern pothon, while the yadavas sayed the north The shola rung dom' was loving much of its former sklendows and the Pandyons wer CHOLAS my their independence Telingana was rule PANOYANS

by the nanupate dynasty with their capital at Narangal The vigorous and latented ata at din repheu ALA AL DIN of Salat at din, the first thilly rules 1290 1295 invaded he Dekkan in 1294, and forced Ramachandra the Yadara raja to cede Elicapur. In 1297-1298 he subjugat ed Jugaras Somnath and Sorath, but Kulch and NW. Ka throwar preserved their independence. This general Ma lek Nafur again invaded the Sexxan in 1309, reduced War angal and Seogark, and in 1310 invaded the Bellal kingdom and reduced the whole of the eastern forribory . In 1818 Thus re Khan, general of Mubarak, the last Khily MUBARAK I conquered Malabar, and in a revolt of the Yadara which was suppressed by Thurru Than, their leader Harapala was flayed alive The power of the Michammadans was not fell throughout India Nashmer in the north, Oreseam the east, Kutch and Junagarh and porhaps the extreme south of the penercula alone relained their independence. Great as the Pathan power was, that greatness was the ultimate Cause of its downfall and live causes mainly broughtabout this event; the inroads of the mughals, and the MUGHALS. want of cohesien among its numerous and restless provinces In 1840 Bungal and Telini

gena became independent Dissalufeed Mughal notles found ed he Bahmani kingdom in the Sekkan under BAHMANI. Hasan Jangu, and south of the Horstona the princes of by ayanagar reigned supreme Jaumpur and guyaral became independent in 1394 and also the Kingdoms of Khandesh and Malwa, whilst many other parts of of the empire were either in revolt or had resumed their independence about 1344 various Fradu kings and fornces of the south formed a league to stom the tide of VIJAYANAGAR Muhammadan invasion and submitted to the sway of the raya of anagundi, a small state which in less than a century grew into the mighty impure of bijayanagan with its capital bearing the same name sind was ruled by the fam family of Sumera rappuls The western part of Kathians and Kuloh were still independent under Klindu chiefs. In Orius also was an independent Hindu dynasty in hower Whilst India was thus divided, the cruel and TAIMUR with Taimest or Tamerlane with his Mughal horder burst unto its borders, slaughtering the inhabitants of every town he passed marmud Shah I the Emperor (1894-1412) fled to Jugaral Schle surrendered and Jaim was proclaimed Emperor of India (1399) Having plundered

and slaughtored the people of Dehli he shortly after left India by the route he had entered it, bearing anarchy, famine and pertitence behind. After this monston's departure, those was for a time neither Emporer nor Empire of Schli. The Stagged 1414-1450 had little authority outside Behli, and the last of the line surrendered his claims to Buhlol Lodi (1450 -1488) who had occupied the whole of the Sanjab That ruler added BAHLOL LODI. Jaunpur to his dominions in 1478 Sixander his successor reannexed Schat and eclander his territories in the direction of Bandel Kund, but his dommions were rather a congury of nearly independent prince palities, faghing ele" than a compact monarchy . Islandari son Stratum (1577 - 1526) disgusted his followers by his pride and cruelty Thus mallers stood when Saber invaded India. The Rajpul princes had recovered their indepen SANGA dence, and acknowledged Janga the raya of Me war as their leader 'Malwa, though still independent, was in 1926 annexed to guyaral , whose kings also GUJARAT had subdued western Katheawar, including funagorh and Kuich, and under Ahmad Shak(1411-1443) built the new capital of ahmadabad Mhandesh captured Assignat in 1899 and KHANDESH

built the forts of Jainabad and Burhanpur. Find was in the possession, Shah Husain Arghun of Mullan. In Gondwane Sampram Sa of Mandla had extended his King. GONDWANA. dom over 52 districts comprising modern Sho pal, Jagar and Damoh on the Vindhyan plateau, Loshang abad, Rawingh, and fabalput in the Rartada valley. Mandla and Seone in the Salpura highlands. The rest of the country was governed by other independent chiefs such as those of bhales gart, Ratanpur and bhanda. During the period 1897 - 1477 the Bahmane BAHMANI. Kingdom had allained great power, and ah mad Shah built ahmadated - Aidar on the sile of an ancien Hindu capital, The Konkan was reduced and goa laten from Vrjayanagar (1469-1472) In 1477 Telingana was taken at the end of the 15th contury Bahmani shared the fale of so many Indian Kingdoms and was broken up onto 5 smaller BARÍO SHAHS. | sultanales: vy The Band shake at ahmadobes Bidar, who were the real rules though nomin ally acting as ministers of the last representatives of the Bahmani dynasty. The Smad Shahi dynasty with its capital al favilgarh, was independent from 1484-15. 74, when it annexed to ahmadnagar state

ADIL SHAHS.	Bijapur was ruled by the Adil Shahi dynasty
	from 1489. 1686, when it was incorporated into
the Mughal a	empire by Aurunggeb. The Rijam Shahi dynas
MIZAM SHAHS.	ty held sway over Ahmadnagar from 1489 -
	1637, when its iast representative was sent as a
state prisone	r to gwaliar. Jolkonda was under the Kuth
KUTB SHAHS.	Shahi dynaity from 1512-1687 when it was
	annexed by Aurungzeb. While Me Muhamme
dan king dor.	ns of the Dekkan were thus divided, all south
	as under the sway of the King of Vijayanagar
Krishna Deva	1509-1580. The chiefs of Genngapatam Kalicut
and others in	ere his vassals. In 1824, bham Ray Bols repaired
MYSORE	a fort in the south, to which he gave the new
	name Makesh Asier, now called Mysore.
	504 Prince Babar a descendant of Tasmus
BĀBAR	and Jinjis Khan acquired the Kingdom of Ke-
	bul and in 1522 added Kandahar lo hu pos-
suscons. Enco	uraged by Sanga, the raja of Chilur, Babar
invaded Ind	ia, and defeated and killed Strahim Lodi in
Me first battle	of Panipul (1526), occupied Dehli and took
agra. The ra	ya of lehetur at food offered him assistance, but
finding that	Babar inimited to establish an empire of his inpara Jaikushaa Public Library
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own, he two	ed agains! the invador and suffered a defeat.
	er Agra 1527 In the following year the import.
MUGHALS,	ant fortress of Chander was taken and the
	opposition of the Hindus crushed . Sefore
his death in	1530, Balar brought the whole of Hindustan
	ower. Humayun his son and successor, was
	after nine years reign, defeated at Chaunsa
	and Kanay by Shor Shah and his Afghan
robles, and	Hindustan came again under Pathan rule.
SHER'SHAH	The accident which led to ther Shah's early
	death in 1545 before the fortress of Kalinjar
was a great.	loss to India Nis successor Islam Shah died m
SURI	1552 and dissension between the twal claimant.
	paved the way for Humayun's return which took
place in 1833	With the help of Persian troops Humayun defeat
SIKANDAR.	ed Sixandar Shah at the battle of Sirhind and
	gave India once more to the Mughals. He was
AKBAR	succeeded by his son, the famous akt ar and in
	1656 Me record baitle of Panipal was fought,
	hower for ever broken and Mughal supremacy
1 43	thished . Suring his long reign aktar conquered
all India a	far as the godarest, excepting the district a

round the	Aravalli hills,	where Udai Sings	h the rana of bh
MEYWAR	tur founds	d Udaipur and	succeeded in.
	maintaini	ng his independ	dence.
Oxtar dis	rided his realm	r into provinces r	uled by Subahdan
or ricerny,	while the distri	ists were placed in	the rands of Num
or deputies	. The list of the	se provinces is as	follows:-
AKBAR'S	1. Kabul	7 Allahabad	18 Khanduh
PROTINCES	2. Lahore	8 ajmir	14 Berar
	1. Mullan	9. Yuyarat	15. Ahmadnaga
	4 Dehli	10.Malwa	16.0 misa
	5. Agra	11. Behar	17 . Kaskmir
	6. Oudh.	12 Bengal.	18 . Ind.
The four D	erkani sullan	s who had hither	to been warring
among thus	mictors, at leng	th became unite	d against the
VIJAYA NA GAN	R. mighty Him	rdu supremacy	of the south, and
	Joreght a de	cisivo battle at I	alikot in 1565
which caus	ed the utter des	struction of Vija	yanagar.
		India's greatest a	
occurred on	the 15th October,	1605 after a succ	ereful and glorus
0444 0445	reign of fifty	ome zeros His or as succeeded in h	n and success
SHAN JAHAN	Jahangir w	as succeeded in h	is turn by Shah
		ed the extension i	

, ,

AURUNGZEB	dom on 1637. Aurungzet conquered Bijapu
	1686, Jocksonda in 1687, and all the territory
south of the R	Visina which had been dependent on these tings
	agget was unable to quell the desorders which p
sailed in hu	i vast realm. The Rajpuls and Jais were in of
hostility. The	Te makrallas were plundering and burning.
MAHRATTAS	wa, Jujarat, and the Dekkan, which by in
	ans warfare had been reduced almost lo
desert The	Mughal armes took fort after fort from the
	te latter were constantly relaxing them, and
	tressed relired to their mountain fastnesses
	throw of Ayapus and golkonda, which had .
	e Mahrallas down, proved falal to the Mugh
	t during the following century enabled the t
	dom to rise on its ruins.
EUROPEANS.	This will be convenient place to consider the
_	advent of the European element into Ind
affairs, and	which subsequently produced such remain
	the Mordingram was him but when the same
able results	. The Fortuguese were first upon the econe, . The landing of Basco da Jama in 1498 nea

English Hey	had a monopoly of trade between Europe and
	took for in 1510, Die in 1534, Soman between
1538-1545, 4	and finally Salvette and Sombay.
DUTCH.	The chief settlements of the Dutch founded in
	the 17th contury were Negapatam, Sadras, Pals
Kal Simlip	elam, and bothin.
ENGLISH	although the English East India Company
	founded 16001 had established factories at Su
ral. (1611), Xa	rlicul, Masulipalam and other places, they built
MAORAS.	their first fort / It george) at madres, only in
	1639. Bombay gwen to Charles I as marnege
BOMBAY	portion of Katherine of Braganja, was fi-
	nally handed over to the English in 1668
	id Madras was purchased in 1691 and the
	chustanasti, balcusta and Gobindpus in 1696.
FRENCH	The French possessed Masulipalam in 1669
21/02	Pondicherry 1674 and also Chandarnagat.
DANES	at about the same time the sames acquired
We say a	Tranquetar and Serampur
MAHRATTAS	e to the rise of the Mahrallas. Twaje the insp.
	red soldier of fortune, was of the Bhonsla.
jumiy, was	born in 1627 and brought up in Ioona.

He fought for and against Aurungzet at various times and in 1662 held sway on the Konkan, which position he Nept improving and strengthening all his death in 1680. The depressions of the matriallas multiplied and extent. ed in every direction but their confederation occurred un dor Balaji Vishwanath who was made Postewa or prime minister by Livage's grandson in 1712. rijam at much though originally Viseroy of Me Dekkan and barnatic provinces had since 1728 become practically independent. He claimed sovereign by over the states south of the rivers Tungabhadra and Kist. na, while the materatlas at the same time domanded tribute . from them The growth of Mysok com. menced from the time of the downfall of by aya ragar, and under the rugn of brick Dec Ray 1672 - 1704 as sumed considerable dimensions of his acquisitions no few or than 48 are enumerated among which Gangalur is the most comportant; but its possession was disputed by the chief of Sira ARCOT The Kawat of arcol dasmed ter rdory reaching from the fundakamma ri vor to bape bomoren whils the Runa of Bednur weerted his right to a considerable portion of the Nanara

coast, and south of this were the Ray as of boorg. Travan xur, bothen, and the thiefe of Malabar, all independent By 1734 the materatia power was fully establish ed in Malwa and in 1736 they blockaded Sch li and forced the Nijam to grant them the whole of Malwa and the territory between the Karbuda and the Chambal. In 1738 Radio Shah of Porsia invaded India NADIR BHAH and marched & Dehli Though at fort cour terces were exchanged between him and Muhammad Shak two days afterwards, through a false report, the inhabitand were marracred and the city plundered . It has been estimated that booty to the value 30 millions ster. long were carried off by his followers hader Shah was assassenated in 1747. An alghan chief, ahmad That Dur rami, who had been his becourer, made off with his masters money, and became ruler of afghanistan ANMAD GHAH Balkh, Ind, and Kashmir. He moaded India in 1748 but was defeated by Frence ahmad Shah, he reir apparent at the battle of Sertind. This battle was the last great effort of the Mughal Empire, which was now tottering to its fall and on the death of the Emperor (one month later) and the repealed attacks of the afghans

crumbled in	pieces. In the resulting confusion Ahmad
Shah Surra	ni scacled the cersion of the Panjab.
NIZAM AL MUL	K. Rigamal Mulk (or asaf Jah), whose indepen.
	dence south of the Narbuda River had been
recognized b	y the Emperor Muhammad Shah, died in 1748
FRENCH	His death gave the French an opportunity of
	interjering in Indian affairs Suplais the
governor of	Pondioherry, managed so skilfully that, in
1751, he was	acknowledged governor of all the country
from the Kis	Ana to bape comorin. The nawat of arcot was
under his au	Uhority, and Susy, with a French army, repre
sented French	sh interests at the Mizamis court at Aurungabad
Thus French	influence was supreme in the South
ENGLISH.	as this time the English power was of but little
	account, being confined to the towns of balcusts
Bombay, Mi	adras, Fort St. Savid + Derikola in the Tanjus dist
MAHRATTAS.	The Mahrallas under the vigorous administration
-	of the Pesturas, extended their authority over
Me Konkan	and the western part of the Bex. Kan . Berar,
fondwara,	and Kullack including Salasur were under the
mahraila ch	ist. Raguji Ahonslė who in 1751 occupied terri
tory as far .	outh as the godareri. In Hindustan the Pesh-

was territory was bounded by the Sone and the ganges, while the bhambal formed the northwestern boundary The Mahre las had also obtained by imperial grant, or assumed, the right to collect chauth lie the fourth part of the revenue) in giver at, the Derkan, and the south of India, the provinces of Lakhnau, Patna, and Bengal, Allahabad, Agra, and Aj. mir. Yet at this time the Mahrattas had no united govern ment. Ram Raja at Salara was a merely nominal raja the actual kower having been usurped by Salaji Sayi Ras /1740 1761) his Pestiva or From Minister who resided at Poons. the Rohwa's power in its turn being curbed by the powerful Materatta chiefs Raguyi Shonsle of Serar anand Rao Re ar of Shar, Damaje Gaekwar, Mulhar Ras Holkar and Raniyi India in Malwa Thus we can at the most only speak of it as a "Marralla Confederacy". In 1751 there remained under the Emperor MUGHALS. ahmad Shak's direct authority only the upper Doct or country between the upper courses of the ganges and

Sout or country between the upper courses of the ganges and furona, the country between the Jumna and the Sully, and Juyaras which was still under a dependent Mughal RAIPUTS viceroy. The Raypuls were wolually independent under the leadership of the Rama of

Udaipur an	d the rayar of foothpur and faipur
OUBN.	ouch had become independent under Sandal
BENGAL	Khan in 1724 Sengal and Bihar under
BIHAR.	Alexardi Khan in 1740,
ROHIL HHAND.	Robilkhand , the country east of the upper
	Ganger, was occupied by Ali Muhammad
and his af	ghans in 1744
OURRANIS.	In 1761 the fourth battle of Panipat took place
	. This was between the Afghans under Ahmad
Shah Durt	ame, and the Mahratla confederacy. Upwards
of 100,000 m	en met in battle, the fight ending in the com
plese duscon	nfiture of the Matrattas for the time being.
ENGLISH	A little later, or about 1764 he nation which
	was eventually able to coush the power of the
mahraitas u	vas rapidly gaining dominion in India.
The growth of	British influence began to make itself fell.
The three for	esidency towns Madras, Bombay and balcul
ta had become	me growing centres of orefluence. The Fronch
had been de	feated by them, and their possessions, such a
the northern	n bircars annexed.
MYSORE.	In the south, Houdar ali had usurped the go-
	vernment of Mysore (1760) which may be said

to have attained by 1780 its largest dimensions The district of thengalpat was ceded to the Bri tish by the nawat of the barnatic on 1765 In the same year Bengal, Bihar and Orissa were granted to them by Shah alam II, and in 1775 the district of General including bhunar and ghazipur were handed over by This In 1769 the Mahratlas again ja-al-daula of Oudh. crossed the Chambal, in 1770 making them ALAM II selves masters of Dehli and in 1771 placed alam I on the throne. War broke out between Hai dar ali of mysore and the British in 1766 HAIDAR ALT which concluded disastrously for the latter in 1769, as did also the second one in 1784 under Tipu Sahit In the third Mysore war, 1790-1792 the Artist TIPU SAHIB were gloriously successful and as the conclu sion of the fourth my sore war in 1798-9 the power of Tipu was orushed and the districts of Kanasa boim tatur and the Wynaad annexed. This conquest undoubtedly rendered Britain supreme in the Derkan . In 1800 the Rijam ceded the districts of sellary and buddapah the same year Web esley annexed Tanjur. In 1801 the barnatic was taken from the late hawab for treacherous correspondence with

Tipu The s	ame year the Nawal of Oudh was forced to cede
the districts called the bedied districts of Outh	
MAHRATTAS.	From 1802-1803 the second Mahratta War
	was fought; the British, the Seshwa and
the ryam o	on one side, with Bhonste of Raghur and Sin-
dia on the o	ther. On the defeat of Shonste and Sindia, the
province of	bustack was given up to Britain.
BRITISH SUPREMACY	The superemacy of Arrian was recognized by
	the following states: - Ruch Sikas in 1772
bochin 1791,	Haidarabad 1798, Mysore 1799 Baroda 1801
Rampur 180	01, the Pestura's dominions 1802 raggius 1803,
Sindia's dominions in 1804, Fravankur 1805, and by	
Shartpur, O	Uwar and Shother from between 1802-1806
SIND	The armins of Sind had by this time acqui
SIKHS	red their independence as also had the
	Likes in the Panjat under Ranjil Singh
BAHAWALPUR .	This state became independent of afghan
MASHMIR	rule on 1805, but Kashmur was will under
	their power. The ghurkas of nipal wore
NI PAL	steadily estending their territory to the West
·	Under the administration of the Marquis
of Hastings	/1813-1823/a hard-fought campaign against

the Ghurkas (1814-1816) reduced Ripal to its present area. MAHRATTAS. The fourth Mahrata war broke out in 1817 and though it only lasted about 4 months the armies of Holkar, of the Seshwa, and of Kappur work roused, the Pindaris destroyed; the whole of Coentral India brought fully under British authority, and The Mahratta empire finally extinguished . Holker was forced to cede the territory between the Salpura and Bundi Hills, Peshwa's territories were annexed and as so the principality of Pagar, the district of ainir was taken from Sindia. after a short campaign apa La hib of haghur was deposed Brilish supremacy was recognized in all the Rajpul States (ex-RAJPUTANA cept. Bikanir) in 1817, 1818, and 1828. CENTY INDIAN Shopal 1817. Indus Bewas and Jaora 1818. STATES. In Bundelkhand, Orcha or Dhar 1819. Jehri 1812. Rewa 1813. Sampthas 1817. Kolhapur 1812, Sawaniwadi 1819 Kuich 18-BOMBAY. 16 or 1814 and Xatheautar 1820. Under Lord amhers 1 (1823-1828) the Burnese govern ment ceded arakan and Tinasserim, and gave up ils claims to assum Kachar and fainte

boorg was annoced in 1834 and Sind after the cam paign there in 1843. Brilish supremacy was again BRITISH SUPREM- accepted by the following - Bekanit in 18 28 Sahawalpur 1838, garharal 1885, Kan purthala in 1809, Mande and Sured 1846, Chamba 1847, and Kashmir 1846. Kachar lapsed to the sovereign power in 1832, as also did assam in 1839. In 1845 the Links made an unprovoked at SINHS. tack on the British . Nardfought battles took place at Midki to but at last the victorious Bri tish troops entered Lahore, the capital of the Sixths and peace was concluded in 1846. a further outbreak took place in 1849, when the domination of the texts was finally broken and the Panjab anneced to Britain Salara lapsed to the Paramount Power in 1852 through the raja leaving no natural heir, and Pegu was annex ed after the 2nd Burmese war, the same year. Nagpurbapsed in 1853 Berar was assigned as rayment for the maintenance of the subsideary force in 1853, and Shansi Outh was annexed in 1856 in conse lapsed on 1854 quence of wayed alit ill government INDIAN MUTINY In 1857 the Indian Muting broke

bhiefs, such as the exting of Oudh and those of Nagpur and Ialara. Terrible scenes were enacted throughout. Bengal, the United Provinces the Panyat and But
ral India. The relief of Thanpur and Lakhnau and
the seege of Behli must for ever be remembered by the
British ration for the horoism displayed by her sons and
the noble assistance given by the Feudatory Likh and other chiefs. On the 2nd August 1868 British India was
placed by act of Parliament under the direct authority
of the British Brown. Lucen Victoria of 9! Britain
and Ireland was proclaimed Empress of India at a
magnificent Burbas held at Dehli m the 1^{et} Jan * 1877.

This stutch of Indian history has been abrilyed from "The Historical allas of India by Chas Joppen" principally, but with other material from Meadows Taylor, Pope (9.4) Vincent Smith to

	PATHAN SULTĀNS OF DEHLI.		
TURKS	Muhammad I hin Sam	4.H. 5 8 9	1.0.
	Kutt al-din Aibak	602	1205
	aram Shah.	607	1210
	Thams at din allamsh	607	1210
	Runn-al din Firuz I	653	/235
	Rajiya	634	1236
	muigg al din Bahram	637	1289
	alá al din masaud	639	1241
	Masir a. din Mahmud I	644	1246
	Thiyas al din Balban	664	1265
	muizz al din Kaikubad	686	1287
	Thams at din Kaiumurs	659	1290
MNALJĪS	falal at din Fines II	689	1290
, 1	Ruxn al. din Strahim I	695	1295
	ala el din Muhammad II	695-	1295
	Shehab al din 'Umat-	715	1315
	Kuth al din Mubarak Shah I	716	1316
	Thams at din Mahmud (presender?)	7/8	13/8
	Naser al din Khusrii	720	1320
TUGHLAKS	Griyas al din Tughlan I	720	1320
,	Muhammad III bin Tughlak	725	1324

	Firey III	AN 752	1.0
	Sughlan II	790	1988
	abusakr	791	1388
	Mushammad IT bon Forcy	792	1389
	Sixandar I	795-	1392
	Mahmud II	795	1392
	Mastal (inverregnum) 79	7- 802	1894-9
	Baulas Khan Lodi	8/3-	14/2
SATTIOS	Kheyr Khan	817	1414
	Mubaran II	824	1421
	Muhammad Y bin Farid	837	1485
	'Alam Shah	849	1445
LODIS	Bahlol	858	145"
	Sixandar I	894	1488
	Ibrahim II	928	1517
SUMIS	Ther Shah	946	1639
	Islam Shah	952	1545
	Muhammad 'ādel	960	1552
	Strakim III	961	1553
	Sexandar III	962	1554
			,

		A.H	10
I	Babar Jakir al din	932	1526
I	Humayim nasir al din	937	1580
Ш	Arbar, falal el din	963	1586
Ž١°	Jahangir, rur al din	1014	1605
	Dawar Baksh	1087	1627
P	Shah Jahan, Shihat al din	1037	1628
	Thuyá' (in Bengal) 10	1 68 - 70 1	1657-6
	Murad Bakhsh (in gujaras)	1068	1657-8
VI	Aurungzet, Alamgir Munge al din	1068	1658
	Kjam Shāh II.	18-1119	1707
	Kám Bakhsh	1119	1707-6
VII	Shah alam Bahadur Shah I Kuth al din	1119	1707
VIII	Jahandar Than Muizzal din	1124	1712.
Ø	Farrakh siyar	1124	1718
X	Rafi al dasjat. Shams al din	1/3/	1719
XZ.	Rafi al daulat Chah Jahan II	1131	1719
	nieuscyar	1131	1710
• •	Ibrahim	1132 3	1720
XII	Muhammad, Nasir al din	1131	1719
XIII	ahmad	1161	1748
XIY	alanger I azig al den	1167	1754

	Shah Jaham (TI)	1178-74	10 1759 b
XX	Shah Alam I Jalal al din	1178	
	Bidar-Bakht	1202 - 08	1 1
XX	Muhammad Arbar I	1221	1 1
2022	Bahādur Shāk II	1253	1 1
1	Deposed by the British Government	1274	1 1

From N Robson Wright's cal Mughal coins, Ind. Mar.

SOYEREIGN'S OF GREAT BRITAIN.

Who have reigned dures	rg the p	rogress of British power	on Irdia
Elizabeth	1558	Jeorge I	1714
James I		george II	1727
Charles I	1625	George III	1760
6 ommonwealth	1649	george IV	1820
bharles I	16ug	William IV	1830
(Restored)	1660	Victoria	1837
James II	1685	Edward VII	1901
William III	1689	George V	1910
anne	1702		

THE MINOUSTANI ALPHABET
in Pensi-Arabic characters.

NAME	TACKED FORM.	POWER	COMB	uneo F	ORM.	EXEM	QIFICATIO	NS.
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Khe	ċ	kh	Ė	غد	خا	Æ.	تععم	خر
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gat	گ	9	ک	2	5	رىگ	جگر	محر
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run	ن	n	ن	_	ر	صعن	چند	۲
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NUMERALS IN HINDUSTĀNĪ

	FIGUN	PES .	NAMES	MES		GURL	r s	NAMES	
	arabic	Hindle				arric	Hurdr		
1	t	१	ch	ایک	20	۲۰	२०	bis	بيس
z.	r	7	do	در	21	11	ंस्१	inpui	اكيس
3	٣	Ŗ	tin	نین	22	77	২২	ba, ū	با بسر
4	je -	¥	chái	چار	24	۲۴	२ ४	chautis	چوہیس
5	٥	¥	pande	بانع	25	70	१४	pachis	بهيس
6	4	4	opha	*60	27	۴v	৯ e	<i>salā</i> , ū	ستاميس
7	v	9	sát	سات	28	۲۸	\$5	a/há,ú	اتهابيس
8	۸	2	áth	اته	29	19	42	unkis	انتيس
9	9	٤	rau	نُو	10	۳.	\$0	<u> D</u>	تيس
10	1.	१०	das	دس	40	K	Ro	châlis	چالیس
"	11	23	igārah	اگارد	so	ø.	Ão	pachās	بهاس
12	m	18	barah	بارت	60	4.	40	sath	سائهہ
/3	i۳	१र	torak	تيره	70	4.	00	sallar	ستر
14	115	90	chaudah	چرده	80	۸٠	50	asu"	اسي
15	10	14	pandrah	يندرو	90	7.	೭೦	rauwi	نڙي
16	17		=ōlah	سولم	ı	14.	200	1	شُوشي ئنع
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19	19	عد	unis	انیس	1000	1	, Ç 000	at hijar	ایک حزار

NUMERALS IN ARABIC.

	masculin	s	feminin	١.
one	ahd	اعد	ahdi-	احدي
two	ärnain	اثنين	amatain	اثنتين
three	salāsak	ثلاثم	salās.	ثلاث
four	ärtiah	اربعة	ārba'a	اربع
five	khamsah		khams	خبس
HUE	salah	ستن	sal.	~~~
scren	satah	سبعة	sata'a	سبح
eight	samānyah	ثمانية	samānī	تماني
nine	tasiah	نسعة	tas '	تسع
ten	ushrah	عشرة	wher	me

The figures from 10 to 19 are compounded of units and the numeral spice for the masc., and just for the form; e.g. spice sal 11, masc., jue goal -11, form. The numerals 20 to 90 are of common gooder and have plural forms; e.g. juse 10 becomes in just 20, zoni 9 becomes yearing 90. The informediate numbers vig 21 22, to are composted by placing the words first, and joining the decimals to them by the conjunction 3. wa, as are also the hundreds with 100, with 200, in haid 300, in head 300, in hea

NUMERALS IN PERSIAN.

(PERSI-ARABIC characters)

		,				·	
,	1	یک	yen	20	۴.	بنست	bût.
2	ř	در	do	2/	rı	يستويك	bist wa yak
ð	٣	tem	ai.	30	۳.	سۍ.	.v
44	μ	چہار	chahār	40	μ.	چہل	chihib
ح	٥	پنج	pany	50	٥	پنجاھ	panyah
6	۲	شش	shash	60	٦٠	ئىست شىنىت }	shoist.
7	٧	هنت		70	v ·	هنتاد	haffād.
8	٨	هشت	hasht.	80	٠ ٨٠	هشتاد	hastrläd
9	٦	ب	ruh	90	9.	نرد ُ	rasrad
10	1.	8.3	dah	100	1	مد	sad
//	11	بازده	yazdah	200	۲.,	دو بست دو صد	do do sed
12	ir	1	duwijdah	300	۳۰۰	1	.si sad
15	12		sydah	400	۴.	ممارسي	chahir sad
14	134	چهارده	chahar dah	500	۰۰۰	پنج	pany sad
15-	10	بانزده	pāny d ah	1000	1		yak hijar
16	17	ì	shānydah	1001	11	ويد پيک هنرار	yak hyat wa
17	17	1	hafldah		Frech	lions m	HINDI. BEIAN FARANC
18	14	هشتده	hashfdah	女			rub', pau
19	19	نوازده	mawaz dah	至	{	ليم , نعف ادعا .	nim 'nasf adha

94	OSSARY OF WORDS and PHRASES.	
<u> Āb</u> ān	rams of affersian/month the 8th	بان
ātru	father	ہو
Ābu ul- ja th	father of victory	بوالفتح
ābu al-muzaffa	father of the victor	بوالمظفر
Ädha	half	دما
Ahad	time of	4
āl'adl	the just	عادل
al-din	the faith, religion	دیں
Al diyan	the requiler	ديان
Al-dunya	the world	د نیا
Al-fath	the conqueror	غتج
Allāhu Aktar	god a great	لما اكبر
al-muzaffar	he nelor	لظغر
Al sullan	the sovereign, the king	سلطان
Amardād	name of a Persian month, the 5th.	سرداد
Amir al·hāmi	prince protector	بيرالعاسي
amir al-momen	win prince of the faithful	<i>مير</i> ال موم ذ
ānā, amī	anna · h rupi, annas.	ء انہے۔
ardibihisht	name of a Versian month (2-4).	ردي بهشد
ājr	do the 9th	:ر
Badskah.	Redukah, king, sodereign	دشاه

Bahman.	name of a (Persian) month, the 11th.
Bar haft silver	ad hami den te, see couplets.
Fin - wn	son, son of
Di tarikh fi sam	بتاریخ فی سنة
Sulayid al rahm	nan. In support of the morciful one (god)
Chahar	four ,40
bhahāram hissa	one fourth division was poly
bhow lanki	four tanke que in fact for the fact of the
Dak	port, military station 2513
Sär al-amän	the place of rafety
Dar al Kralifal;	the seat of the khalifat. institution 13
-Or	name of a (Serocan) month, the 10th es
Do.	دو ٠٠٠
Dur'arra Salgan	u sal var hajsad see ex . For the area Sal-
ganu in the	year seven hundred (and) thirty one
Falus.	money, copper coin ble
Falus dar al ga	of. Falus of the ment before the ment
Farid	pearl equi
Farwardin	rame of a (Persian) month, the 1th is
Fi ahad al ham	ii. In the time of the defender.
Frahad al amu	r al hami al din al digan . In the time of
the bommander, the	he Defender of the faith of the Requitor- (fod)

Fi tarikh	at the date	ف _{يد} تاريخ
4 hazi	champe.	غازي
Naft	reven	هنت
Haffad	seconty	منتاد
Hami	defender	حاميے
Hasht	eight.	هشت
Hashlad	eighty	مشتاد
Rizar	Thousand	هزار
Sklim Lakhnac	ut sal bar haff sad see ex: cou	ning Lakk-
rauti in the year	-seven hundred thirty one to mulling	اقليم ككهنوني
Sklim Tughland	us 'ust Tirkut - country Tughte	skpur aleas
	عرف ترهت ترهت	اعليم تغلقېور
Slahi	divine (era of arebar)	اللج
Smaral Lakhno	ru, (dar al), Abode of government.	Lakhnau ; LI
Isjandārmuz.	name of a (Session) month (124)	اسفند رسر .
Salal al din	glory of the faith	جلال الدين
falus	accession, regnal year	جلوس
Khaldaj mamlu	Nal - may his tingdom be perpetua	المدت معلم معلكته
Khalifal	khalifale (seal of)	تدفلك
Khallad allah	may god perpetuate	حلد اللم
Khurdad	name of af Persian month, the 3	خرداد مح
Kila or Kilas	foot a significant of	قلمبو

mah	month la
Marmanat mänu	letranguil prosperity. with minimals
	name of a (Persian) month, the 7th
Mihr shud tinka	ray dur rosgar banda ummaidwar te. wa
struck(as) a curt	ent tanka in the time of the servant, hopeful (of de
M.n ata al sulla	en fixed it al rahman. It was steps the son
ereign, bruly he or	treys the merciful one (God)
MubāraK	happy, fortunate, auspicious. 2), in
mulkal wa sulla	nal : kingdom and sulfanal. is blu , when
mustaker	remaining firm, constant.
Mulbarak Khill	a faunpur, blessed city faunpur. معتبرك خطه
Nasir al-din	defender of the facth ماصرالدين
nāsir al-dunya	va al din, defender of the world and of religion
nim	half نيم
nist, nusti	انصف انصفي
Nech	rene 🔛
Nuhsad	rene hundred sayi
Rud, nawad,	ninety sji
Pai	pie-scopper com 1
Pany	fire Eigh
Ray	current E
Rewani	current.

Sahib i kerani	zad za ta'aid allah te see couplels.	
Sanal.	year ki	
Shāh	King, novieteign	ش
Phāhi ⁻	kingly,	اسا
Shahr	city	اند
Shaterewat	name of a (Gersian month, the 6th.	اش
Shash	eigh/ m	اش
Shasht	eighty	اشر
Shashlad	eight hundred	ش
Si, see.	thurty	5u
Sikka	storling, stamped corn.	(m)
Sydah	thirteen 80,	سي
Soubah Oudh	province Oudh 8391 829	,00
Tanka, tanki	copper come of aktas sir, w	انک
Ttr	name of a (Persian) month, the 4.4.	تپ
Urdibihisht	name of a (Serian) month (3 =) wing.	ادو
'Unf	alias	عرة
Wa	and	و
Yak	one	یک
Zart.	struck, stamped mint	صر
i U		
*** *** *** *** *** *** *** *** *** **	The second secon	

POETICAL LEGENDS or COUPLETS.

The Mughal and some other rulers have caused the legends on their coins to be expressed in postry. The following are in frequent use on the copper coins.

مسکه رد بر هفت کشور همپو تابان مهر و مالا شاغمرير الدين عالمكير غارى باد شالا Sixxa zad bar haff kishwar hamchu tábán mihr wa máh Shah 'azis al din'Alamgir ghasi padishah . Struck money in the seven climes strining like the sun + moon

'ALAMQIR II بررزد سکم صاحب قرانج

Shah 'aziz al din 'alamgir zhazi padishah!"

بهادر شاء عالمگير ثاني

Bazar sad sikka sahib kirani

- Bakadur Shah alamgir sani.

Bahadur Shah alamgir sani struck coin like shat of the Sahib kiran on سكع صاحب قراني زد تائيد الع

SHAH 'ALAM II .

حامي دين محمد شام عالم ياد شالا

Sirka sahib kirani zad za ta aid alah

Nami don Muhammad Shah 'alam padishah .

The defender of the religion of Muham? That alam hadishah Through the aid of god, struck coins like those of the Sahit Kiran

سكم زد برهفت كشور سايم فصل الم SHAH ALAM II. حامردين محمد شاه عالم باد شاه

Sirra zad bar haft kishwar sahna fazl ilah,

Nami din Muhammad Shah 'alam padishah.

The defender of the religion of Muham? Shah alam padishah Thadow of the divine favour, put his stamp on the seven climes!

ERAS.

Want of space has prevented the author giving the equivalent in the Christian era with each date on the couns in the pages describing them; the comparative tables here given will however readily enable the reader to find the equivalent date when necessary. The most important of the many eras in use in India are the Hijra and the Samval.

HIJRA ERA. They method of dating is used by Muhamma dans everywhere and commences with the flight of Muhammad to Medina in 622 AD The chief difficulty with this era however is that as the year contains on by 12 lunar months, the years do not correspond to those of the birtistian era. Hence the necessity for a comparative table of the two eras. A handy way to convert a Nijra date to its birristian equivalent, is to deduct 3 per cent from the Hijra date and add 622.

All the other dates are simple and are obtained by adding or deducting a cortain number of years to arrive at the date of the coin in the bhristian era.

From dates in the SAMVAT (or Vikramadiya) wa subtract 57.

To dates in the SAKA for Salivationa) era add 78

To dates in the BURMESE vulgar exoch add 638

To dates in the NEWAR era of Ripal add 869

ILANI The Emporor arbar established an era of his

non and called it the Tarinh ilahi or Sivine

years. It commenced in 963 AH. 1556 AD which was the first year of his reign. Its immediate successors fahangir and Shah fahan also used it, mostly in conjunction with the Hijra date

Tipu Saket of Mysore also founded an era.

Comparative table of MUHAMMADAN and CHRISTIAN YEARS.

A.N.	A.D.	Synnay Nowsin and day	AH.	A.D.	Symin MONTH MOLTH	A.M.	1.0	Month
589	1198	Sa 7	615	1216	Mr 30	641	1248	Jn . 3/
190	1198	B . 27	616	1219	Mr. 19	642	1244	Jn .9
13/	1194	2.16	617	/220	Mr . 8	643	1245	My.29
592	1195	8.6	618	1221	F4.25	644	1246	My. 19
598	1196	N.24	619	1222	F. 15	645	1247	My. 8
594	1197	N. 18	620	/228	F. 4	646	1248	Ap . 26
595	1198	N. 8	621	1224	S2.24	647	1249	10-16
596	1199	0.20	602	1226	Ja 18	648	1250	Ap. 5
597	1200	0 /2	623	1226	Ja 2	649	1251	Mr. 26
598	1201	0.1	624	1226	D. 22	650	1252	MP. 14
599	1202	5. 20	625-	1227	0.12	651	1258	Mr. 8
600	120.5	5.10	626	1328	N 30	652	12674	F. 21
601	1204	18 29	627	1229	N. 20	653	1265	F. 10
602	1205	19.18	628	1280	N. 9	654	1256	Jz. 30
603	1206	Ag.8.	629	1231	0.29	665	1257	J2.19
604	1207	Jy. 28	630	/282	0.18	656	1258	Ta .8
605	1208	Jy. 16	631	1233	0.7	607	1258	0.29
606	1209	J4.6	632	1384	5.26	658	1259	0.18
607	1210	JR. 25	63.3	1285	8.16	659	1260	0.6
608	1211	Ja. 15	634	1236	8.4	660	1261	N. 26
609	/2/2	Jn 3	635	1287	18.24	661	1262	N.15
610	1218	My. 28	636	1238	18.14	662	1268	N. 4
611	12/48	My . 18	687	1239	AB. 3	660	126sc	0.24
612	1215	My 2	638	1240	Jy. 28	664	1265	0.14
6/3	1216	Ap. 20	639	1241	Jy. 12	665	1266	0.2
614	1217	10.10	640	1242	Jy. 1	666	1267	8.22

AH	A.D.	Eginoing MONTH and day	A.H.	10.	MONTH MONTH and day	AH	40.	MONTH MONTH and day
667	1268	s . 10°	696	1396	0.30	725	1324	D. 18
668	1269	1g. 8/	697	1297	0.19	726	1825	0.8
669	1270	Ag 20	698	1298	0.9	737	1826	N. 27
670	1271	18.9	699	1299	S. 28	728	1327	N. 17
671	1272	Jy. 19	700	1300	5.16	729	1328	N. 5
672	1273	Jy 18	701	1301	5 6	780	1329	0. 25
678	1274	54 7	702	1302	Ag. 26	731.	1330	0. 15
674	1275	Jn. 27	703	1303	Ag. 15	732	1881	0. 4
675	1276	Jn.16	704	1304	Ag . 4	738	1832	5. 22
676	1277	In 4	705	1805	Jy 24	734	1333	S. 12
677	1278	My . 25	706	1306	Jy. 18	735	1384	5. /
678	1279	My . 14	707	1307	54.3	736	1335	Ag. 21
679	1280	My. 3	708	1308	Jn . 21	737	1936	18.10
650	1281	10.22	709	1309	Sn. 11	738	1887	Jy. 30
681	1282	10.11	710	1310	My 31	739	1338	Jy. 20
682	1283	10.1	711	1311	My 20	740	1389	Jy. 9
688	1284	Mr. 20	712	1312	My. 9	7241	1340	Jn. 27
664	1285	Mr. 9	713	1313	Ap. 28	742	1341	Jn. 17
685	1286	F. 27	714	1314	10 17	743	1342	Jn . 6
686	1287	F 16	715	1315	10. 7	7444	1343	My. 26
687	1288	F.6	716	1316	Mr. 26	745	1344	My. 15
688	1289	Ja. 25	717	1317	MP 16	746	1346	My. 4
689	1290	Ja.14	715	1318	Mr. 5	747	1346	10. 24
690	1291	Ja . 4	719	1319	F. 22	748	1847	AR. 13
691	1291	D . 24	720	1320	F. 12	749	1348	10 /
692	1292	0 12	721	1321	Ja. 31	750	1349	Mr. 22
693	1293	D . Z	722	1822	Ja 20	757	1860	Mr. 11
694	1294	N. 21	723	1828	Ja. 11	752	1357	F. 28
695	1295	N 10	724	1323	D . 30	753	1352	F. 18
	1	<u> </u>			<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	

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A.N.	1.0.	Non The	A.H	12.	MONTH and day	AH	1.0	MONTH MONTH and day
754	1858	F. 6	788	1301	Mr. 25	8/2	1409	My. 16
755	1354	Ja. 26	784	1802	MP. 17	813	140	My . 6
756	1866	J. 16.	785	1888	Mr. 4	814	1411	10. 25
757	1856	Ja . 5	786	1884	F. 24	816-	14/2	10.13
758	1356	20.26	787	1385	F. /2	8/6	1413	AR. 3
759	1367	D . 14	788	1386	F. 2	817	1414	MP. 25
760	1858	0.3	789	1887	Ja. 22	8/8	1415	Mr. 13
761	1319	N. 25	790	1388	Ja. //	819 .	1416	Mr. /
762	1360	N. 11	791	1888	D. 01	820	1417	F. 18
763	1361	0. 31	792	1389	0. 20	821	1418	F. 8
764	1362	0.2/	793	1890	0.9	822	1419	Ja. 28
765	1363	0.10	794	1391	N. 29	823	1430	Ja. 17
766	1864	S. 28	795	1892	N. 17	824	1421	Jz. 6
767	1365	8. 18	796	1393	N. 6	825	1421	p. 26
768	1366	s. 7	197	1894	0. 27	826	1422	D. 18
769	1367	18 25	798	1395	0.16	827	/428	D 5
770	1368	Ag. 16	799	1896	0.5	828	1424	N. 28
771	1369	18.5	800	1897	5. 24	829	1425	N. 13
772	1370	Jy. 26	801	1398	5. 18	880	1426	N. 2
773	1371	Jy 15	802	1399	8.3	8\$/	1427	0. 22
774	1372	J4. 3	803	1400	Ag. 22	832	1428	0.11
775	1378	Ja. 28	804	1401	Ag. 11	833	1429	5. 30
776	1874	Jn. 12	805	1402	1g. 1	F34	1480	5. 19
777	1875	Jn. 2	806	1408	Jy. 21	835	1481	8.9
778	1376	My 21	807	1404	J4. 10	836	1482	Ag. 28
779	1877	My 10	808	1405	Ja. 29	837	1485	14. 18
780	1378	Ap. 30	809	1406	Jn. 18	838	1434	18.7
781	1379	10.19	810	1407	Jn. 8	839	1435	Jy . 2# ,
782	1380	10.7	611	1408	My. 27	840	1486	Jy. 16

A.H.	10	Aprily MONTH and day	A H	1.0	MONTH	A.H.	A.D.	wenny and day
841	1487	Jy. 5	870	1465	Ag. 24	899	1493	0. 12
842	1488	1.1	871	1466	Ag. 15	900	1494	0. Z
843	1439	JH. 14	872	1467	Ag 2	901	1495	S. 2/
844	1440	In. 2	873	1468	Jy. 22	902	1496	s. 9
845	1441	My. 22	874	1469	Jy. 11	903	1497	Ag. 30
846	1442	My. 12	875	1470	Jn 30	904	1498	Ag. 19
847	1448	My. 1	876	1471	Jn. 20	905	1499	Ag. 8
848	1444	Ap 20	877	1472	Jn . 8	906	1500	Jy. 28
849	1445	10 9	878	1478	My. 29	907	1501	54.17
850	1446	Mr. 29	879	1474	My 18	908	1502	74 7
851	1447	Mr. 19	880	1475	My 7	909	1508	TA 26
852	1448	Mr. 7	88/	1476	Ap 26	910	1504	JA 14
863	1449	F. 24	882	1477	Ap 15	911	1505	Jn 4
854	1450	F. 14	883	1478	1	9/2	1506	My 24
855	1461	F. S	8844	1479	Mr. 25	918	1507	My 13
85%	1462	Ja . 28	885	1480	Mr 18	914	1508	My. 2
857	1463	J2. 12	886	1481	Mr 2	915	1509	Ap. 81
858	1454	Te 1	887	1482	F 20	916	1510	Ap 10
859	1454	0 22	568	1483	F 9	917	1511	MP. 31
860	1456	0.11	889	1484	Ta. 30	918	1512	MP. 19
661	1456	N 19	590	1486	Ja. 18	919	1513	MP. 9
862	1457	N 19	891	1486	Ja 7	920	1514	F 26
868	1458	N 8	892	14.86	D 28	921	1515	1. 15
864	1459	0. 28	893	1487		922	1516	A 5
865	1460	0 17	894	1488	0.5	923	1517	Ja. 24
866	1461	06	895	1459	N 25	9311	1518	Ja 13
867	1462	1	896	1490	N. 14	925	1679	Ja. 3
868	1468	S. 15	897	1491	N 4	926	1619	0 20
869	1464	3. 3	898	1492	0. 25	927	1570	D 12

A,H.	AD	Beginning MONTH and dag	AH	10	MONTH	A,N	40.	Marry Marry and day
928	1521	٥./	957	1850	Ja 20	986	1578	MP . 10
929	1622	N. 20	958	1507	A 9	987	1579	10, 25
930	1528	N. 10	959	1537	0 29	988	1580	10 17
931	1524	0. 29	960	1552	D 18	989	1581	Ap. 5
932	1525	d. 18	961	1568	0.7	990	1582	Ja 26
938	1526	0.8	962	16004	N. 26	991	1588	Ja 25*
984	1627	·S 27	963	1555	Nr. 16	992	1584	Je 14
985	1528	s. 15	9611	1556	N 4	993	1585	JA 3
936	1519	8.5	965	1557	0 24	994	1585	D 28
937	1530	Ag. 25	966	1538	0.14	995	1586	D /2
938	1581	10 15	967	1559	0.3	996	1587	D 2
989	1582	18 3	968	1560	S 22	997	1588	N. 20
940	1533	Jy. 28	969	1561	5 //	998	1589	N. 10
941	1504	Jy. 13	970	1562	Ag. 31	999	1590	0.30
942	1585	Jy. 2	971	1563	Ag. 2/	1000	1591	0.19
948	1536	Jn 20	972	15611	48 9	1001	1692	0. 8
944	1587	Jn. 10	978	1565	Jy 29	1002	1598	S. 27
945	1538	My. 30	974	158.6	S4. 19	1003	1594	s. 16
946	1539	My. 19	975	1567	Jy 8	1004	1595	3.6
947	1540	My 8	976	1568	Jn 26	1005	1596	18 5
948	1541	Ap. 27	977	1569	In 16	1006	1597	18.14
949	1542	Ap. 17	978	1570	SH 5	1007	1598	Ag. 4
950	1548	Ap. 6	979	1571	My. 26	1008	1599	Jy 24
951	1544	Mr. 25	980	1572	19, 14	1009	1600	Jy. 13
952	1545	Mp 15	981	1573	My. 3	1010	1601	Jy. 2.
953	1546	Mr 4	982	1574	10 28	1011	1602	JA. 21
954	15227	F 21	958	1675	Ap 12	1012	1608	Jn. 11
966	1548	F 11	984	1576	Mr 31	1013	1604	My 30
956	1549	Ja. 30	985	1577	MP 21	1014	1605	M4. 19
L	L	<u> </u>			1	L		

4.4	1.0.	Egurung MONTH and dag	AH	4.0.	Sayinni MONTH Ond day	АН.	10.	Eguning MONTH and day
1015	1606	My. 19	1044	1634	Jn. 27	1073	1662	18.16
1016	1607	My. 9	1045	1635	Ja. 17	1074	1668	Ag. 5
1017	1600	10.28	1046	1636	Jn. 5	1075	1664	J4. 25
1010	1609	10.6	1047	1687	My. 26	1076	1665	Jy. 14
1019	1610	Mr. 26	1048	1638	My. 15	1077	1666	Jy. 4
1020	1611	Mr. 16	1049	1639	My. 4	1078	1667	Jn. 25
1021	1612	Mr. 4	1050	1640	Ap. 28	1079	1668	Jn. 11
1022	1613	F. 21	1051	1641	Ap. 12	1080	1669	Sn. 1
1028	1614	F. 11	1052	1642	Ap. 1	1081	1670	My . 21
1024	1615	Ja. 81	1058	1643	Mp. 22	1082	1671	My. 10
1025	1616	Ja. 20	1054	1644	Mr 10	1083	1672	Ap . 29
1026	1617	Ja. 9	1056	1645	F. 27	1084	1673	Ap. 18
1027	1617	D. 39	1056	1646	F. 17	1085	1674	10.7
1028	1618	0.19	1067	1647	F. 6	1086	1675	Mp. 28
1029	1619	D . 8	1058	1648	Ja 27	1087	1676	Mr. 16
1080	1620	N 26	1059	1649	Ja. 15	1088	1677	Mr. 6
1031	1621	N. 16	1060	1650	Ja. 4	1089	1678	F. 25
1032	1622	N. 5	1061	1650	D. 25	1090	1679	F 12
1038	1623	0.25	1062	1651	D. 14	1091	1680	F. 2
1034	1624	0.14	1068	1652	0.2	1092	1681	Ja. 21
1036-	1625	0.3	1064	1653	N. 22	1093	168Z	Ja. 10
1036	1626	5. 22	1065	1654	N 11	1094	1682	D . 31
1037	1627	S. /2	1066	1655	0. 31	1095	1683	D 20
1088	1628	18 31	1067	1656	0 20	1096	1684	D. 8
1039	1629	Ag. 21	1068	1657	0.9	1097	1685	N. 28
1040	1630	Jy. 10	1069	1658	S. 29	1098	1686	N. 17
1041	1631	Jy. 30	1070	1659	5.18	1099	1687	N. 7
1042	1632	Jy. 19	1071	1660	\$ 6	1100	1688	0. 26
1048	1633	J4. 8	1072	1667	Ag. 27	1101	1689	0. 15"
1	id _e 1 g (1 ≥ 1)	1	ر در ر _ا	de la	Jan B	V 41/3	<u>,</u>	

A.H.	1.0 .	Nowwy Month and dep	AH	4,0	Beginning MONTH and day	A.H.	AO.	MONTH
1102	1690	ø. s	1131	1718	N. 24	1160	1747	Jz. 18
1108	1691	S. 24	1/32	1719	N. 14	1161	1748	Ja. 2
1104	1692	g. /2	1133	1720 .	N. 2	1162	1748	D. 22
1105	1693	s. 2	1134	1721	0. 22	1163	1749	20, //
1106	1694	Ag. 22	1135	1722	0. /2	1164	1750	N. 80
1107	1695	Ag /2	1136	1723	0.1	1165	1751	N. 20
1108	1696	Ty. 31	1137	1724	5. 29	1166	1752	N. F
1109	1697	Ty. 20	1138	1725	8.9	1167	1753	0. 29
1110	1698	Ty. 10	1139	1726	Ag. 29	1168	1754	0.18
1111	1699	Jn. 19	1140	1727	Ag. 19	1169	1755	0.7
1112	1700	Ju. 18	1141	1729	18.7	1170	1756	5. 26
///3	1701	In. 8	1142	1729	Jy. 27	1171	1757	s. 15
1114	1702	My. 28	1143	1730	Jy. 17	1172	1758	3.4.
1115	1703	My.17	1144	1781	Ty. 6	1173	1759	Ag. 25
1116	170.44	My. 6.	1145	1732	JN. 24	1174	1760	Ag. 13
1117	1705	Ap. 25	1146	1733	Jn 14	1175	1761	Ag. Z
1118	1706	Ap. 15	1147	1.784	功. 3	1176	1762	Jy. 28
1119	1707	19.4	1148	1735	My. 24	1177	1760	54.12
1120	1708	Mr. 28	1149	1786	My . 12	1178	1764	Jy. 1
1131	1709	Mr. /8	1150	1787	My. 1	1179	1765	Jn. 20
1122	1710	Mr . 2	1161	1734	Ap. 21	1180	1766 .	In. 9
1123	1711	F. 19	1152	1789	Ap. 10	1181	1767	My. 30
1124	17/2	F. 9	1153	1740	Mr. 29	1182	1768	My. 18
1125	1718	Ja, 28	1154	1748	Mr. 19	1188	1769	My. 7
1126	1714.	Ja. 17	1155	1742	Mr. 8	1184	1770	10. 27
1127	1715	Ja. 7	115%	1740	F. 25	1166	1771	Ap. 16
1128	1715	D. 27	1157	1744	F. 15.	1186	1772	Ap. 4
1129	1716	0.16	H	1745	r. g	1187	1773	Mp 25
1130	1717	2) 5	1169	1746	Ja. 24	1188	1774	MP 14

AH.	A.O.	MONTH	AH.	1.0	Byinning MONTH and day	AH.	1.0.	Regiment MONTH and day
1189	1775	Mr. 4	12/8	1803	1	1247	1831	Jh. 12
1190	1776	F. 21	1219	1804	Ap. 12	1248	1632	My. 31
1191	1777	F. 9	1220	1805	10.1	1249	1833	My. 21
1192	1775	Ta. 30	1221	1806	Mr. 31	1250	1834	Mg. 10
1193	1779	Ja. 19	1222	1607	Mr. 11	1251	1835	Ap. 29
1194	1780	Ja . 8	1223	1808	F. 28	1252	1836	10. 18
1195	1780	D. 38	1224	1809	F. 16	1253	1847	10.7
1196	1781	D. 17	1225	1810	F. 6	1254	1838	Mr. 27
1197	1782	D. 7	1226	1811	Ja. 26	1255	1889	MP. 17
1198	1788	N. 26	1227	1812	Ja. 16	1256	1840	Mr. 5
1199	1784	N. 14	1228	1513	Ta. 4	1257	1841	F. 20
1200	1785	N.4	1229	1518	D. 24	1258	1842	F. 12
1201	1706	0. 24	1230	1814	20. 14	1259	1843	F. 1
/202	1787	0. 13	1231	1815	D. 8	1260	1844	Ja. 22
1208	1788	0, 2	1282	1816	N. 21	1261	1846	Ja. 10
1204	1759	5. 21	1233	1817	N. 11	1262	1845	D. 30
1205	1790	s. 10	1234	1510	0. 3/	1248	1846	D. 20
1206.	1791	Ag. 31	1235	1819	0. 20.	1264	1847	2. 9
1207	1792	18:19	1236	1820	0.9	1265	1848	N. 37
1208	1798	Ag. 9	1237	1821	S. 28	1266	1849	N. 17
1209	1794	Jy. 29	1236	1822	s. 18	1267	1860	N. 6
1210	7796	Ty. 18	1289	1828	s. 7	1268	1867	0. 27
1211	1796	T4. 7	1240	1824	Ag. 26	1269	1852	0. 15
1212	1797	Jn. 26	1241	1625	Ag. 16	1270	1883	0 4
12/8	1798	Jh. 15	1242	1626	18.5	1271	1864	3. 24
1214	1799	Jn. 5	1248	1827	Ty. 25	1272	1856	5 18
1215	1800	My. 25	1244	1820	Jy. 14	1273	1556	s. /
1216	1801	My. 14	1245	1829	Jy. 3	1274	1857	Ag. 22
1217	1802	My. 4	1246	1830	Jn. 22	1275	1858	19. 11

A,H	A,D	Month Month and day	AH.	A,D.	By morth	AH.	40.	WONTH CONTH
1276	1859	54.31.	1805	1887	5. 19	/834.	1915	N. 9
1877	1860	Jy. 20	1806	1880	S. 7	1385	1916	0 28
1278	1861	Jy. 9	1307	1009	Ag. 28	1536	1917	0.17
1279	1862	Jn. 29	1808	1890	18.17	1837	1918	0. 7
1280	1863	Jn. 18	1309	1891	Ag. 7	1338	1919	5. 26
1281	1864	In. 6	1810	1892	Jq. 26	1389	1920	3. 15
1282	1865	My. 27	1311	1893	Jy. 15	1340	1921	5, 4
1288	1866	My. 16	1312	1894	54. 5	1341	1922.	18.24
1284	1867.	My. 6	1318	1895	Jn. 24	1342	1988	18.14.
1285-	1560	10.24	13/4	1096	Jn. 12	1843	1924	1g. 2
¥286	1869	Ap. 13	1815	1897	Jn . 2	1344	1925	Jq. 22
1287	1870	Ap. 3	1316	1898	My 22	1345	1926	Ty. 12
1288	1871	Mr. 28	1317	1899	My 12	1346	1927	Ty. 1
1289	1872	Mr //	1318	1900	My. 1	1347	1928	Jn. 20
1290	1873	Mr. 1	1319	1901	10. 20	1348	1929	Jn. 9
1291	1874	F. 18	1320	1902	10 10	1849	1930	M4. 29
1292	1875	F. 7	1321	1903	Mr. 30	1350	1931	My. 19
1293	1876	Ja. 28	1322	1904	Mr. 18	1851	1932	My. 7
1294	1877	Te. 16	/123	1905	Mr. 8	1352	1988	10 26
1295	1878	T4. 5	1324	1906	F. 25	1853	1934	10-16
1296	1878	D. 26	1325	1907	F. 14	1354	1985	10.5
1297	1879	2 . 15	1326	1908	F. 4	1355	1936	Mr. 24
1298	1880	D. 44	1327	1909	Sa. 23	1356	1987	Mr. 14
1299	1881	N. 28	1828	1910	Ta. 13	1857	1938	Mr. 3
1300	1882	N 12	1824	1911	Ja 2	1958	1989	Mr. 21
1301	1883	N Z	1330	1911	D. 72	1359	1940	MP. 10
1302	1884	0.21	1331	1912	ו פ	1360	1941	F. 29
1303	1883	0.10	1932	1913	N. 80	1361	1942	F 19
1304	1886	8_ 30	1333	1914	N 19	1362	1948	F 8

NOTES ON THE COINS

The earliest corns shown and described on this work are those of Muhammad bin Sam, the first of the I as han Kings of Dehli (see part two). They were call. ed Schliwald, and are a continuation of the type used in the Muhammadan conquerors own prosince of Ghazna, are composed of billon, (i.e. copper with a small proportion of silver) and have an average weight of 56 grains There are also some of pure copper which seem to have been usued in conjunction with the billon Their weights vary from 10 to 70 grains, and it is possible they formed fractional parts of the deplicate The is sue of these pieces, together with a hea our billon com of about 70 to 60 growns, and another of about 140 grains, continued down to the time of muhammad bin Tughlar This monarch in 730 A.H. issued a series of brass tokens and endeavoured to force the population to accept and use them at a much greater value than the metal contained in them. They consisted of one Kani (chital), low kani eight Kani, 16 Kani or 4 tanka, 32 Kani (2 tanka), 50 Kani (he'adli) and the tanka of 64 Kani. This currency was a facture however on account of the ease with which they could be counterfeiled, and therefore Muham ! bin Jughlak caus ed, them to be withdrawn after a trial of two years, and returned again to the old system This seems to have been continued uninterruptedly throughout the reigns of the remainder of the Sathan Kings, supplemented however by a much heavier copper com of 160 ground which was apparently introduced by Abubetir in 791. The currency of Ther- Than (946-952 1.11) was on an entirely new standard, for he founded the system which, with little alteration, prevails throughout India al the present time Air coinage was an immenie ad

vance upon that of his predecessors and consisted of large corns in bold type, which were struck in rearly all the prominent cities of his empire where mints were sel up for the purpose The billon currency was abolished and a new type of coin adopted entirely of copper called the Sam, with its half, quarter, eighth and sixteenth, the dam itself waghing about 320 grains. a new silver corn with a weight of about 175 grams and worth forty dams was also brought into excisence by Shor Shah This coin was called the rupe and sprang at once into popul larry. On the accession of arebar, the system of boad mints greatly developed, and the looge number of 15 different klaces have been recorded as mints of that emperor (See muns towns of the Mighal Emperous by R.B. IVhilehead in Jour, as, Soci Bengal 1912) and Mus number was still further augmented during the growth of the Mughal empure. on the decay of the empire most of these mints were continue ed by the new possessors many of those rators not only using the minds hed also adopting the same types and legends. atile these changes were taking place, the use of the rupe was fully recognized by the new powers and on the growth of British rule its superiority was made formamons. In 1879 by an Order in bouncil the rupe was authorised to be valued at one shilling and four pence sterling and 15 of them to be accepted for one pound The rupi (silver) equals in value 16 annas nickel, or 64 hassa or 193 pies copper

	_	LIST OF ABBREYIATIONS .
Rd.	b ellection of	of bolomel Biddelph. I.A.
BL.	•	J. Glephons Blackett Inversed. N.B.
an.	•	British museum
CM.	•	balcusta museum, casalogued by H.N.W.
DEH.	•	D. F. Howorth, author of bolomial coins
H. \$	•	and tokens
4.M.	•	Lahore Museum, catalogued by W.
4.4.	•	Lord Grantley.
M	•	26 memahon beylon
SA	•	Colonel Shepherd 1.A.
RS.	, •	Robert Sulcliffe Burnley Lancs.
W	•	R. B. Whitehead IC.S author of Latrore Mus
V }	•	the author
WHY.		
. م	The writing	go of Longworth Dames in Rum. Chron
Roa.	7	b. of Rodgers in various journals
GPT.	-	Dt & G. Taylor in Jour as Soc Bengal
Vost	•	Lieutenant Colonel Voot 1.M.S.
HNW	•	A Relson Wright I.C.S author of the
	balalogu	es II + III, of the coins in the Indian Mus balcu'
D.M	Doubtful	ment altributed doubtfully.

NOTES for READERS

The catalogue number is always above the coin. The figures below the coin give the weight in grains.

It will be noticed that the transliteration of the arabic legends on the coins are given exactly as they read in that language, but in the pronunciation arabic nouns have frequently the definite article at the of the language prefixed to them. If the rown happens to begin with any of the 13 letters to, so, dat zat, re ze, sin shin, sad, jad, too, job, or num, the lof the article assumes the sound of the initial letter of the noun; at din becomes ud din alnur unnumber re

SECTION I.

BENGAL

AND BURMA.

WITH THE INDEPENDENT STATES OF

KUCH BIHAR

NIPAL

and SIKKIM.

HISTORY of BENGAL.

The history of so large a province as Bengal forms an integral part of the general history of India. The northern part, Bihar, ranked as a powerful Kingdom in encient times, and its chief town, Ialna, is identified as the Ialibothra of the Greeks. The Bella or southern hart of Bengal lay be yond the ancient Senstord polary and was governed by a number of local Kings belonging to a proc aryan stock.

Until the end of the 12th contury, Hindu princes ruled over the lower valleys of the Janges, in party principalities. In 1199, Muhammad Sakhtyar Khilji was appointed to lead the first Musalman invasion into Bongal . The Muhamm dam conquest of Bihar dates from 1200 and the new power speedily spread southwards unto the Della From about this date until 1336, Bongal was ruled by governors appointed by the Muhammadan Emperors in the north. From 1886 to 1539, its Musalman governors asserted a precarious independence, and arrogated the position of sovereigns on their own account. From 1539 6 1576 Bengal passed under the rule of the Juri dynasty of the Shah and his successors. On the overthrow of this house by the powerful arms of arbar, Songal was incorporated into the Mughal empere, and administered by governow ap pointed by the Dehli Emperor, until the treater of 1765, which placed Gengal Bihar and Prusa under the ad ministration of the East India Company Down to 1804 Singal was under the governorship of the governor General of India but since that time its administration has been con trolled by a Lieutenant Gorwnor

THE CURRENCY OF BENGAL.

Although Bongal is such a large province it is us of copper coins has been singularly limited. Whilst other parts of Intia have made use of an extensive currency in this metal. Those have been but very few copper coins struck at the various Bengali mints. Of those figured in this work by far the larger number have been issued by the East India bompany. Muhammad bin Jughlax issued copper from three munis, Thos I hat from one, and the Mughals from nine. I everal writers have commented on this dearth of copper coins in Bengal, and a suggested explanation is the large use of the kauri (or course) as currency. This small molluse of which the following is a representation,







belongs to the byprecide family and is found principally on the shores of the Maldive Islands. Mr J. allan of the British museum recently made mention of this use of the teauri in a paper published in the Rumismatic bhrowele 1912, and gave marry facts concerning it whether this paucity of copper orins in Bongal was due to the popularity of the teauri or not, the fact remains that immense quantities of these shells have been imported into Bongal from romote times for use as currency. According to Kelly's bambis! "the value of the teauri as a curculating medium during the early part of the last contury (1821) was 2560 to a rupi.

THE ANDAMAN ISLANDS.

These islands form a small group in the Bay of Sengal.

An astempt by the British to colonyo hem in 1798 was abandoned on account of the elimate. On the suppression of the Indian muting in 1858 they were occupied as a penal settlement.

HISTORY OF BURMA .

The Burmese claim descent from the Sarrya Kings of Kapila wasta, from whom sprang Buddha Jaulama, who is said to have been born in the 6th cont & B.C. The first tangible fact in their history however is the establishment of their capital at ava, in 1864, continuing to be their seat of government for 869 years. In the middle of the 16th cents the Portuguese first became acquainted with Burma, which at this time was at the zenith of its power, having conquered the Requant and all but subjugated Siam. In 1752 the Sequans abol. ished Darmese supremacy, captured ava, and carried the king off captive to Sign. Meantime a patriot of obscur broth afterwards known as aloung-Phya had arison, he, in 1758 recaptured ava, and subsequently drove the Seguand out of Surma, reconquered Pegu and corrad his victo nous followers across liam to the walls of Banghok. alompra (his European name) died in 1760, and was succeeded by his son, who in his turn was succeeded by his brother Hin physic sin, during whose reign an immonse chinese army, sent to annue the country, was defeated. This was was success. ed by his son on 1776, who reigned five years, and was succeed ed by Moung-Moung, grands on of alompra, a more pupper. in the hands of his uncle, who supplanted him, and arcend ed the throne on 1781, under the name of Montara gyes. This prince in whom the action spirit of alompra seemed to

survive, annexed arakan to the Burnese empire. He died after a reign of thirty eight years, during which he removed the capital to amarapura, and was succeeded by his grandson, Phya-gyee-daw, in 1819. It was during the reign of Mentana gree that war first broke out between the British and Burmese, which resulted in the cession of Arakan and Te nasserim to the East India bompany Thya gyee day removed the capital back to historic ara in 1822. He was dethroned in 1837, and was succeeded by his brother Tharawadi who was put under testraint in 1845, his eldest son, the Frince of Pagan being appointed regent . During his tyrannic regency, the second was between Britain and Bur ma took place, after which the British acquired the rich fire vinces of Segu and Martaban The tyrant was deposed and an other son of Tharawadi, the Trince Mindon Min, was raised to throne in 1558, and reigned until his death in 1878. Early in his reign he removed his court to Mandalay For a 9. Shayre made three attempts in 1855, 1862, 1866 to conclude a commercial treaty, but it was not until the following year, 1867, that bolonel Fytche, on the part of the British government, was able to conclude a treaty with the Burmese king, where. by trade in Burma was thrown open to British subjects, and a commercial court established at Mandalay. This treaty remained a dead letter during the life of Mindon Min, and matters did not improve with the accession of Thibau in 18-78. At the close of 1885 owing to Thibau's interference with British tradors, influenced it is believed by French intrigues, Britain declared war. This au was taken presoner, and Burma was formally proclaimed British forribory, 1 January 1886. neures "Oracle Ency".

THE COINS OF

CALCUTTA

CHAMPARAN

CUTTACK

GAUR

GOBINDPUR

HUSAINABAD

MONOHYR

MURSHIDABAD

PATNA

RAVMAHAL

SATGAON (ROAT HUGLI)

SHERGARH

SHERPUR

TIRHUT

EAST INDIA CE for BENGAL generally.

BIHAR PROVINCE

ANDAMAN IL.

BURMA .

INDEPENDENT STATES OF

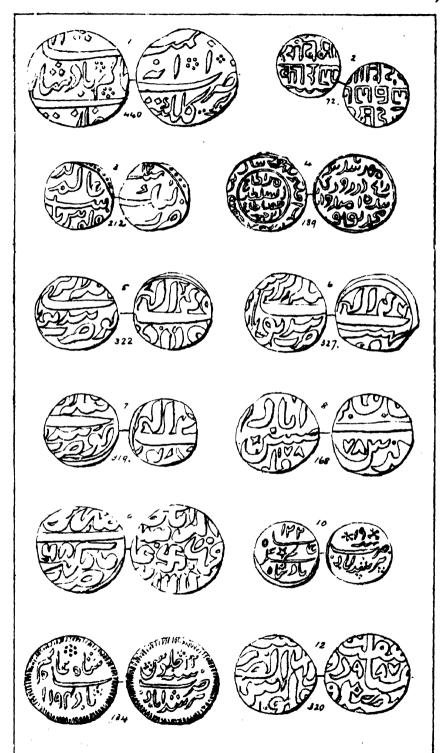
KUCH BIHAR

MANIPUR

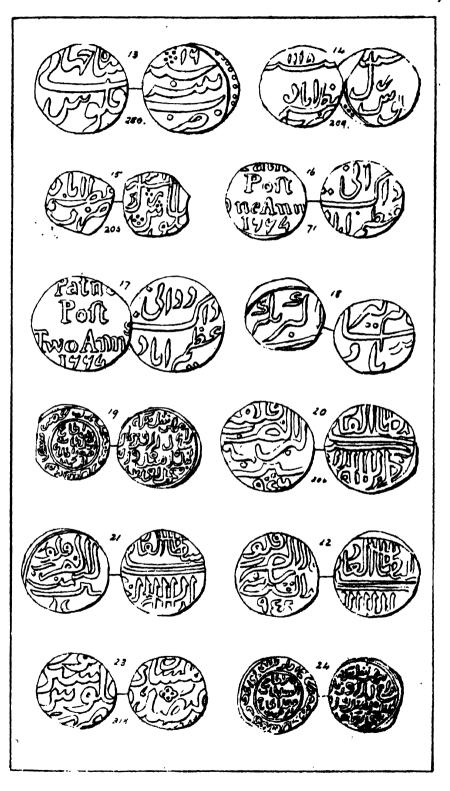
NIPAL

SIKKIM

		-	_
	CALCUTTA . = MALKATAH . (Shah'ālam II 1178-	(10/	
1	wine will will po - gart Halkalah lanna man	in.	
	ال عاري الله الله عالم بالد الله عالم الله عالم الله الله الله الله الله الله الله ا	. 4.4	
	CHAMPARAN Madana Somha deva 1450-66. सी नम्पा करान । मानिन्द चार ाना हरना वा सहन	14	
1	श्रीचन्पा करानं अ. गीनिन्द चाराना हरना वा महन		
	Iri bhampa Karan Gotind char-ana prana ra madans	E .	
	" Joy, in affection for the feel of governda in Champaran"	81	
	GUTTACK - MATAK. (durungset alamjir 1069-1119)		
3	alamgir badshah falus. عالم گير باد شالا فلوس		
	11 vim Lis - jart Kalak sana! 12	R.	
	GAUR . LAKHNAUTI . (Muhammad fin Taghlak 725-782	2	Ì
4	الرحمن الماع الماع المن الماع السلطان فقد اطاع الرحمن		
	اقليم لكهنوتو سازير عنت مد سي يك مم margin الله لكهنوتو سازير عنت مد سي		
	Islim Lakhnault sal bar haft sad see et . 700 20 1.731		
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	1. uhr shud lanka ray dur rog gar banda ummaidwar Muh? Tughlak GOBINDPUR (Aktar 963-1014)		l
5	تنكم اكبر سنامى ضرب كويند بور Janka akbar Shahi zart.		
	gotindpur. R. 40 MI 10, conardad dani 45	0.	l
6	as last. A +4 cyl - wine gs) . ardibitusht ilahi 46	R.	
7	do R 12x - may win Shahrewar ilahi 4x	0	
	HUSAINABAD (Shah alam II 1178-1221)		
8	1110 كال مالك عليه على علي الله 1100 كالله 1100 كالله 1100		
•	2 VA will allow . That alam i jalus 78	R.	
	MONGHYR - MUNGIR. (OKtor 963-1014.)		
9	Jart Mangher 968 amin al ham عمود ضرب مانكهير ١٩١١ امير الحاصر	į.	
	مجد اكبر باد شاه عازى دلال الدين » به به به به به به به الكه يك		
	Muhammad Aktat badshah grazi jalal al din	Vost	
	MURSHIDABAD (Shak 'Quam I 1178 -12:1)		
10			
<u>'</u>	19 km 111 mg . Jart Murstudatad sanal 193	N	
, //	Than Alam badshah 1194 A zart Murshedabad sanat jalis 22.	H	
` '	PATNA - 'AZIMABAD, so next page.		
t !	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		

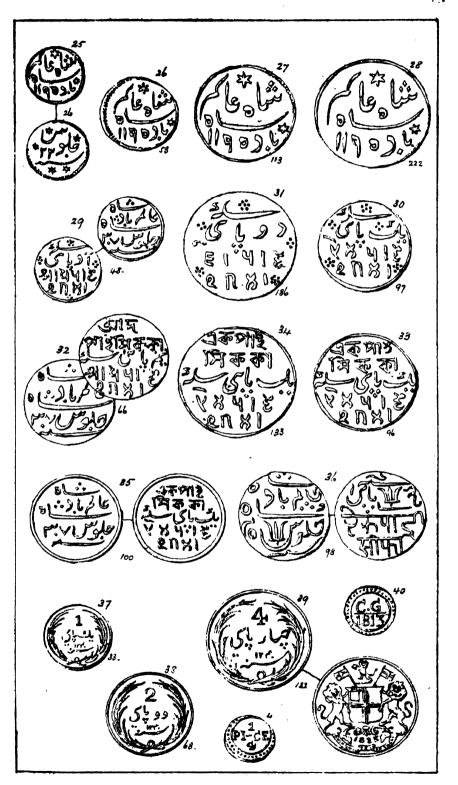


	ν	T
	PATNA - AZIMABAO	
/2	AKBAR. 963 - 1014	
	Falus dar al jart Jahnā - فلوس دار الضرب يتنعا	}
	A. suis e som - put - puter swainshlad on haft-987	0.
	SHAH JAHAN 1037 - 1069	
/3	. Shah Jahani falus.	
	4 14 km xii on - 3art Palna sanat 16	P.
	AURUNGZEB ALAMGIR 1069-1119.	
14		
	R - mutarak jalus sanat	R.
15	another with uncertain date.	BL
	EAST INDIA CO	
16	PATNA POST ONE ANNA 1774.	
	عظم الماد داک الي عظم الماد داک الي علم الماد داک الي	Н
17	TWO ANNAS same type + date. B. same, but is 33 do ani	H
	RAJMAHAL - AKBARNAGAR (alamgir	
18	ansamagar عرب اکبرنگر	
	alamgir shah badshah عالم كير شاة (" باد ساة)	B.M.
	SATGAON. (ACHUGHLI) (Inuhammad ben Jughlan)	
19		
	ه در عرصة ستگانو ملال بر هفصد سي يک	
	But 'area Satganie sal bar hapsad see ek .700 30 ! . 731	R
1	SHERGARN (Star Shah 946-952.)	
20	952 Sar al part Kila Shengurh و الضرب قلعة شيركر لا 901	
	at sullan aladle العادل نشير نشألا خلد الله خلافته أ. هم	
	Thor Shah Khallad allah khalifat	H
21+		AM.
	SHERPUR. (arter 968-1014)	
23	Jart falus Therpur	
	A s sline s snawi = ruhsad wa hashtad wa 98x	0.
	TIRNUT - TUGHLAN PUR Muhammed bin Jughlan)	
344	margin, اقليم تفلق پور عرف ترهت سال بر هفت صد سي يک margin, اقليم تفلق بور عرف ترهت سال بر هفت صد سي يک	R
1	Tughtakpur'ur. Tirhut sal bar haft sad see ck = 781, Romainder on to 4	
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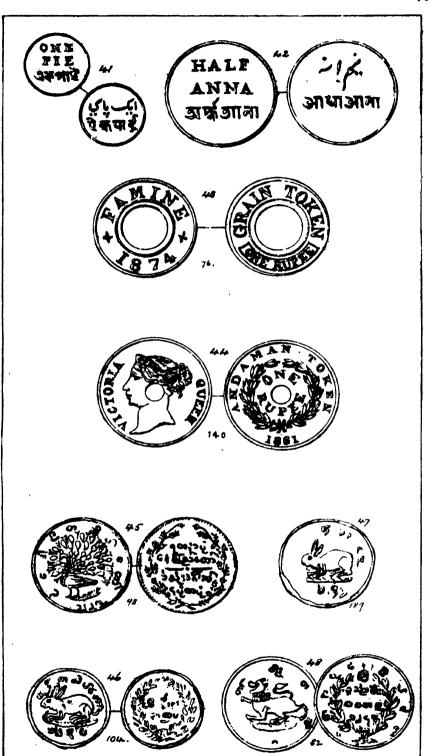
Bengal

	EA	ST INDIA COMPY for Gengal generally.	
25	to Sic	منّناة عالم بادشاء ١١٩٥ منتاة	W.H.Y.
		Shah Alam badshah 1195	
		R. Five stars. YY who xim - Sanas jalus 22	
		(Struck) in the 22 dyear of his reign.	-
26	1 Pai	as last but larget	•
27	1 Pai	larger again than last	AM.
28	2 Pais	do do do do	KHr
29	& Ric	عالم سالة ماد سالة سنع جلوس ٣٧	•
	· ·	'Alam Shah badshah sanai jalus 37	
		A alu si ad pai sikka	
		The same in (debased) ragn नाचे पाई सीका	
30	14	Ob as last. A www Sy So - Yak pai sikka	
		also in debased Nagri एक पाई सीका	"
5/	2 Pais	Ob. as last two. R. when Sy go . Do par sikka	
		also in debased hagri ही पाई सोका	DFH
32	1 Pai	Ob as last . Re alm st pri - rim pai surra	
		The same in Pagri as Ro 29 but with the same	
		phrase above in Bengali with Mit hard	KHY
33	14	I and the second of the second	
		the value in Bengali as well. 9 4 10 There	•
34	14	Same but larger com	•
35	1 40		-
36	14	as to 30 but year 45. 40 and in addition a	
	^	trident both sides Su also Beneses	
37	1 40	arms of the East India Company + date 1825	
		1. 1.17 Pan Sty L Yak pai senal 1240	-
38	2 4	Arms and date as last.	
		12. 2. 174 kin gl 33 - 80 pai sanat 1240	"
39	4 4	arms and date as last	
		1240 L. ITF. Dim St. Jus . Chhar pai sanat 1240	1
44	4.732	Government" but may be private trader loken	BM
		,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	
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Bengal.

		-
41	1 pai Value in English and Bengali. ONE PIE and	
	4# 412 - Yan pai R. Value in Persian * Nagari	
	इंप्रिंग en pai, and रेक पाई ek pai	WKY
42		Ì
	अर्फे 511 ना - Adra ānā. R. Value in Ionian + Nāgam	
	العام Min ana, and आपा ada आना ana.	WHV.
	BIHAR province.	
43	ONE RUPEE GRAIN TOKEN (Used during the famine	Ł
	A. FAMINE 1871. of 1871 in this produce E	
	ANDAMAN ISLAND.	
44	Nead of the majesty with VICTORIA QUEEN	
	R ANDAMAN TOKEN, ONE PUPEE, 1861. (centre hole E)	"
	BURMA. (Late Kingdom of)	
	MINDON MIN 1215-1240 B.E. (=1853-1878 AD)	
45	цаппа. d peacock 269 €: 00 28 0 6 005 3112.	
	Udaung tasek taw 1227 Peacock, stamp royal 1227	
	နှ ရွတ် ခုံသပ္ ေတြညီ ေတာ်ခဲ့သုံး ကြိုးဆိုရပ္ခံတပ္ခံ-	
	Yedanabon nebyi daw I pe thong denga i le bon ta bon	
	Ratanapanna residence royal I anna use com 4/16 1/200	
	"Struck at Mandalay for use as one fourth pet anna	1 1
46	* pice to anna a have . You tasek law 1230 Have stamp royal	
	A Kyoni dinga i 8 bon ta bon . bopper com	
	& parts one part (of \$ anna). (lead, much worn).	B.M.
47	4 pice to enna a have as las! "You tasen tow" 1280.	
	A Nyini dinga i 4 bon ta bon - bopper coin	
	4 parts one part (of teanna). (lead badly worn)	B.M.
	THIBAU. 1240-1248 BE (1878-1886 AQ) and one.	
48	\$ mu. la lion, of so of of of cost tout.	
	Fanne) Lon stamp voyal. B. Yedanabon nebyi-daw	
	antre 2 23: 19: 02 00 0 0150-1 mi Ming dinga	
	i (shit) pon la bor . one mu use coin of 8 parts one part -	
	Struck at Mandalay for use as coin of an eighth hart of a mu	
	Read to Sir R. 6 Temple.	L_



THE BENGALÎ ALPHABET.											
	Vow	eZs				Con	sonar	ils.			
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1											

HISTORY OF KUCH BIHAR

all the members of the ruling family bear the name of nara yan, the greatest of whom was har narayan and who reigned about 1550 AD. His son Lakstom was defeated by the Mughali who carried him away prisoner to Dehli. In 1772 the Maxim Des was driven out of his country by his rivals, who were aided by the Bhulias. He applied to the British and with their assistance expelled the Shulias, and forced them to sue for peace From that time till 1868 little occurred to altract British allention when the death of the Raya leaving a son and heir only ten months old caused them to undertake the management of affairs. It was resolved to appoint a British bommission or to take this duty under his direct control during the frince's minority. The young Raja received his early training at Palna, was married in 1878 and attained his majordy in 1883 at the same time assuming the administration of the stat. He died in England at Beatell 1911 His son Rayondra who succeeded him also in 1913 died at Scotill a few days after the wedding of his brother to a daughter of the gackwas of Baroda Rajendra was succeeded by Jilendra his brother.

RULERS OF KUCH BIHAR Divindra-narayana Vise Sinch 1764 hara rarayana 1584 Shairyondra 1766 Lakshmi 1584 Rajendra 1771 Vira 1622 Sarendra 1778 Frana 1627 Shairyondra (again) 1780 1666 Harindra 1788 Mada 1681 Thirendra Vasudeva 1839 Mahendra 1683 Narendra 1847 1695 Morpendra Rupa 1868 715 Rasendra Upendra

HARÊNORA 1783 - 1889 1.0

1) Portions of legend in old Bongali characters reading

D.F.H.

श्वीतिषठ शक्त नारायन्या नारकः

Pri Frimat Harendra Karayanasya sama - -

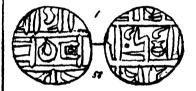
The livine illustrious Harondra Marayanas ya (dale)

१. भी भी भिन हत्नन क्यल यथू करूमा

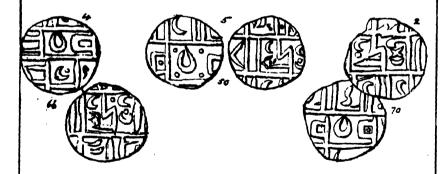
Sri, In I sira charana kamala madhu-karasya. The honey-worter (bes) of the lotus at the foot of the most glorious Sira.

SHIYENDRA 1839 - JEMS 4.D

3 Of the same type but have in addition the letter 4 & sh for Thirendra







MANIPUR

These small pieces are altributed to Manipur have the word A son en lagar and appear to be of billon. The

Smp & gazestar"
called "Sol"





ralue, 16 to the paisa

HISTORY OF MANIPUR

The kingdom of Manipur first emerges from obscurity as a neighbour and ally of the Shan kingdom of Song, which had its capital at Mogacing. The history of Manipur contains no thing of special interest until about the year 1714 A.D. In that year a Naga named Samheiba became Rájá of Manipur, and adopted Hindurm, taking the name of Gharib Raway This ruler made several successful invasions into Durma but no permanent conquest. After his death the Surmese invaded Manipur, and the ruler, fai Singh, having sought the aid of the Brilish, a treaty of alliance was negotiated in 1762. The force sent to assist Manipur was, however, recalled; and after this, little communication passed between the British government and the state for some years. On the outbreak of the forst an glo Surmere was in 1824, the Burmere invaded backar and assam, as well as manipur, and fambler Lingh of Manipur asteed for Brilish aid, which was granted. The Burmese were expelled and the Kuto valley, peopled by Shans was added to the slate In 1826, peace was concluded with Surma and Manipur ras declared independent.

RULERS OF MANIPUR .

Pampieba Gharib haway	1714	bhardit singh	1800
Khakhilalkaba, Oogal Shah	1		18/2
Mingthsekhomba, Sharal Shav		•	1024
Govri Sham; Maramba	l l	Kirki .	1834
Ching thang Thomba or	1	nar .	1834
Jaya singh	1 .	Devendra .	1000
Gouri Sham		bhandra kerti sengh	1867
Jaya singh	1	Sur bhandre .	1805
Robin Chandra	1	Kul bhandra .	1890
Modu Chandra	1	bhura bhand .	1091

	-		
1		SURENDRA YIKRAMA SAHA DEYA . 1904 - 1938. S.	
1	dam	भी ने पाल = Sri ripāla · August ripal.	
		R स की र. ६२ - La ra ra 92 - government-(17) 92	WHY.
2	paira	बी बी बी सुरेन्द्र विका ससा च देव १९५४	
		Grī, srī, str. Gurendra vi Krama sakadeva 1794	
		This majesty Surendra Vikrama Sahadeva.	
		R. Iri, sri, sri, Ripala sarkara.	
3	dak	Same reading except date 9969-1791	H
	ļ	PRITHYI YIRA YIKRAMA SAHA DEYA 1938 -	
4	raisa	a bridens. श्री प भ वा नी १५४६ गोर्श क्रा की र	
		Iri 5 bhavani 1948 Gorkha sarkara	
		By Foot points of Vistence + two Gorkha Eniver come	
		around की भ प्षी वीर विकम साह देव =	
		Pri 5 Pristroi Vira Vinrama Sahadeva .	
		Five times illustrious, Pristroi Vira Vikrama te.	
		Bhavani wife of Fire - godden of abundance).	WHY
5	raisa	as last but different border + date 9940.1950	#
6	dak	Same but larger	Bi
7	paisa	Within rude wreath two gorkha Knives crossed,	
		in four lines Iri 5 Prither Vira Vikrama Sahadeva	
		R. In 5 Bhavani Gorkha sarkara 9449.1951	ענדמ
8	paisa	Sni belwan moon roum पशुपती नाथ ने पाल -	
		Pasupati nasha Nipal Pasupati bord of Nipal	
		R. "In between moon + sun , + Bri 5 Frither Viva	
		Vikrama Sahadeva" date below 9488 - 1966.	"
		SIKKIM.	
		THOTAS NAMAYEL Struck between 1853-1885 A.D.	•
/	pausa	बी बी बी, ब्रिकिम प, ति मा द्या राज - ४०० बार बारे, ४० kem	
		pa ti, maharaja - Lord of Sikkim, Maharaja.	
		R बो बो बो, सि किस, स.के र, Улі элі элі, Ускит.	
,		sarkara - August government of Sikkim	
2	,	The same in larger characters.	



HISTORY OF NIPAL.

The history of Repai is referred back to a remote and legendary past. The present dynasty, which claims a Raypus descent: first established itself in 1769. For 200 years previous they had ruled in the town of Jhurka, but they then conquered the whole of Repail. In 1791 they came into collision with the Chinese, but were compelled to submit to an ignominious peace. The first relations with the British, date from the same period. Aggressions in the direction of Jartwal led to the Jurkha warr 1814-15 in which the Repairs fought bravely and were with difficulty defeated by the British. The peace of Segauli, ratified in 1816 still governs our relations with Ripal.

GHURKHALI DYNASTY, descended from the UDAIPUR RAIPUTS.

occupied NUMAON + MOAKOT for 6 or 8 gonerations, prior to conquest of NIPAL.

Irithri narayan sah	1768	Girvan Yudha (again)	1805
Portat singh sah deva	1771	Rayendra vibrama sah desa	1816
Ran Bahadur (deposed 1800	1775	Surendra virerama sah	1847
girran Yudha viprama sah	l .	1	1881
Ran Dahadur (again)	1		

HISTORY OF SIKKIM.

Local traditions assert that the ancestors of the Rajas of Serrem originally came from Lhasa in Thibet, and that about the middle of the 16th cont three Lamas succeeded in converting the Lepchis of Serrem to Buddhism and in making Thun the Ramgyel Raja of the land. Seriem came into close alliance with Britain by assisting them against the General in 1816, and at the close of the was wore rewarded with territory the usual quarantee of protection Thun-trhe Ramovel

Their toho ramgyel	1550	Ten fin rampyel	
San-sung .		Chug Hur .	
Sha-dhot.		Sikyong .	1860
gyur-me .		Thothub.	1871
Ramgyel Frunt toho		. •	

SECTION II

THE UNITED PROVINCES

OF

AGRA and OUDH,

AND ALSO THE NATIVE STATE OF

GARHWAL

HISTORY OF THE UNITED PROYINCES

The early history of these browinces is that of Hindustan In 1775 the south east portion was acquired by the Stillish from the Nawab Visier of Oudh. In 1801 a further tract was ceded by him, and in 1808 the conquests of Lord Lake extender the frontier as far as Dehli . The hill districts were taken from the Ripaless in 1815, and the south division of Thansi has been acquired by lapse or forfeit ute since 1840 In 1833 the independent presidency of agra was formed naving priviously been known as the Ceded and Conquered Provinces. There have been two severe fam mes - in 1887 - 38 again in 1860-61. This tract formed the centre of the Sepay Muliny of 1867. The first outbreak was at Mirut, Khanpur and Shansi were the scenes of the cruellest massacres, and the native population, chiefly in Robilkhand sided generally with the rebels. But Allaha bad was firmly held, as also was Agra, though closely be seeged; and after the capture of Dehli, the British will administration gradually reasserted itself throughout the country. as the result, the Gentral Provinces were form ed into a separate government partly out of the Southern districts, Dethi with the surrounding country was perman ently attached to the Panyar, and allahabad was substit tuled for agra as the seat of government. In 1877 Oudh, which had been amneced by the British in 1856 and placed under a bhief bommissioner, was joined to the Lieutenant-Govern orshop of the North West Provences, a lite which has lately been merged into that of the United Provinces of agra and Dudh.

HISTORY OF AGRA, CITY AND PROVINCE.

The district of agra has scarcely any history about from that of the city. The Lode kings of Dehli had a residence on the east bank of the fumna which was occupied by Babar of for his victory over Strakim Khan in 1526 Babar fought a great and decisive battle with the Rajputs near Fathfur Sileri in 1527. His son Humayun also resided at old Agra until his expulsion in 1540, arebar lived in the province for the greater part of his reign, and founded the present city of agra on the west bank The town of Fathpur Sixer also owes its origin to him was built about 1570, and was for a short period the seal of the Mughal empero. The mansoleum of this great organizer is at Sixandra five miles away from agra and was built by his son fahangir, who how ever deserted agra towards the close of his reign Shah Jahan was proclaimed Emperor at agra in 1628 and resided there from 1632 to 1637. It was during this period that many of its celebrated morques and other works were when built or completed and the city ronained. It new title was arranabad, so named in honour of his grandfather and the count struck at agra bore this appellation from the time of Shah fa han to that of alam I In 1637 Shah Jahan removed the sealof his empire to behli, but continued the construction of the buildings as agra. The Tay Mahal, generally allowed to be the most exquisite piece of Muhammadan work in the world was built by this magnificent Emperor in commemoration of his wife, Mumbey-i-Mahal. From the year 1666 agra dwindled into the position of a provincial city, and was often attacked by the fats. Its annals during the decline of the Mughals are uneventful; though in 1764 the city was taken by the Jats of Bhartpur under Suray Mall and Samore the Swiss ronegade. In 1770 the Materallas over ran the whole Soab; but were expelled by the importal forces under tray of them four years later. After framing through the use at convulsions which marked the close of the 18th century agra and district came into British hands by the victorial of Lord Lake in 1803.

HISTORY OF OUDH.

The legendary annals of Oudh date back to the very earliest period of Indian history. The record city of ayordhy a from which the province derives its name lies close to the modern lown of Fayabad and forms one of the holiest places of the Hondu religion at the down of history, Oudh appears as a floures hing king dom In its capital, Sakya Muni the founder of Buddhism began his labour. The modern chronicles of Oudh begin with the great struggle which inded in the overthrow of Kanacy The fall of that famous empire tuled over by the lost native Hindu dynasty, gave a final death-blow to the Buddhist faith, and re-established the supremacy of the Brahman creed throughout India Offer his conquest of Ranauy, Muhammad Ghori, or his lieuten and overran Oudh in 1194. Muhammad Bakhleyar Khilji was the first Musalman to establish and organize an administration, and he chose Oudh as a base for his military opera tions. He refused allegiance to Allamoh and his son ghiyas el din established a hereditary governorship of Bengal God hya, however, was wrested from the Bengal dynasty, and remained an outlying province of Schli, Thereupon a Him. du rebellion ensued, in which 120,000, Musalmans are said to have been massacred. Irmos Kaseral din was sent to crush the rebellion; and in 1242, Kammaldon is recorded as

Vicerory of Godhya. Thenciforth the Province romained an inte gral portion of the Muhammadan Empire. Datan invarion of Oudh has left little historical record and troubled times followed hus death, but after the defeat of the Afghan dynasty, it settled down into one of the most important of arbain nearry alter. Under the Mughal dynasty in its Koanshing days, the native Him du chieflains accepted their portion without difficulty. The empire was too strong for them to dispute its sway, and they were too strong for the empire to attempt their suppression. a contury or so later, the rise of the Makratlas broke down the decaying empire of aurungget, and the chieffours of Oudh at acquired an almost complete independence. about the year 1732, Iaadal Ali Khan, received the appointment of Subah. dar of Budh, and founded the Muhammadan dynasty which tuled down to our own times. Before his death, Oudh had become practically an independent state. His grandson Shiya at daula attempted to take advantage of the Brilish and acquire the rich province of Bihar. He therefore advanced upon Palna, taking with him the fugilive Emperor, Shah alam and the excled hawat of Georgal. The enterprise proved a failure, and Shiya-al-daula retired to Bacar. In October 1764, Major Munro followed him to that post, and won a decisive victory, which laid the whole of Upper India at the jeel of the British. The Nawab fled to Barili; while the unfor ternale Emperor joined the British camp. In 1775, Theya al. daula died and was succeeded by his son Asaf-al-daula who subsequently removed his capital from Faizabad to Laker. nau. Under this ruler, the Laktman court reached its highest splendour and the dominions of the hawat of Duch actended over a wider area than at any other earlier or later period Saadas ali Khan, who in 1798 succeeded his half

brother asafal-daula, Mreatened by Sindhia on the advance of Jaman Shah to the Indus, concluded a new treaty with the British in 1801, by which he gave up half his territories in return for increased means of protection Robitkhand thus passed under Archish rule, and the Nawab became still more absolute within his restricted dominions. Saadali son . That al-din Haidar (1814) was the first to obtain the title of King. Kasir-al din Haidar/1827/ Muhammad ali Than 1837, and Arnyad Ali-Than (1842) followed in rapid succession and wasted away their lives in that alternation of sensuous lucury with ferocious excitement for which the court of Lakknau became provertial In 1847, Wazid ali Shah, the last King of Oudh ascended the throne The condition of the Province had long attracted the attention of the British government and had called upon the King for reforms; which however, were never effected, and the only remaining remedy was desmed to be annecation. A treaty we prepared offering liberal terms to trajed all, such as allowing him to relain his little and 15 takks a year for the support of his dignity; and three days were allowed him in which to consider and sign the treaty. He refused to sign it, and therefore in February 1856, the British government anumed to itself the government of Oudh, exclusively and for ever.

1280 1814 1720 Shazi al din Haidar Sa'adal Khān, Nawab /188 as king from 1234 1819 Safdar Jang 1152 1789 Sheya-al-daula 1170 1756 Marinel din Hardan 1243 1827 asafal daula 1189 1775 Muham = Elle Shah 1258 1887 Vazir ali 1212 1797 amyad ali Shah 1268 1842 Saidas ali 1215 1798 Wayed ale Than 1268 48417

HISTORY OF JAUNPUR.

When faunpur first makes its appearance in authentic history it was subject to the rulers of Benaves, and with the rest of their dominions fell into the hands of muhammad bin Sam after his victory over the Hindu champion Jaichand, in 1194AD. From this time it appears to have formed part of the Kingdom of Kanary In 1360, Firey in Tughlak encamped there for sec months, and in 1888, malik Sarwar Khwaja was sent by Mu. hammad bin Firey to govern the eastern province, which extend ed from Kanay to Bihar . Thursy a fixed his residence at Jaun pur and taking advantage of Timuri invasion, he made him self marpendent of the Dehli court; and assumed the title of Julian at Thank, or Eastern Emperor. The Sharki dynasty ruled a !: four-pur for nearly a contury, struggling the whole time with their former masters for the supremacy of Hindustan. The last of the dynasty, Sullan Mousen, was final by defeated by Baklol Lodi in 1478 On the fall of Stratum to di at Panipat the governor of Jaunpur, Bahadur Khan, asserted his independence, but Babar sent his son Humayun east want for its recovery, and thenceforward it formed a portion of the Mughal empire until 1722. It was then transferred, with Benares, grazipur, and Chunar to the hands of the nawab Wa gir of Buch after the battle of Baxar the District fell to the Bri tish and in 1775 was made over to them permanently.

SHARKT KINGS OF VAUNPUR

Khwaja Jahan	796	1894	
Musaran Shah	802	1399	
Thams at din Ibrahim Shah bon Mutarak	803	1400	l
Mahmud Shah hin Ibrahim	844	1440	
muhammad Shah jointly with his father Makmud	861	1456	
Husen Shah bin Mahmud	868	1468	١
	- L	Ì	ĺ

HISTORY OF GARNWAL .

The early history of Jarhwal is obscure, but it seems that about five conturies ago, the valley of the Alaknanda was divided in to 52 petty chiefainships, each chief having his own indepen don't fortress (gart), from which the country is said to have derived its name. A century later, ajai tal, ruler of bhand hur, reduced all these small principalities under his own sway and became the founder of the Garhwal tingdom. He placed his capital at Frinagar, where the ruins of his palace still exist. The Bajas of his line, known as the Chand dynasty, Kishatriyas of the lunar race, ruled over garhural and the adjacent Tehri State until their expulsion by the gluriar in 1803 For 12 years the Ghurkas of Repal ruled over garkwal and serra sun with a rod of won, and then commen. ced encroaching on British territory at Gorakhpur and the Tirtuil frontier. A war broke out in 1814 which resulted m the capture by the British of Almora, and in 1816, Kumaon & garhwal. The Tehri principality known as Independent Jash wal "was restored to Sander Sen Sah, under whose duces it still remains, whilst the valley of the alaknanda with Irina gar, the old capital of the bhands, was relained by the conques on and erected into a British Sistrict on the usual model.

Stineger as cepital	fam.	10	Tehrs as	capital.	Same	مم
Fradip Shak	1774	1717	Sunder Sen	Sah	1877	1520
Lattal .	1828	1772	Shawani	,	1916	1859
Jayakril .	1887	1780	Prajap	•	1928	1871
Parduman	842	1788	Kirtli	•	1844	1587
6 to 1	1061	1804				

THE COINS OF

AGRA

AKBARPUR TANOA

ALLAHABAD

ALMORA

BAHRAICH

BARILĪ

BENARES

BINDRABAN

BADAUN

CHUNAR

DAMLA

DOGĂM

FARRUHHABAD

GORAITHPUR

JAUNPUR

KALPI

MANAUV

LUCISNOW

MIRATH

MATHURA

OUDH

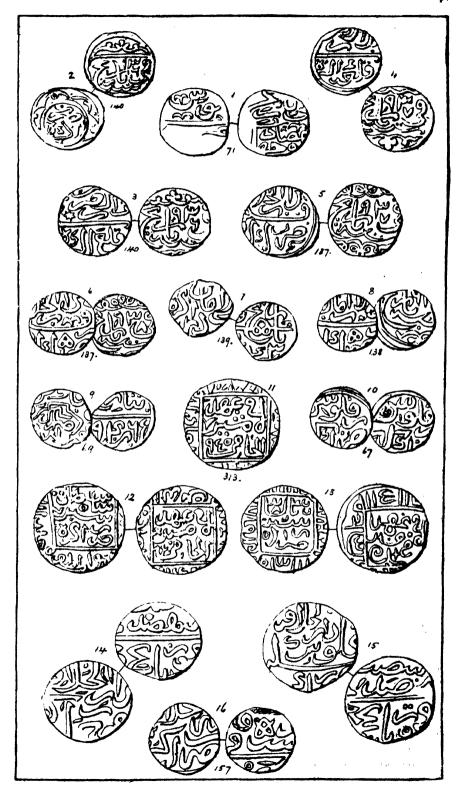
SAHARANPUR

SAMBHAL

SRINAGAR GARHWAL

		
	AGRA - AKBARABAD	
	BABAR . AH 932 - 927.	
1	اگره علمه علمه علمه علم علم علم الكره	
4	Fi tarikh nuhsad si ohhar - 984 و بهاريا	·C.M
2	الرة - Jart Agrah	
	الاستان بيخ سند ١٣٩ عن الربيخ سند ١٣٩ عن الربيخ سند ١٣٩	CM
3	الثريد عام عمل عمل عمل على المرب علم الشريد على الشريد	
	R Filarikh sanat 936	1
	HUMÂYÛN AN 937-968	
4	اكرة عنه الكرو Bi dar al gart kila agrah . بدار الضرب قلعه اكرة	
	R. Ft tarikh sanat 987. (184)	C.M.
5	الشرة المجال في فرب الشرك المخلل في ضرب الشرك	
	A Fi tarikh sanat '938 (9TA)	Bt.
6	Variety of last.	Bl.
7	الريا الأمان ضرب الكريا . Dar al aman gart agrah	
	Re 945 in is in it . Jaroch fi samat 948	
8	variety of last without co - fi + uncertain date.	wwr.
9	1/2 / 1	
	Bi tarikh fi sanal 986 . بتاریخ فیے سنة ۱۳۹ م	BL.
10	"Falus gart Agrah" both eides, undated. (may be Babars)	Bl.
	SHER SHAH AH. 946 - 952	
//	الرة الكرة بالكرة Mer Shah sullan gart agrah. شير شاة سلطان ضرب الكرة	D.FN
12	m margine- ابر المظفر خلد الله عمر abu al muzaffar Rhallad allah	
	At top not shown - is blu . mulkat wa sulfanat	
	Re 150 في عدد الاسير المامي عدد المامي 150 .	
1	in margins. الدين الدبان السلطان العادل al din al diyan	
	al sullan al adl. ho. 12 undaled?	Rock
15	Contemporary blundered imitation of last.	DFN.
	AKBAR. AN 963-1014	
14		
	برايخ نومد و شعت به باريخ نومد و شعت به	LM.
	as last with addition of "SixNa falus" who sale.	BM.
16	is dam . Reading as last but variety of Re will for wall	BM.



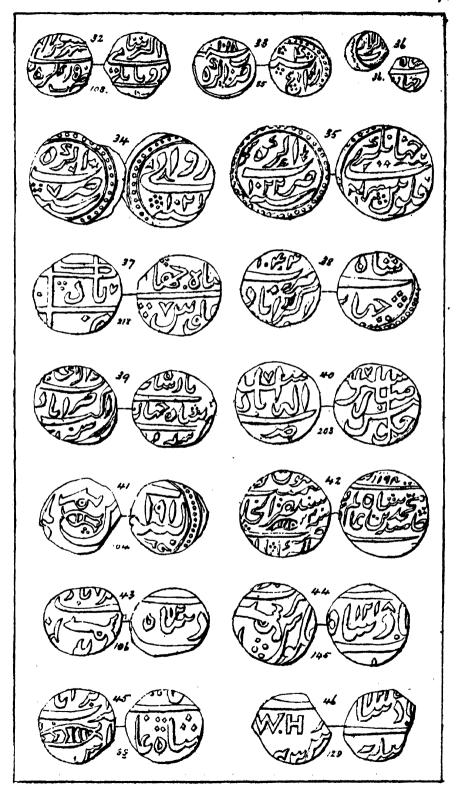


17	اكرة الخلا فسنة ضرب اكرة الخلا فسنة ضرب اكرة الم	
	Ft tariah nuhiad wa shast في ياريع نعصد و شست	Red
	"I truck at the seat of the Khalifat agrah in the	
	year nine hundred and sichy (and)". 96 x	
18	's dam . variety with 88 + line above nursad as no 16	BM
19		BM.
	A Fi tarikh nuhrad va haflad (slies) # 97%	B.M.
20	Jart falus dar al khalifal Agrah (351 above)	
	. A Sanet nutsed we haftad we haft - 977	0.
2/	another variety with agrap to left of &	
	Re Ruhsad wa hashtad wa panj sanat 912 - 985	0
22	Falus allah Akbar der el khalijat ('Agrah)	
	A Kuhsad we hashtad wa haft. 914 - 987	0
20	Falus das al khalijat Agrah (351 above)	C.M.
	R. Kuhsåd wa hashlad wa 911 = 988	BM
24	another showing full inscript = + date 988	
	another daled 989.	BM
1	Janka akhar Shaki jart agrak و تنكما اكبر شايي صرب الكرة	
	RFT اردي بحست الهي Monsh ardibihisht ilahi 44	Rod
27	ti lanka . war pyly . Chaharam hissa lanka akbar Shahi	
	Ps. 3 art agrah (month) I sfandarmy - ja , views. ilahi 45	Rod
28	2 tanki. دو تانكي . Do tanki aktar Shahi	
	14. Jart Agrah (month) Agrajil classic 46	Road
29	2 tanki as last	- 1
•	P. gart agrah (month) aban il ilahi 46	B.M.
30	یک تانکی اکبر شاہی . تامم الم معامد عادی ا	
	A gart agrah (month) Jon . jui ilaki 47	BM.
3/	4 tanks . چوتانلي . Chau tanki antar Shahi	
	4 tanks . چو تانگی . Chau tanks akhar Mahi Re Jart agrah (monsh) سست (Ardititisht	_
	ilahi 47.	Rod
		ì
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	"	

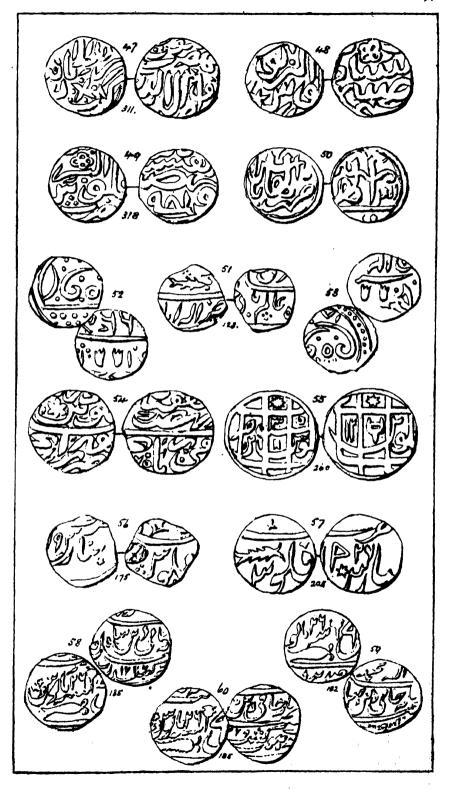




32	2 tanki - Do tanki aktar Shahi	
	R. Jart agrah (month , Shahrewar , 2 / wie ilahi 50	Rod.
	JAHANGIR . A N . 1014 - 1037 .	
38	۱۰۱۸ مرب اگری سنی ۱۰۱۸ مرب اگری سنی	
1	R. F him 31) - Raij (current) sanat 4	Rod.
34	3 art agrah sanat 7. R. H. Him . levant sanal 1021	8 m
36-	jast agrah sanat 1022 Rg. A kun سيع ديها نگيري فلوس	BM
	Jahangiri falus sanab 8	WHY
	SHAH JAHAN. AH 1087 - 1068.	
36	Jant aktarabad R. فرب اكر اباد	Bl.
37	gart attarabad R. Shah Jahani (year) 7	Rod
38	gart aktarated 1044. R. Shah Jahani	BM
39	bar al Thalifat gart antiarated . دار الخلاف ضرب اكراباد سنه	
ł	sonat Struck at the seat of the Shalifat Aktorrabad y"?	BM.
	الم مارك المالة على ماد شاة على سكه مارك مارك	
	ghazi sikka mubarak . auspicious currency of the King	
	and Conqueror, Shah Jahan.	ME
	AURUNGZER ALAMQIR AN 1068 - 1119	
100	jart Akbaratad sanat 7	
	19 - V - Lem Alus mubarak samat 7	Bul
	SHÂH ÁLAM II AH 1178 - 1221	
41	Pistol + fish in curt of J. R. Sanat (1)191	86
42	صرب اكبراباد مستقر الحلافعة سنغ ٢۴ جلوس سيمنت مانوس	
	3 art Ambaratad mustaker al Khalifat sanat 24 jalus	
	maionanat manus . Itmen at apparatas the fixed seal	
	of the Khalifate in the 24th year of auspicious accession	
	برمفت كشور سكه زد حامي دين محمد شاء عالم باد شاء ١١٩٣ ارفضل العاجم	
	Bar haft kaswar sixtra jad hami din Muh Thak Alam Shak 1194	BM.
43	Pricted + fuh "zart aktaratad" R. Badshah 12xx	Rod
44	Pistol. Falm jart aktorated" R. Badshah 1218	BM
	Fish same reading & That alam bad strak	Rod
46		Rod
	(The H on come of althorated dated 1218. Thuck in honour of Sohn William Hearing, Command of the fol of agra due 1803	



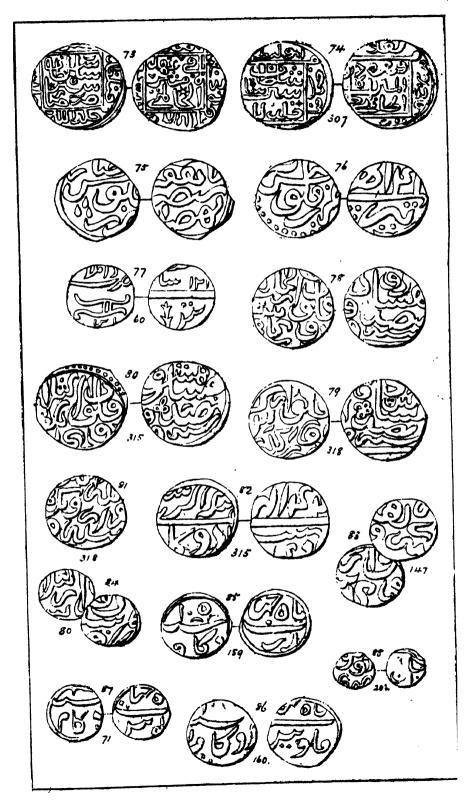
	AKBARPUR TANDA	
47	l sea municipal de la companya de la	
	Tanda dar al Khalifat. R. Nasir al dunya wa al din !	
	ناصرالدنيا و الدين نهصد هفتاد مامرالدنيا و الدين	CM.
48	Zart falus aktarpur. A Sanat nursad hashlad 98 x	BM.
49	3. es last R. Ft samet nuhsad hashlad we ex. 981	0
	ALLAHABAD - ILAHABAS.	
50	Jant Slahabas 12 Sanat 31 Slahi	AM.
51	Fish. sup ly of gart allahatad	
	R. Shah alam badshah ghazi - Sili Lala alkali	WAY
	ALMORAH.	
52	Tootprints of Victorie and wountelligible inscription	
53	4 4	•
	BAHRAICH.	
54	معله sakrauch sixla falus فرب بحراتج سكم فلوس دار في	
	Fi barikh nursad haflad 976 في تاريخ نهصد هفتاد 976	CM.
	BARILI	
55		
	gart Barili sanat 35 jalus	
	عالم شاهے فلوس ١٢٠ علوم ١٢٠	
	Alam Shahi falus 12	C.M.
56	BENARES MUHAMMADABAD	
J.	19 مرب بنارس 19 <i>garb Benares 19</i> مرب بنارس 19 مرب بنارس	10000
57	A. a fish. & lim alle juste Falus alam Thak	BL
,	A flag. Jart Geners 26. R. A fish systematics The next three appear to have been struck at Benaris	Bl.
	as they bear the usual flag + fish but whether were	BL.
	intended for use at Berraus or Landonau come say,	MAY.
	A. flag +fish 171 min prior of our temps - Jalus mainenes	
	manus sanas: 26 A. Shah' Wams coupled.	
	سكورد برهفت كسور سايع مضل الع	
	حامی دین محمد شا عالم باد شالا	
	Pikka jad bar haft Kishwur sahya fazl läh to. (D.M.)	
	(comparation)	



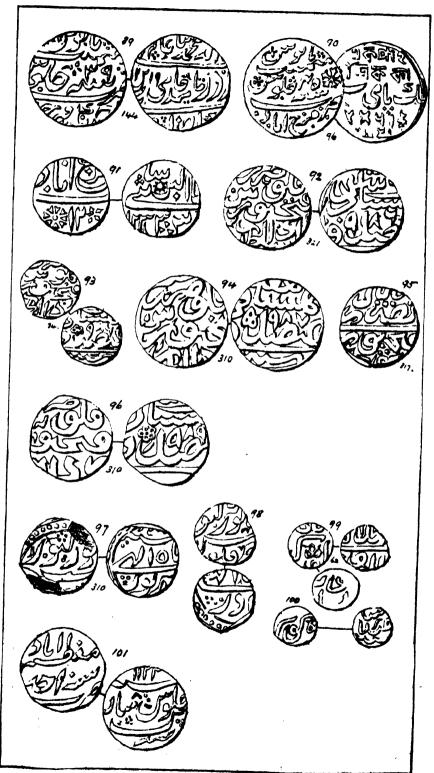
	· ·	
61	a fish A \$ Jalus maimonal manus sanal 26.	
ŀ	R The Parts of Shah alams coupled 1487 -1283	WHY
	atrident gart Benares 28 = Th myle - po	
i	A a fish Shah alam falus	WHY
	Variety of last 35th year	BM
1	Larger com another variety 1221 45th year	BM
l	The " small coin same type 1228 45 th year	
l	1 anna: Trident " Jart Bonares sanas 49	mr
ľ	Rapish 1771 the slie - That alam palus 1228	
67	The tousule pairan of which there are hore given	
	three specimens are generally termed "Benares	
	paisa but there is little doubt they were struck	1
	at several of the E.S. 60 mints "Princep says	
	in his "Useful tables" that those otruck at Sagar	
	were 100 graens in weight, afterwards being redu-	
	ced to 964 grams & struck as balculta for	
	Bengal province Many varieties exist which	
/	were no doubt struck + usual from native mints.	
69	lo contraction of the contractio	
•	The struck at that mint	
	These coins are fully translated under EIC? Bengal	
· ¬ a	BINDRABAN - BRINDARBAN for MUMINABAD see p. 120	
10	Journel, + star in crescent 10 km ye ye -	
	Jart Bindurban sanat 25	
70	Re 1197 Shah'alam badshar gha	1
7/	Similar with regnal date 27	Rod.
/2	a fish فلوس ضرب بند ربن Falus garb Bindarban R a star فاد ۱۲۰۲ باد شاه سکه صاری Badshah sikka	
, '	mubaran.	سود
		Rod.
704	Jart Jalus Budaun. 41.960 1844	
	A ardite hisht (month) class we	ادررو
	or work his ne (month) warm at	MHY
	the state of the s	



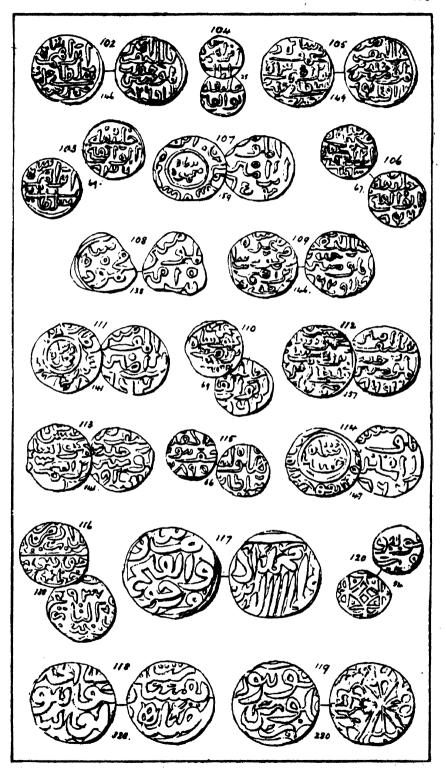
-		
	CHUNĀR.	
73	Shor Shah sullan gart Chuna	+
1	- ille Illa - Mon , alle ! lee ! lee ! lee ! e . lottom - ille !	
	Khallad allah, mulkah, abu, l muzzaffar, wa sullanat.	
•	الامير الحامي المامي عدد الامير الحامي المامي .	
	، الدنيا . ballan الدين! العادل بهتا : ١٤٠ 80 بها في الدين العادل بهتا .	
	Al dunya al din al adl 950	QF.H,
74	Semilar but gart Chunar . , in might h? margin	BM
75	part falu bhunar ، خرب فلوس چنار	
	R ruhiad shasht we haft - 967	LM
76	Jant falus Chunar, R. Slapi W (month) Jir.	8M.
	DAMLA.	
77	a fish. الملا - jart Damla . R. (Clam) Shah 12xx	Rod
	DOGAM. AKBAR.	
78	توسد وكام دار المحلافة على المحلافة على المحلافة	
	Re Janat for nuhrad side of subsad	
	hashted wa do = 982	BM
79	Falus Dogam dar al Khalifet. R. Sanat fi nuhsad	
	hashlad we shash - min! 986.	Rod
80	Falus Bogam dar al Islam - dem ce DI que la lam	
	R. Sanat for nursed hashtad we hasht wine 988	Fort
8/	· سنة في هزار و يك الله اكبر المه المه الله المر	
	Sanat fi higer wa ek allah akbar • 1001	HALV
82	م Dogam tanka aktar She 1 موگلم تنکه اکر شایع	
	R +HI () - ardibitusht (month) ilahi 42!	Rod
83	t dam. Sar at Khalifal Boyann Jalus:	bot
	14. Sanal for higar wa do - 1002 (or \$3/4 = 11 - 1011)	Post
84	to dam. as last. Re Sanat fi hyar digash & size 1018	Nort.
	SNAH JAHAN.	
-85"	غ. الله على على الله الله الله الله الله الله الله ال	Vos b.
	81.3 - Sogam Janal 1050	Vort
1 1	4 dam. That Jahani falus. R. Doyam sanat	Vac.
88	ضرب دوگرام) فا(و)س بر عدام معلی معمل به علی ایم از می ایم از در کارام) فارون می ایم از می ایم از می ایم از می	Part.
لسسا		



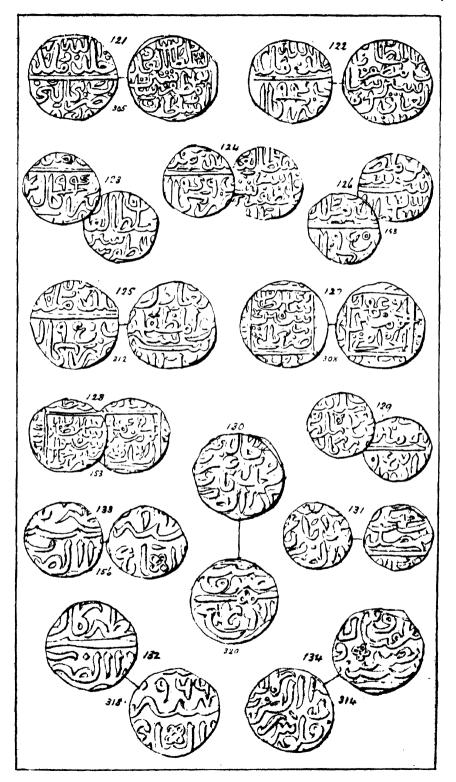
	FARRUKHABAD (AHMADNAGAR)	
, !	SHAH ALAM 1173-1221 AN.	
89	Sart Ahmadnagar - ضرب احمد نگر فرخ اباد سفه جلوس ۲۹	
	Farrickhabad sanat jalus 39 maionanat manus	
	الله صحد نفاة عالم (باد إنفاء سكه صاحب فراني ، زد رتا ثيد اله عامي دير الهم	
	allah Muham ⁴ Shah Alom badshah, sikka sahib i Kiran ^{*e} 1219	WHY.
90	مع المام عنه المام الما	
	sanat jalus maimenab manus 45.	
	PL. One pai sikka in Pusian, Bengali + Nagari (su Bungel no.33)	DFN.
	MUHAMMAD ANBAR II. 1231-1258 AN.	
91	It is sign of Farrushabad sanat 12.	
	الكر الله المراسة - Shah akbar shahi falus 1288 - شاي فلوس ١٣٣٣	BM.
	FATHPUR AMBAR	
92	Jart falus Fathpur dar - ضرب فلوس فتخبور دار السلطلة	
	al sullanat Re 914 time samile give. Sanat fi	
	nuhsad hashtad wa shash 986	0.
98	to dam. Same reading + dale	GM.
94	as no 92. R. Sanat fi ruhsed hoshlad wa haft 967	DFH.
95-	Jart Fathpur upper part unread	cm.
96	as to 92 R. Janas fi nutred hastlad wa 989	Rod.
	·	
	GORAKPUR . (MUAZZAMABAD) AKBAR.	
97	ور کبور فرب فلوس) گورکبور علوس) گورکبور	WHY.
	R. Janat ilahi 5' mah Shahrowa	
98	Fart falus Goranpur. R. Slahi 5x agr . , il (month)	BM.
99	1 Sec Lorargeur Re	BL.
100	do de R. Sanat nuhsad hashlad 98×	BM.
	JAHANDAR OF FARRUNHSITAR AN. 1124	
101	Jaro muazzamabad Janat	
	ahad - year one R. Jalus sanat 1124 unna mutaran	BM.
	The correct reading starts at bottom, see page 45.	



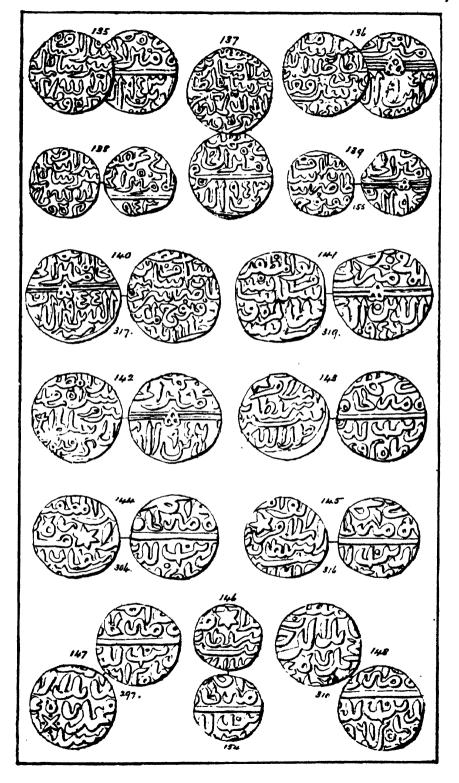
	JAUNPUR	
	IBRAHIM . AH 408 - 844	
102	ابراهيم شاء سلطاني غادت مهلكته ابراهيم شاء سلطاني غادت مهلكته	
1	Khaldas mamlustas - may his reign be peopolualed	
	مع مسمع المعالم على - الخليف امير المومنيين غلدت خلافت م ١٠٩ هم	
	momenin Khaldat Khalifat 626	MAY
103	Ibrahum Shah sullani R. Khalife abu al feth 886	•
104	as last. M. to gall sel abu al fath	
İ	MAHMUD, AN. PHM - 868	
105	2 the sack - Mahmud Shah bin Ibrahum shah " as 102	
	13. as 102 but dated 11 4 . 845	
106	Mahmud Shah him Strakim sullani. B. as 108, date 646	
107	Mahmud Shah in certise around - bin Ibrahim Shah	
	sullant Re Ma, it. wit amir al momenon 864 . A EF	MV.r.
108	maximud Shah & na, it asser al momenon	-
	MUHAMMAD (joint King) AN 561.868.	
109	8 in se - muhammad Shah bin Mahmud bin Ibrahim	
	shah sullani R. As re 102 but dated 862 - 144	•
110	muham? Than 40 as last. Rx As 103 date 662 - 144	,
111	as 109-but circularly arranged. R. Mail to 662 (ou 107)	CM
	HUSEN SHAH. AH 868-881.	
112	8 in Just Husen Shah bin Mahmud Shah ben Strakion	
	Shah sullani 4 as 102. Re as 102 dated 86%	WAY.
113	as last date indistinct	
114	as last but arranged circularly. Re as 107 with date 867	CM.
	BAHLOL LODI AH 881 -894.	
115	A 90 نشورجونبور . Shater Jaumpur 895. Re Baklol sultan	WW P
	HUMAYUN AH. 987 - 968	
116	Bi dar al jart mulbarak Khilta faumpur. R. Sanas p- 937	Bl.
	AKBAR . A.H. 968 - 1014	
117	الما علم مسامعه سيامة. فلوسجونيور ابو الفتع نصر الدين	
	nasir al din . R. Muham andar jalah al din wa al din !	W.
	Falus Jaumpur dar al Milajat B. Muhiad hashtad m Shash-986	0.
49	120 Jart falus Jaunpur A Geometrical design?	WAV.



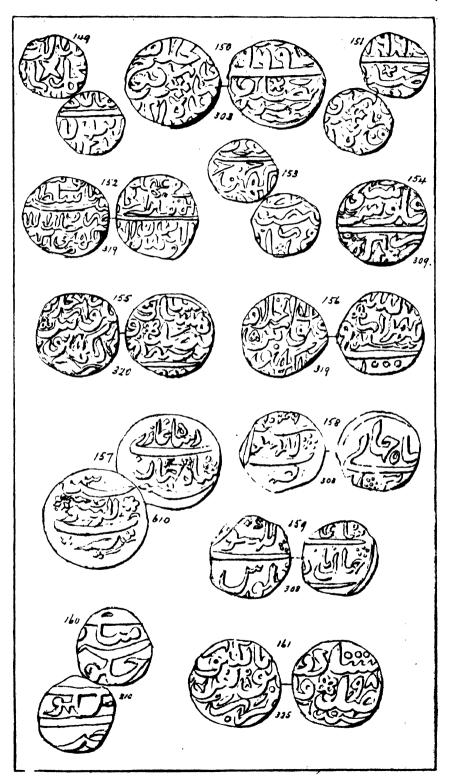
		- i
	KALPI - MUHAMMADABAD 'unt KALPI.	
	SHER SHAH AH.946-952.	
121	149 ملك Jart Kalfu Mallad allah multah عدد الله ملك	
	السلطان العادل ابو المظفر شير شالا سلطان . 4. المظفر شير شالا سلطان	
	abu al muzaffar Ther Than sullan. (boubful das 949)	CM.
/22	Jert Kalpi 94x Mallad allah mulkah	
	R. as 121 but legend commences at bottom.	BM.
128	2 dam reading as 121 dated 94x.	BM.
124	I dam variety daled (9149.	BM.
125	Variety dated 98. 950 larger lettering	DF11.
126		DFK.
127	gart Kalpi Ther Thak sullan فرب كالوي شيرشاء سلطان	
	Re فيعد الأمير الحامي . في عدد الأمير الحامي	
	Margins illegible on both sides.	DFH
128	& dam, same type	DFH
	ISLAM SHAH AM. 952-960.	
129	المعادل من اسلام شالا بن شير سنالا سلطان ضرب كالمع . اسلام شالا بن شير سنالا سلطان ضرب كالمع	
	bin Ther That sulsan gast-Kalpi. 19EV-957	
	Re Fi ahad al amir al hami al din al/digan je les les	BAJ.
	AMBAR . A.H. 968 - 1014	
130	-Bidar al sart - بدار الضرب محمد اباد عرف كالبي	
	Muhammadabad 'urf (alias) Kalpi.	
.	# - بنام على الم على الم الله على الم الله على الله الم الله الم الله الله الله الله ا	
,	wa shart.	CM.
131	t dam. Bi dar al jart Muhammadabad urf Kalpi	
	R. Nuhsad shast wa chahr = 900-60-4 = 964	BM.
182	عطم كاليي Bar al jart Khila Kalpi	
	Re 944 in estiles. Fi al tarich sanat- 966.	Pord.
/33	& dam same tijhe, daled 468 - 941	Rose.
134	. Adjus dar al jart Kalpi.	
,	المستنفذ بالمستنفظ المستنفظ والمستنفذ والمستنفظ المستنفظ المستنفل	
	wa haflad wa ex - 900 - 70 - 1 = 971	Rod
,		



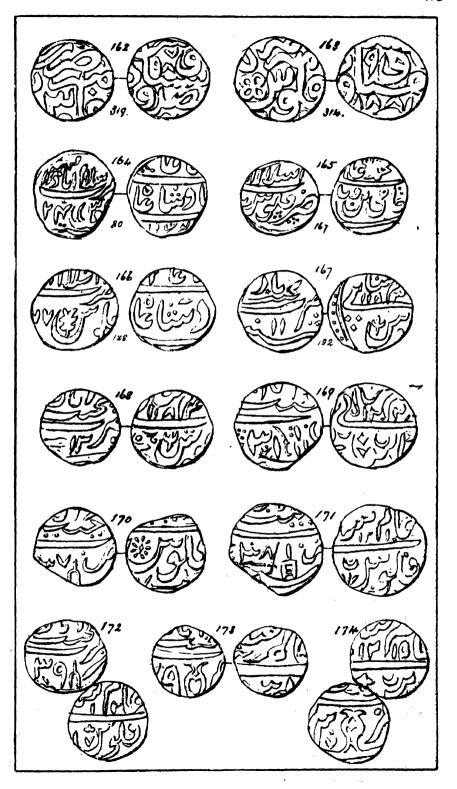
	MANAUJ = SHERGARH-HANAUJ = SHAHGARH KAKAUJ.	
	ISLAM SHAH AH. 952 - 960	
185	أبو المطفر) اسلام شاة بن شيرشاد سلطان علد الله ملك شيركره فنوج	
1	[abu at muyaffar] I starn That bin Ther That sullan	
	Khallad allah mulkah Shorgarh Kanau	
1	- في عهد الأمير الحام الدين الديان ٩٤٣ R	
1	Fi ahad at amir at hami at din at digan 953	DFH
156	Variety with Phergart wof (- i, E) Kanacy same date	BM
197	another variety same date	BM
138		BM
139	生 6 140.	B M
140	another variety with Khallad allah to bottom line	CM
	and dated 1EE - 955	
141	another one dated 164 . 95%	CM
142	Do same date	ВМ
	Co SHAHGARH	
143	ابن المطفر اسلام الله عليه سلطان سيشير شاد غلد الله ملكه.	ВМ
144	Obre al muzaffar I dam That sullan bon Ther That	DFH
145		DFH
	في عمد الامير الحام الدين الدياك شاة كرة ١٤٩ ١٨	
	Fi ahad at amir at barni at din at duyan Shahgarh 959	
	144 has date (14 960 x 145 - (1411 = 961	
146	1 dam same type	DFN
	MUHAMMAD ADIL SHAH AH 960-964	
147	ابو المظفر بتايد الرحمن محمد شاة عردل سلطان 🔆	
1	Abu at myaffar bulayid al rahman Muhammad	
	Shah'adl sullan	
	ع في عهد الامير المام الدين الديان شاة كرة 971	
	Fi ahad at amer at hami at din at digan Thangarh	
	961.	HHV
1448	as last - showing up at the bottom of &	MHr.



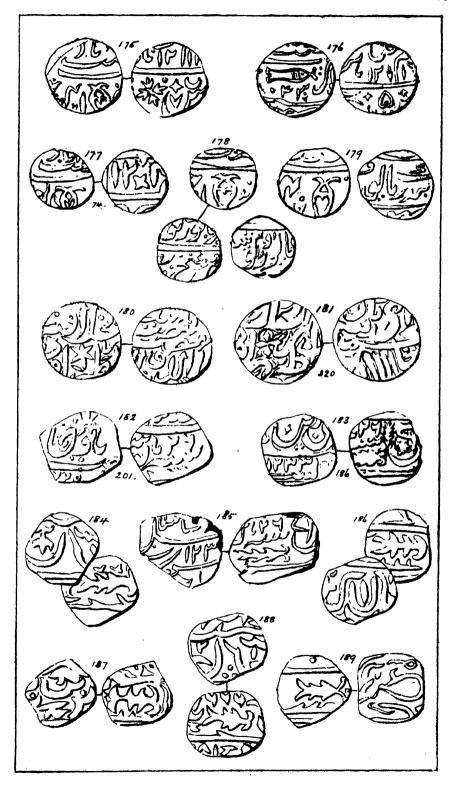
149	Same type as last, reading - abu at mujaffor butaged	
	al rateman Muhammad Shap adl sullan	
	R. Fi ahad at amor at hami at din at digion hangor 961	BM.
	CLI SHAHGARH KANAUJ, AKBAR. AH.963-1014	1 1
150	اللافة صرب فنوج (عراف شاء گارة) اللافة صرب فنوج (عراف شاء گارة)	1.1
	zarb Kanauj wof Shangarh . Kanauj alies Shangarh	1 1
	ا عند و ششت نع عند و منت الله عند و ششت نع الله عند الله	1 1
	nutrad wa shasht nut - hine hundred & siety name	CM.
157	2 dam same type and date.	BM.
	LAKHNAU . LUCKNOW.	
	SHER SHAH. 14. 946 - 952	1 1
152	« الوالمُطْوَر شَدِير لِنَنَا لا سلطان خلد الله صلاط ضرب لكھنو	1 1
1	Abu al muzaffar Ther Than sullan Khallad allah mulkap	1 1
	- في عمد الامير المام الدنيان الدين قربد و. R. عمد الامير المام الدنيان الدين	1
	Fi shad al amir el hami al duniya wa al din farid	BM
	AKBAR . A.H. 963 - 1014	
158	غ dam. فلوس اضرب المعنى Falus jath Lakhnau	
	Ry sow was is is torikh nuhrad shasht . 96x	BM
154	فلوس Akbar Shahi above اكبرشاهي على المعادية	CM
155	Sar al khalifat falus zarb Lakkmau.	
	& Sanat fi 986 nursad wa hosplad wa shasht	
156	Ob. as last. R. Sanat fi 1000 ex higar allah Aktar?	Rod.
	SHAH JAHAN AH 1037-1068.	
157	jart lakknau sanat	
	Re ile ale vier sille sille Sanat 5 Shah fakan badshak ghayi	
1 1	3 art Lakhnau sanat 1046. R. Shah Jahani falus	DFH
159		Rod.
//.	AURUNGZEB ALAMAIR AH. 1068-1118	Rod.
100	غلوس مبارك : Jart Lakhnau . Re Jalus mutaran علوس مبارك . MANIK PUR.	wa.
	ANBAR AH 963- 1014	
161	مرب فلوس مانكبور عمرب فلوس مانكبور عمرب فلوس مانكبور	
*****	Right solimos som i in . Sanat nutrad wa hashlad wa 98x	RB.
	A to Demonstrate and the Asia Asia Asia Asia Asia Asia Asia Asia	



	MEERUT . MIRATH or MIRTHA (Rajpulana)	
l	AKBAR, AH,963.1014	
162	gart mirath " falus.	
	R. MAY washlad on haft 987 . Wheat on hashlad on haft 987	0.
163	As last but dated · Russad wa hashlad wa hasht 988	Rod.
	MUTTRA - ISLAMABAD MATHURA .	
1	SHAH 'ALAM IT AH. 1178 - 1221	
164	- Jart Solamabad - ضرب اسلام اباد صقهرا طوس سنعة ۲۴	
	mashura jalus sanat 24 R. ishi alla sim	
	Shah 'alam badshah ghayi	w
165	Jart falus - Islamatad Palus eye see see with all	
	being portions of allah / Muham shah alam Shah hami din k	BL.
166	Jant-falus Islamatad (11)77. R. Shah alam badshah ghazi	Rod.
	NAJIBABAD	
	SHAH 'ALAM II AH 1173 - 1221	
167		
	R. 11AT عالم نشامع فلوس alam Shahi falus 1183	BM.
168	as last with sanat II -12	
į	R. Y m. curl of J. date 1184	BM.
169	Sanat 31 & and Bart Rajibabad	
	14, \$ m curl of w. date 1202	BM
170	(Sanat) 37. A and jart najibatad	
·	R. I in curl of w date -	BM
171	Sanat 38. & A and zart najibabad	
	Re in earl of w. date 1210	NHY.
172	Sanat 39. A and zart hajibabad	
	R w in cust of w, date 12xx	BM
178	Sanat (8)9. D(a fish) and jart najibahad	
	14. Alam shahi falus. no dale	ьм
174	Sanat 37. a fish and zart hazitatad	
	R. + w in curl of J. date 1215	BM.



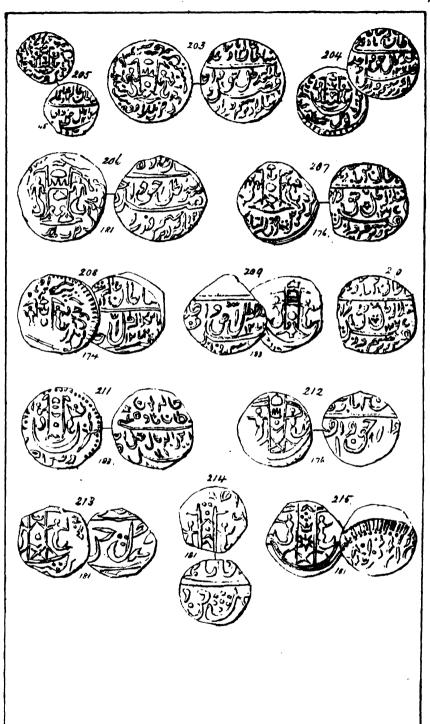
175	الم عبد اماد (سنة) عمرب محيب اماد (سنة) Af Fi	
1 1	عالم شايع طوس ك الم 1214 - alam Shahi falus ا	LM
176	Janat 48 and jark Rajibabad	
	R a in curl of w date 1216 r alam Phahi falus +	BM
1 1	UNDER SIMM RULE.	
177	R Jaro Rajitabad	
	A 124x	WHY
178	as last	BM
179	Re Postions of the podical begind wed on the coins	B M
	دیگ تیع و فتح و نصرت بیدرنگ ماد که	
	 پافت از نانک گوروگوبند سنگه 	
	Deg legh wa fath wa nasrat i be darang	
	Yafat ay Nanax Guru Gobind singh	
	= Abundance, the sword, viology and help without delay	
	Guru Gobind Lingh obtained from ranax	
	OUDH - AWADH	
	AKBAR. A.H. 968 - 1014	
180	ec المال المدان المدان المدان المدان المال المال المال المرب المال الما	
	A Nasir al dunya wa al din, Nuhsad shast hasht 3968	
	باصرالدنباوالدين نهمحد شست هشت!	LM.
181	Dar al Khalifat Khitta awadh zart	
	- falal at din muham - حلال الدين حجمد اكبر ماد شالا	
	mad Aktras badshah	CM.
	SHAH ALAM II AH 1173 - 1221	
182	nature pairs a misaking those of Banares, struck in	81.
183		
184		BM
185		WHY
186	حامی دین مجمد شاه عالم یاد شا ۲	6
107	Sikka gad bar haft kishious sahya fazl ilah	4
188	Nami den Muhammad Shah alam padishah =	4
1891	The defender of the religion of Muham? That alam Padishah	4 .
ļ	Thadow of the divene favour, put his stamp on the seven climes	1
1		



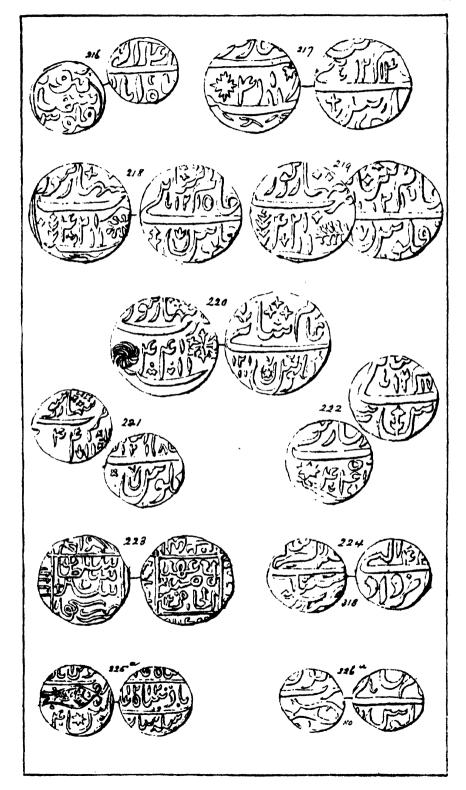
	OUDH (KINGDOM). Capital LANHNAU	
	GHAZĪ AL DIN HAIDAR . A.H. 1234 - 1248	
190	arms in imitation of East India 60, in centre 14 km . 4'26	WHV
191	Portions of inscription - to right make - julies about arms	
	maimanat dar al imanat Lakhner . مبمنت دار الامارة لكهنو	
	to left, ale . manus. Below, 839 1820 of . Jaro soubah Budh	
	Re Portions of legend of That alaon as no 187 + date 1204	
	Role! the above were issued in the name of Shah alam the next.	
	ones in his own	
192	arms + micro as last, but in centre year one" is him.	
	سكه زد درسيم . أو از فضل ذو المنن إغازي الدين ر . به معاد مدر . بعد	
	المن شاه رمن ۱۲۳۵ ميد رعالي نسب شاه رمن ۱۲۳۵	
	gu al manar, Thazi al din Haidar ali nasal Thak jaman 1385.	
	- Ghazi al din Hardar of lofty lineage, King of the World struck	
	coins in gold & selver by the grace of the great and alonighty God	BM.
193	The same but dated - Y. wim = sanat 2 + 1477-1236	B.M.
	NASTR ALDIN HAIDAR AH: 1243-1253.	
94	is 190 - but Laxhnau is termed Sar al sullanat. ii blu 4/12	
	مرهر سكم شاه ردة ر لطف العم إسبهر صرتبع ساة جهان سليمان خاة ١٢٣٤ هم	
	Bar har sirka shahi zada ji lut dah, Seputer martaba Shah Jahan	
	Sulerman Jak 1264. The royal coin struck by Sulerman Jak te.	B.M.
195	as 190 but with Dar at sultanal Lakhman sanal 3	
ŀ	نالب مهدى رصير الدبن حبد رماد شاه إسكه زدبرسيم ورراز فضلح قطل العاميم	
	Texta jad burrem wa jar ay fazl hank zill ilah - na ib mahdi	
	Masir al din Haider badshah . The Mail of Mehdi, Maser al din	
	Maidar, the King, struck come in silver & gold under the grace	
	and protection of God	BM.
196	as last but sanat 0:5 and on Re (14+) v 1247	B.M.
197	Similar with date on Re 14 49 . 1249	BM.
198		an.
	MUNAMMAD ALI SHAH AH . 1253 1258	
199	Two females supporting a crown arcular ins. Jalus masmara	
	manus zart soutak Oudh dar ut sultanat Lakhnau sanat ahd	



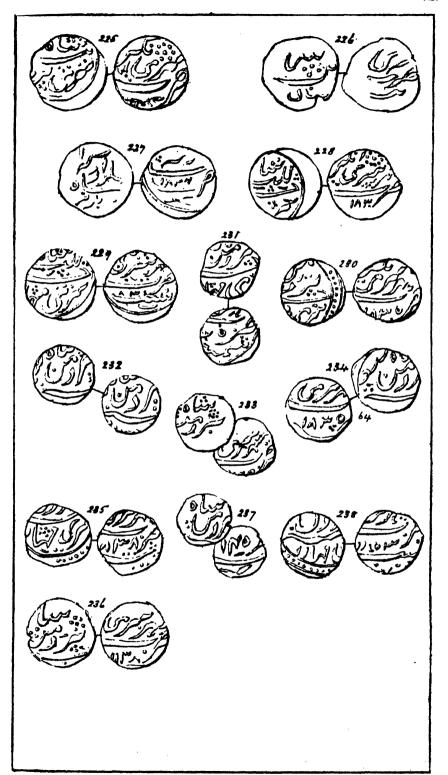
	. بجود وكرم سكة زد در جهان إحمد على ساد شاغرسان ١٢٥٠ يم	
	In jud wa karm winka zad dur fahan, Muham di badshah	
	Jaman 1284 - Muham " ali, King of the Universe, by his grace	4
	and bonevolence struck crims in the world . 1254	Bm.
200	Similar but of rule type and dated sanat . Year 2	Bm
	AMJAD ALI SHAH, A.H. 1258 - 1263	
201	Fish, orown, and umbrella, enclosed by two swords. around,	1
	Sanal and julus marmanat manus jort mulkah Oudh bait	
	در حمان رد سكم شاع بتائيد العاظل حق العداد رد سكم شاع بتائيد العاظل حق	
	امجد على شاء رص عالم بناء المجد على شاء رص عالم بناء المعدمة المعدد على شاء رص عالم بناء	d
1	alah, Jill hank, amjad ali Shah zaman alam panah. 1258 :	
	amy ad ali, King of the Universe, refuge of the world, shade of God	
	struck royal come in the world through the help of God .	Bm
202	May sige - otherwise as last	an.
	MAJID 'ALI SHAH AH 1263-1272.	
203	Two mermaids holding pennants & clubs. Crown, umbrella, and	
	ball between pennants. around "Sanas and jalus maumanat	1
	manus zart mulkah Oudh bait al sullonal Lakknow -	
	سما اهد علوس ميمنت مانس صرب ملكه اودة بيت السلطانة لكهنو	
	سكم زد درسيم وزرار فصل نائيد الع ظل حق واجد على سلطان عالم بادشاة . يم	
	Tikke jad burseem we gar as fast taid itah jull hakk	
	Wayed ali sulan alam badshah. 1263.	
	Wand all sullan of the world the ring the stade of God struck	
	coins in silver & gold, through the grace of the sivene help	BM
204	l •	Bm.
205		MHY
206		5m
207	are apparently of the same reading, give various delet	MAK
4	and shaw the gradual degeneracy of the coinage	MHV
215	from the original type	WH.r.



		_
	SAHARANPUR	
	AHBAR . AH 965 - 1014	
216	Bharanpur falus R. Mah aban ilahi 41 . سعاريور فلوس	0.
	SHAH ALAM I : A H //78 - /321	
217	ورب سمارفيور سنة 11. 11 عرب سمارفيور سنة 11. 11 عرب سمارفيور سنة 11. 11	
	Re It 1114 alla alla m Shahi falus 1214	BM
2/8	🐧 🍀 jart Saharanjur sanat 42.	WHY
	R. & . alam Shahi falus 1215.	
219	another similar, same date.	BM.
220	2. Jart Saharanpur sanat 44	
	R alam Shahi falus 12kg	BM
221	2 uje . It jart Pararanjur sanat 44	BM
	R. V. alam Shahi falus. 1217	
222	to uje the Jart Saharanjur sanat 44	BM
	R. & alam Shaki falus 1217.	
	SAMBHAL	
	SHER SHAH, A.H. 946-952	
225	- Ther Shak sullan gart Sant متنبر نناء سلطان ضرب سليعل	
	hal Margins illegible	Rod
	Re. esee Illough son of thand al amir al hami	
	Margin at lop Il at den the others illegible	DFN.
	AKBAR A.H 963 1014.	
224	gart fambhal rim tanka . ورد سندهل نيم ندكه اكبر ساه	
	anbar shahi	
	عدد الهي amardad/month; ilahi المرداد الهي ۴۴	0.
	MUMINABAD - BINDRABAN - See also BINDRABAN, p 98	
	These coins were inadvertently smitted from the above	
	SHAN'ALAM Z AN 1178 - 1881	
225	a fish yes اماد مع معلقه على مرب موس اماد ۲۰ ماره م	∤ 1
	A Shah alam badshah ghari sikka mubarak 1212 -	BM.
	ساه عالم ماد ساه عازم سکت مبارك ۱۲۱۲	0.
226	a fish jart Muminabad A alam Shahi falus	Pl.
3		



	OMITED PROMICES	
	SRINAGAR - GAHRWAL	
	PRADIP SHAH S. 1774 - 1828	
225	I we was you - In Pradip than	
	R. Jusya - Jart Frinagar	BM
226	I'm برد بر شالا	
	Re gart Grinagar:	3m
227		
	R IATV in with my die fart Prinagar sambat 1827	BM
	LALLAT SHAH 8.1828 - 1837.	
228	الي سالا (جبو) عمري مهارا جنه للي سالا (جبو)	
,	- المعموة 1830 مسبت ١٨٢٠ صرب منهو سرى نگر	
	shaht Irinagar - Struck in the city of Irinagar	BM
229	another dated 1831	BM
	PAROUMAN SHAH S. 1842 - 1861	
230	. المن شاهاحيد برى مهار اجمه برد من شاهاحيد)	
	duman Shah jyo R. Sambat 1836 jast Shaker Stinagar	BM
23/	Same but smaller	BM
232	another both sides alike.	BM
253	do as Ro 230	BM
234	another large one showing the word 300 - 140	DF4
235	another dated 1838	BM
236	do do du 111 ^{rg})?	pm
237	do do 1845° small	BM
288	do de 1853°	BM



PART II HISTORY OF THE PANJAB

The history of India in the earlier pages of this work briefly commemorates the chief facts in the history of the Janyab and therefore the main points only need be men. troned here. This history is representative of the different races who have conquered India and the plains between its rivers formed the battle ground for mastery of empire In 327 & 6 Alexander the freat advanced as far as the Sully and the Iteco-Bactrian dynasty founded by his general, Ieleucus, which lasted till about 126 B.b has left ma my remains bhandragupla of the Mauryan dynasty who ruled. Magadha about this period (30886) added the Pan jab to his dominions, and a little later it was a stronghold of the Buddhists its early as the 75 century musalman invaders from the West began to devastate the district. Il was not till 975 however that Sabuklagin, general of Khurāsān, Jather of the great Mahmud, advanced beyond the Indus to plant the Muhammadan power firmly in the heart of the Paryab. In 1027 Mahmud of Ghagni made Lahore the capital of a subject province. From Lahore, the real of empure was removed to Dehli by Muhammad ghori founder of the second Muhammadan dynas by circ 1193. From this period onward the coins in this work form a chronological picture of the many changes of dynasty experienced and should prove of sorvice to the slu dont. In 1524 the Mughal prince Babar invaded India and succeeded in conquering the whole Panjab as far as durhind Two years later he defeated the Afghan army at Punipal, entered Dohli as a conqueror and founded the Mughal dynasty The gradual decline of the Mughals " and the rue of the Sikhs into power commenced in the mid dle of the 17th contury. The invasion of nadir Shah in 1738

and that of Ahmad Shah Gurrani in 1762 for a while check ed the power of the Sixhs but true to their faith the Sixhs rose once more as their conquerors withdrew and initiated a final struggle, which resulted in their complete independence. The overthrow of the Sixhs, the final collapse of the thughals and the advent of the British as a paramount power are set out in further detail as beforementioned in the earlier pages of this work.

THE GURMUKHI ALPHABET
also called SIKH and PANJABI

VOWELS.										
ऋ	भा	12	ष्टी	ਬੁ	용	È	정	ਉ	\$	
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		ri.								•
				Ç	NSON	YANT	·s ,			
व	ਖ	N	24	ટ્	3	इ	স	F	5	3
Ka	Kha	ga	gha	ña	ch,ca,	cha	ja	jha	na	<i>t</i> ạ
ঠ	इ	· 厾	بر	उ	耳	ತ್ತ	띡	ኧ	प	ढ
		dha,re								
ਬ	ਡ	મ	ય	J	ප	乏	ą	3,	म	ז
		ma								

For last of DURRANI and SIKH rules see page 229

BRITISH INDIA.

THE PANJAB.

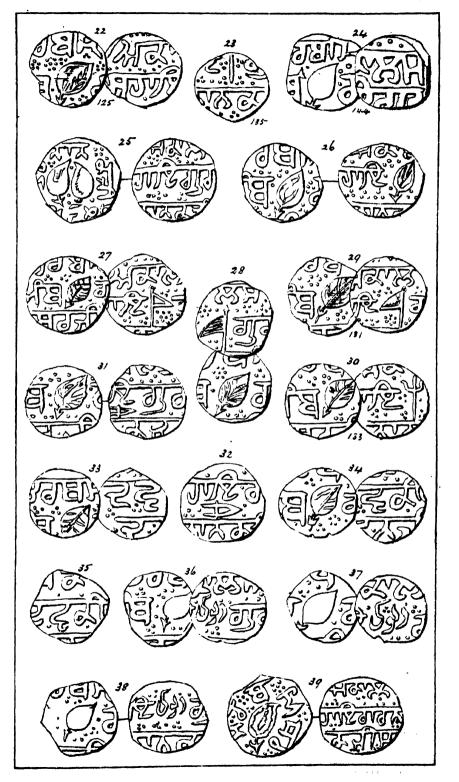
	THE PANJAB.	
	AMRITSAR.	
į	RANJIT SINGH. 8.1876-1896	
1	A pipal beaf a favourite sign or mark of the Pikhs	WH,V:
	. اعرات سر ۱۸۸۰ میمنت مانوس ضرب سری امرت سر ۱۸۸۰	
	at manus zarb Pri amrilsar- 1880 (Portions only)	
	Re Portion of the Sikh coupled or two line verse.	
	دنگ تبع و فتع و نصرت بیدرنگ	
	- بافت ازنانک گوروگربند سنگ	
	Deg, tog, fath narrat i be darang	
	Yaft of Ranak Guru Gobind Singh =	
	"Abundance, the sword, victory and help without delay	
	Guru gobind Singh obtained from Manak" (Do boding	elin)
z	Theur other portions of inscript on both sides.	OFH.
3	do	V .
4	the same	8.
ح	the same	H.
6	the same, mint clear	r.
1	the same. date 1881	H.
8	Maimanat . ميهنت مانوس تحنت اكال ضرب سري سنة ١٨٣٠.	
	manus takht akal jarb Pri sanat 1880 (110 = 5.1887)	
	Rabā - بابا نا نک فتح ثبغ گور گوبند سنگه فیصل R.	
	Ranak fast teghtur Gobind Singh fazt.	BM.
9	a leaf . In gurmukhi the alphabet of the gurus or	
	disciples of Nanak. The founder of the Sixh religion .] -	
	अवध् fart मी नर अधिवडमव ambrasar भी fi	
	Struck in the illustrious amorts ar . 9284 . 1885 . S.	
	R. a cross, MRIB and HITE sahai of June ATAR Na.	
	nak ATji.	R.
10	Variety without cross, same date .	R.
11	Variety with flag . Ambratian missfell ?	R.
,		



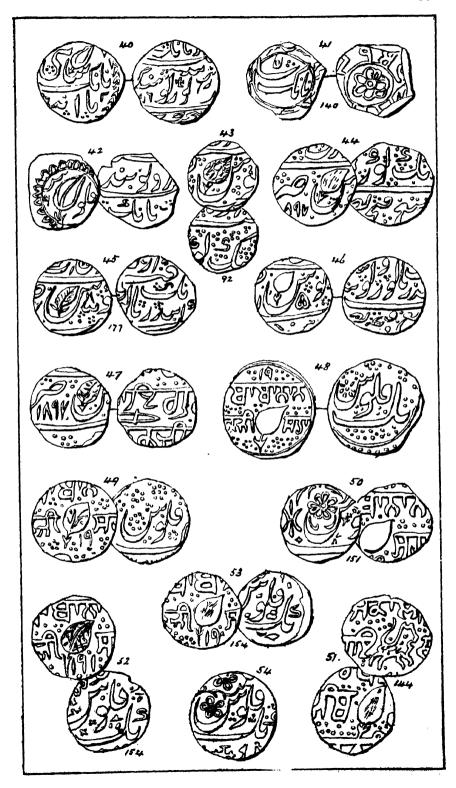
	THE PARTAS.	
12	another variety same reading.	
	"Jart dri ambrahar ji 188 x "	
	A axal sahai guru ranax ji The i terminating	,
	Sahai . H IT to forms a prominent feature on some	
	of these corns	R.
15	another, hexagon shape and leaf on both sides.	R.
14	variety of smaller type shewing plainly the whole	
	of the date - 1805	R.
	These large pieces appear to be proofs from the dies	
	used in striking the coins in ordinary use and	
	weigh about 600 grains.)	
15	Quarter size! Same reading	
16	do same roading differently arranged.	H.
17	another large piece shewing flag in centre of	
	obverse	s.
18	Half size. Same reading hexagonal.	s .
19	Quarter size Type of last	s .
20	Variety with flower in centre of Re.	BM.
2/	somewhat larger type.	V.
	. \$1.	



	The coins numbered from 22 to 38 have portions	
	of the same legends as those preceding, oi;	
'	In gurmukhi अवध् jast भी अने भीष्ठमन	
	ambrahar Al ja . Struck in the illustrious am	
,	tilsar	
	B. भरास axal मग्रिकिको गुर्ग प्राप्त मात्र na-	
	ran 利ji.	
22	The pipal leaf. (3) rb sri R ana (b) schai	v.
23	Stag staff. (sahā lī Igu Iru; bottom line "Ranak"	ν.
24	Has very large letters	٧.
	Two pipal leaves with the legend around "axal	R.
	sahār guru hanak jr. R. Same in straight lines.	
26	Leaf on both sides. Ob. Jast sti (ambrassar)	-
	Re akal sahai guru ranak ji.	H.
27	Same legend. Ob Seaf, Re Flag to right	BM
28	do do R. do Ceft.	AM.
29	Same, different design on flag.	N.
30	Same legend. Ob. Leaf R. Trident.	H.
2/	do do R. Dagger. (= Kalar.)	н.
32	do do R. do	R.
33	Ob Repal leaf and "fart son amb (ralsar)"	AM.
34	Re In Gurmukhi HATE and ECA Sevani EATH	ÆМ.
35	danaj	R.
	(Devani was the mother of Krishna).	
36	Ob Pipal leaf and Jart on ambrassar	B.M.
37	R. Ses . Deraki, in centre of the usual gurmushi	AM.
	inscription. axal sahai guru hanak ji.	BM.
39	Leaf - Jart amra (kar)?	
· ·	R. akal sahai Yuru Manak ji.	R.
	\widetilde{e}_{i}	1



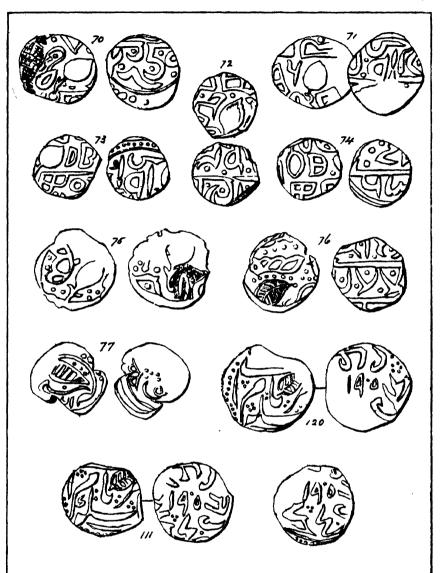
	T	7
40	باو انع نانك شايع ١٨٩٦ - ١٨٩١ /١٤/١٤ انع نانك شايع ١٨٩٦	1
	4 anna of the Ranak Shah. R. a cross. Portions of the	
	linh coreplet as to ! (These are known as Malsia houses)	B.M.
41	In contre Ramak Shah inscription around unread.	
		B,M
42	Pipal leaf. Falus 9 - 9 ble	
	By Portions of Sikh couplet "hanax" at bottom	em.
	SHER SINGH . S 1897 . 1900 .	
43	Half pairsa? Portions of (Jalus !) maimanal manus	
	gart Pri amrilsar 1897 V m - 100 de	
	Q. Portions of the Sinh couplet, "Deg, teg fath nasral i	
	be darang, Gaft of Ranak Gutu gotind Singh ".	Н.
144	Paissa, with inscript as last dated 1897.	R.
45	do with ornament &	s
46		B, N;
47	Db. as last inscripto without ornament but date	
	very plain 1897. R. Kalar or dagger and Gurmukhi	
	inscript = (portions) "akal sahai gunu Manar ji".	B.M.
48	In Jurmukhi, घाषा Baba राराय hanak नी मं मराहि	
	Ichai 1900.	
	14. In Persian, yan falus - web is - one falus	R
49	variety with date below.	BM.
30	" ornaments, resette te.	S.
51	a lion. akal sahai guru	R.
	R. a leaf and portions of Jart It ambrahar je"	
	DULIF SINGH. S. 1900 - 1904	
52	In Gurmukhi "Baba ranak ji sahai 1901"	s.
	Be In Persian "yak falus" cross in curl of .	
53	Similar, peculiar 9 looks like 4 . 14	H.
574	so variety of Re with roselles & coms.	B,M
أسسنيسا		لـــــا



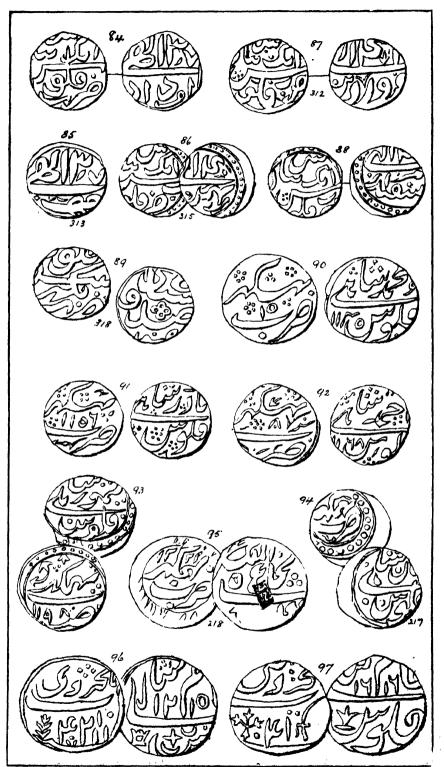
	-
SINH COINS OF UNDETERMINED MINT.	
Manak Shahi	
R. a wheel 1887.	B.M.
Laf! H K J 9	
R. 19 (159) IJ	BM.
1879 or 29 213 Te3	
Re. Circle with four spines.	R.
Leaf. 98. Have been attributed to Deta Ghazi Khan	es.
Re Ro Bor (4 JT Shera 4 TSC) Ghuji UK Khan)	R.
Similar double struck.	r.
similar with leaf to right.	٤.
Lity gartled inser. Some coins of Mullan have a lity,	r.
R. Lecf, Baba ranax": around)
another similar	B.M.
*	r.
Leaf + inser.	H.
R. TH. 33 ! (ambral)sar ju.	
Leaf + inser.	H.
R. Cross	
Leaf + inser.	H.
Re. inser. seems to read from top & bottom of lines	
in the centre of field.	
Leaf	H.
Be variety of last ?	
Leaf . Baba - around.	H.
A. another variety?	
Leaf.	H.
Re garbled inscription?	
	Manak Thati R. a wheel 1887. Laf! HT J9 R. 19 [:89] TJ 1879 or 29 JT3 To3 R. Circle with four spikes. Leaf. 98. Have been attributed to Dera Ghazi Man R D J Jon (! TJT Dhera "TTXT Ghuji UT Khan) Similar with leaf to right. Lity gartled insor. (Some coins of Mullan have a lity, R. Leaf, Baba hanan': around another similar Leaf + insor. R. TH. J J ! (Ambral)sar ji. Leaf + insor. R. insor. seems to read from top + bottom of lines in the contre of field. Leaf R. ranisty of last! Leaf. Baba - around. R. another variety! Leaf.



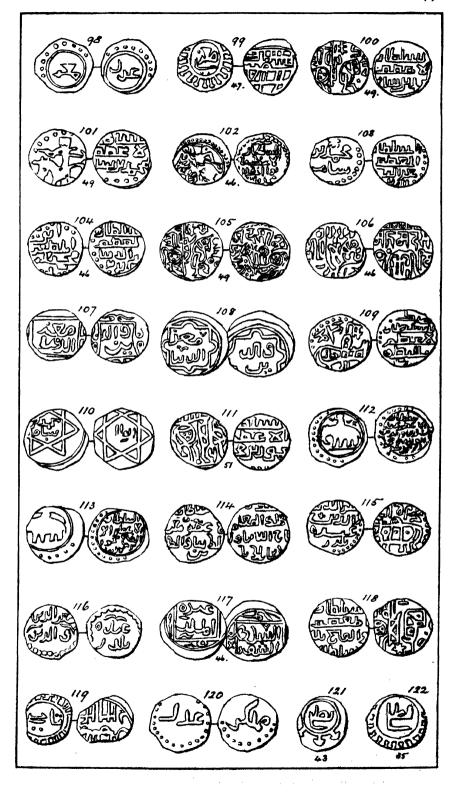
	THE PANJAB	
	SIKH COINS OF UNDETERMINED MINT.	
70	Pepal leaf	
	R.	
71	Leaf	
	A.	
72	Leaf	
	癸 .	
	Leaf	
	A.	
	Leaf	
1	A.	
75	Leaf both sides	
	4. countermarked	
76	Leaf	
امدا	%	
76	Leaf sanal- xx21.	
	R. 1	
18	Leaf when when we want	
	A. Dale 181 1905. inscription unread	
70	another	
79 80	www.	
,		



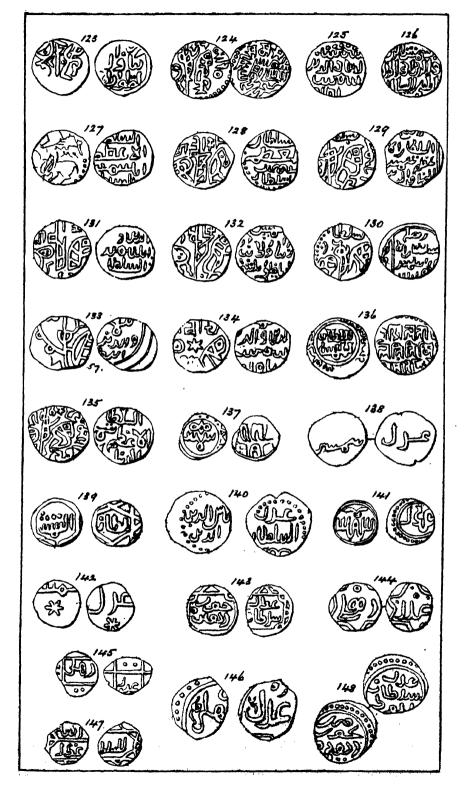
	ATAK BANARES AKBAR AH. 9116-1014	
84	Sart falus atak Banares. خرب فلوس اتك بنارس	
	Monsh) amardad ilahi 37	
85	as last but with month, pas . Mihr	CM
86	The same with 1 sahman dahi 40.	0
87	. الهي المعين عنه عنه المعين	0
88	do العيد ارمز العيد الم do العيد الم من العيد الم العيد الم الم العدم العدم الم العدم العدم الم العدم الم العدم العدم الم العدم الع	BM
	BHAKHAR. (BUKKUR.)	
	AKBAR. A.H. 946 - 1015.	
89	Sikka falus gart Bukhar when one after	
	R. Sanat nuhsad wa hashtad 980	0
	MUHAMMAD SHAH. A.H. 1131 - 1161	
90	(o مرب بمكبر o - gart Bhakhar 15-(4" of ruga)	
	R. 1140 muhammad Shahi falus 1145	B.M.
	NADIR SHAH AH. 1151 - 60.	
91	1104 July on gart Bhakhar 1156	
	nader Phahi falus.	8.M.
	AHMAD SHAH AH. 1160-1187.	
92	A Ken popular - jart Bhakhar sanal 8	
	A. 1140 احمد نشا بيرفلوس ۱۲۸ . Ahmad Shahi falus 1168	B.M
	TAIMUR SHAH. A.H. 1187 - 1207	
93	1191 Jart Bhakhar 1198	
	بنسور ساميے فلوس محمد ، تسور ساميے فلوس	B.M.
	ZAMAN SHAH A.H /207-16	
94	Sart Bhakhar . Pawilly idly . Jaman Shahi falus .	BL.
	SHUJA AL MULK, A.H. 1216, 1218-24. 1255.	
95	Bart Bhakhar 1222. Ry Shah Shuja at mulk to 9m ray?	B L.
	CHHACHRAULI. SHAH ĀLAM II AH, 1173-1221.	
96	FY in gard bhhachrault sanal 42.	
	A 1410 alla . allam Shaho falus 1215	CM.
97	another variety with regnal year 41 and A.H. 1616 ??	LM.
L		



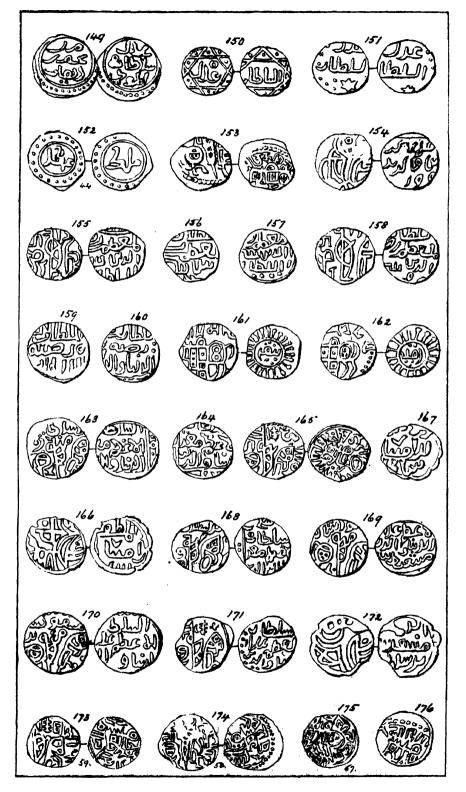
í	DEHLI (SULTANS OF)	
	MUIZ AL DIN MUHAMMAD IBN SAM. AH.589-602	
98	jes - milig R. Jsc - adl	Rod
i. I	2	Road
99		~od
100		
	A. السلطار العظم محمد س سام . al sultan al azim Muh bin Sam	
- 1	Howeman to l. A as last.	Th.
- 1	Howeman R Jay al sultan at azim abu at mujaffar R	Th
103	السلطان المعظم معز الدنبا و الدبن المعظم معز الدنبا و الدبن	
	Al sullan al majozim Múij al din wa al din	Th
104	abre at muzaffar much him Sam. R as last ابد المظفر محد من سام	Th.
105	Morroman. Gri hamira. R. Bull सा महमद सामे अनं Muk' Stam	Th.
106	Bebased horseman + bull. A. महमद सामि - Muham² Samī	Th
107+	. wa at din معز الدين wa at din معز الدين	IATA
109	स्रो मज - अन्त Muiy reversed, Ja jalal en rump. R. adl al sullan	l
110		l
	MAHMUD BIN MUHAMMAD BIN SAM	
///	Horseman . R. al sulan al azim Mahmud bin Muh hin Lam	cc.
//2	al durya wa	
	mud lon muhama soi Soon - " Proposition le	Rod
//8	Elephant. R. al sullan al azim atre al Fath Mahmud be Muhd	1
	TAN AL DIN YALDUZ - General of Much bin Sam	
// -	Al sultan al azim Muiy al dunya wa al din. Be abd al malik	
	al muazzom Taj al dunya wa al din Yalduy.	B.M.
,	عبدالهلك المعظم ناج الدنيا و الدين يلدر	l
	Bull 'In muj' R. muis al dunya wa al din abd yalduz	MAY.
116	ming al dunya wa al din R. abd Haldey = j I se	Rod
117		Z.R
//8	Howard Fri hamira" R. Al sullan al muazzon abu al fath Yaldus ullani	
119	Bull "Pri samanta" A. C. U . Taj	Rod
	KUTB AL DIN AIBAK AN . 602 - 607	
/20	I se add R calle . Mumlatet a mumaliti	Pox



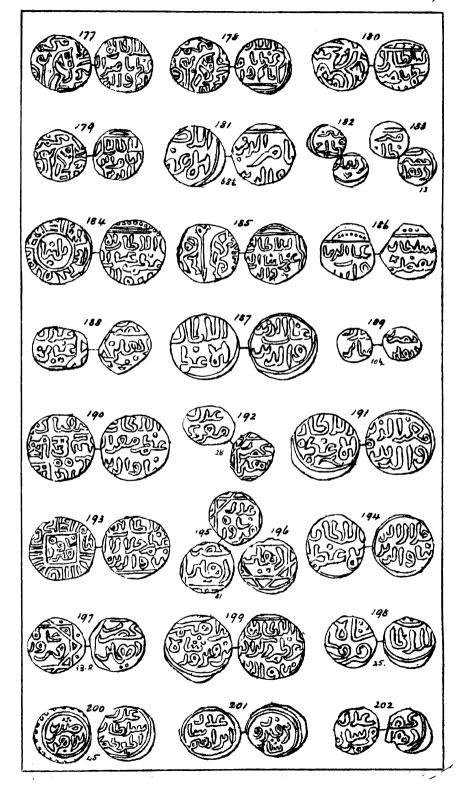
		_
	DEHLI comid	
121	+ 12. Bull + partions of Mindi R. R. Kutti	Bu
	ARAM SHAH AH 607. (Dorubtful reading)	
123	Noneman. R dunya wa alidin absolal muzefar aram . pl, 1	
	SHAME AL DIN ALTAMEH. A.H. 607-638.	
124	Noveman Sri Hamira . R. Bull सलतण सा समसदी =	
	Sultan sā sumasa din	7
125	as last . R. Thams at during wa at din Attatamen Fullan	7
	شمس الدينا و الدين ايلنتمش السلطان	
126		7
127	Horseman R. al sultan al azim pac XI altatamsh sultan	Rod
128	l	Rod
129	30, Howeman with allatamen al sultan R. Dehli s	Red
	al sullan at azim Ihams at dunya wa at din	
131	Horseman. R al dunya wa al din Altatamsh al sullan	Ross
132		Rod
133	Horrieman. Ryllwil . e le win - L'hams wa al din el sullan	Rod
134	Norse & star R. Shams at durya wa at din allalamit at	Rod
135	Norseman "Iri hamira" R. Al sultan al azim Shams al dunya	mr
136	al sullan altatamsh. स. मी सुनतां निवितिमिसि सं १२६३ -	
	Pri sultan Lititimisi san 1283 - AN 623.	7
137	Shams. R. मी ममस दीन - Sri samas din	7
138	Ihams R. Jse 'adl	Rod
139	شنتان altatamsh ه التنيش	7
140	Thams at durrya (wa) at din. R. 'Adl at sultan.	Rod
141	+ 42 Thams R'adl	TrA
	ANONYMOUS. Usually ascribed to altamsh	
143	. Hagrat Behli R. 'adl sultan.	Τ.
144	5-6 so Depli . Re Jac . adl .	Rod
147	Dehli adl R al sultan .	Rod
148	fart hagrat behli. A 'adl sultan al muayam past!	WAY.
 		1



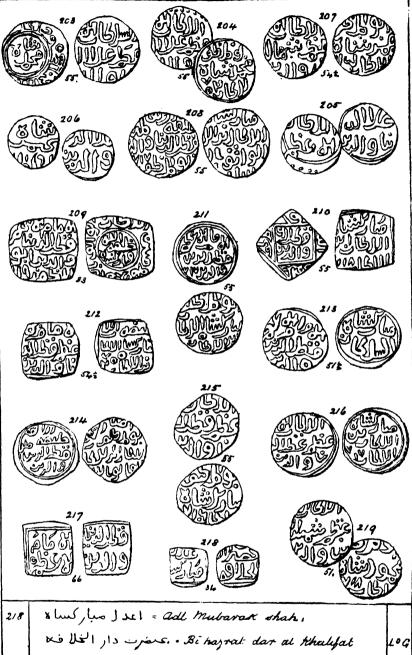
	DEHLI contid	
149	as last but B. seems to read sultanat.	MIV
150	a Jac · adl 6. R Ilmld . al sullan	7
151	On both sides "adl at sultan" and star.	Rod
152	adl R Lis malin	Rod
	FIROZ SHAH I RUHN AL DIN A.H. 638-634	
153	Horseman "Fri Hamira" R. सुरितां स्त्रो रक्षण दीण -	
	Surilan (- Sullan) Fri Rukn din .	C.M.
154	Horseman . R. 'azim Rukn al dunya ara al din Firoz .) 3	Rod
	RAZĪYA JALĀLAT ALDĪN AH 634 - 687	
155	- السلطان المعظم زخيم الدنيا والدين السلطان Norseman. R	The
, •	al sullan at muazzam Raziza al durnya wa al den al sullas	Rod
	62 Bull. A. In rayed circle ours, Raginga.	Rod.
	MU'IZZ AL DIN BAHRAM SHAH. AH 637-639	
163	by Horseman	-
	السلطان الاعظم معز الدنبا و الدين - muiss al durrya wa al din - السلطان	7
165	Nomeman In hamire: R. Aull. सुलताए सा मुयबदीं .	
	Sullan Sa (Shah) Mizzagadin.	7
166.	67 Horseman. A. Abru al muzaffar Bahram Shah sullan	CM
168	as not 163-64 but has Dehli (clas) abour ins. on R.	Rod.
	'ALA AL DIN MASAUD SHAH. A.H. 639 . 644.	
169	Horseman. "masaud shah". R. (al sulan)al azim ala al dun	
}	السلطان الاعظم علا الدنبا و الدبن مسعود سلا . السلطان الاعظم علا الدنبا و الدبن مسعود سلا .	1
170	as last, but on obs. has "marand Shah bin"	BM
171	Horseman. R: Al sullan al'azim'Ala al dunya wa at din	P.
172	Rude horseman. R. al sulan Masaud Shah bin sullan	r.
173	Morseman. सी घलोफ . Sri khalija . R. Bull . स्री ऋनावद्दीगा	
	' सुरिता ए : Gri ala va din Suritan . Sultan	CM.
174	as last but the bull is turned to left.	CM.
175	as nat 73 but is dated on the built hundquarter 93 1800.5.	CM.
176	7-7-6AP	7
Lain		. 1



	DEHLI conte	
	MĀSIR AL OĪN MAHMUD. A.H. 644-664	
177	Horseman. عدد Mahmud स्री हमीर:- In Namine	rie l
	A Al sullan al azim Nasır al dunya wa al din	OFA.
179.	l	WWY.
180	harwar-horseman R. as above	WYY
	Al sullan al azim R. Nāsır al dunya wa al din	Rod
ı	23 Rasir 'adl. Joe Jon R. Nagrat Dehli 2004. 054.	C.M.
	GHIYAS AL DIN BALBAN A.H. 664- 686	
184	Aalban margin, In sullan Ghiyas al din.	
	अो सुननां गयास दीं अ .السلطان الاعظم غياث الدنيا والدين	BM.
185	Horseman. R. as last, al sullan al azim Ghiyas al dunya we	8 M.
186	Ghigas al dunya wa al din R. Al sullan mu'azzam	Rod.
187	al sultan al azim R Ghiyas al dunya wa al din	MNV.
188-	a set	Rod.
	MUTZZ AL DIN HAIMUBAD A.H. 686 - 689.	
190		
	السلطان الاعظام معز الدنيا و الدين . अो मुलनां मु ड बुदों हू.	
	al sullan al azim Mu'y al dunya wa al din	B.M.
191	al sullan al azim, R. Muizz al dunya wa al din	WHV
192	Spen Joe add Miggi R Si hazrat Deple	Rod
٠,	JALAL AL DIN FIROZ II. A.H. 689-695.	1
193	win jone . Firoz Shah margin, Gri sullan fataludin	
	शोः सुननां जनानुदीं 🤼 السلطان अर्थे नेप्रियो।	BM
194	Reading as last, al sullan al azim. B. Jalal al dunya wa al	B.M.
	Jus adl Firoz R. Bi hazrat Dehli And	LºG.
197		Rod
198	Firey Shah. R. al sullan.	D.F.N.
€:	RUKN AL DÎN IBRÂHÎM SHAH AH 695	
199	Al sulian al azim Rusin . So al dunya wa al din.	
	Bulbraken Shak ben Firey Shak . Will but our will les	BM.
200	Abrahim (him) Ftroz . R. adl sulan al muzzam piel!	Bl.

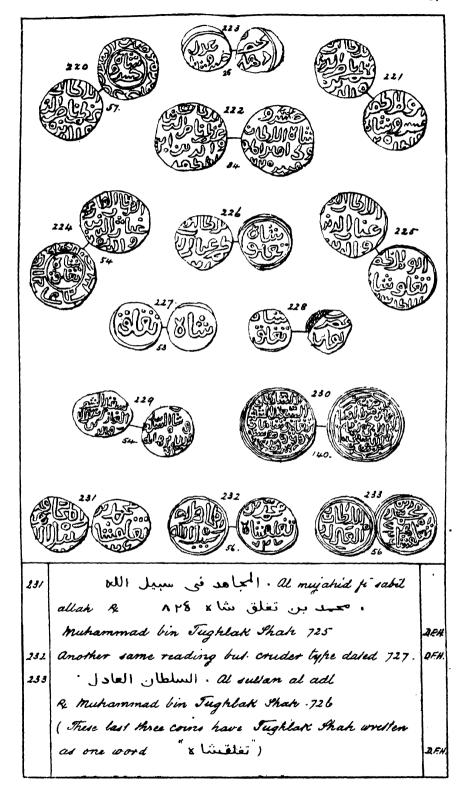


	PEHLI cont.	
201	adl Strakim Shah R bin Firog Shah	B.M.
'	'ALA AL DIN MUHAMMAD SHAH II AN 695-715	
202	add Muhammad Shah R. Nazrat Dehli.	B.M.
203		BM.
	श्री मुननां अनावदीं ७१० हि. السلطان الاعظم علا الدنيا والدين	7
204	Reading as last, all sullan al azim'ala al dunya wa al din	
	B. abu at muzaffar Muhammad Shah at sullan 702.	7
205	al sulian al azim R'ala al dunya wa al din	B.M
206	Muhammad Shah al sullan' Re as last	WHY.
	SHIHAB AL DIN OMAR AH 715	
207	al sullan al ajom Thihab al dunya wa al din	
	R abu al musaffar Omar (, -c) shah at sullan 716	7
	KUTA ALDÍN MUBARAK I AH. 716-720.	
208	خلمفعرت العالمين قطب الدنبا والدين ابو المظفر ٧١٧	
	Khalifah rabb al'alamin Kulb al dunya * abu al muyaffar	
	ساركشاء السلطان ابن السلطان الواثق بالله اسير الموسنبن يعم	
	· Mularak shah al sullan bin al sullan al wasek billah re	7
209	al imam al azim Kulb al dunya wa al din abu al muzaffar	
	R. Khalifah allah Mubarak margin, Al sultan al wank te	CM.
210	Kutb al dunya wa al din . In corners . Khalifah, allah, atril, muza	من
	R. Mubarak shah al sullan ibn al sullan 718.	CM.
2//	U imam al azim Kubb al dunya wa al din 717.	
	R. Abu al muzaffer Mutarak shah al sullan ibn al sullan	7.
2/2	as last. Re Khalifah allah Mubarak shah al sullars to 720	CM.
2/3	as last & Mubarak shah al sullan.	CM.
2/4	Same reading as 208 but differently arranged	R
2/5	Al sullan al azim Kulb al dunya wa al din	
	Re atu al mujaffar Mubarak shah al sullan 716	CM.
216	As last. A Mubarak shak al sullan hin al sullan 717	WNY.
217	at imam at azim B. Kuth at duriya wa at din	7.
B., 1	e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e	,

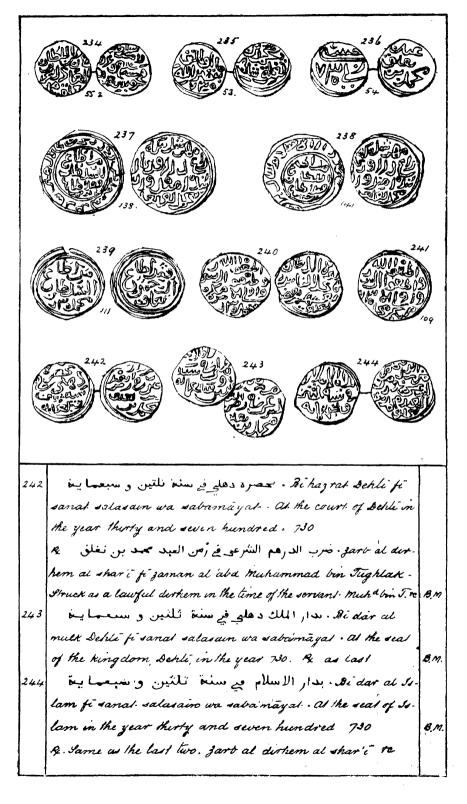


ابو المظور محمود شاء السلطان الاعظم سمو الدينيا و الدين الوالمظور محمود شاء السلطان الاعظم سمود شاء السلطان الاعظم سمود شاء السلطان الاعظم المدينيا و الدين الدينيا و الد

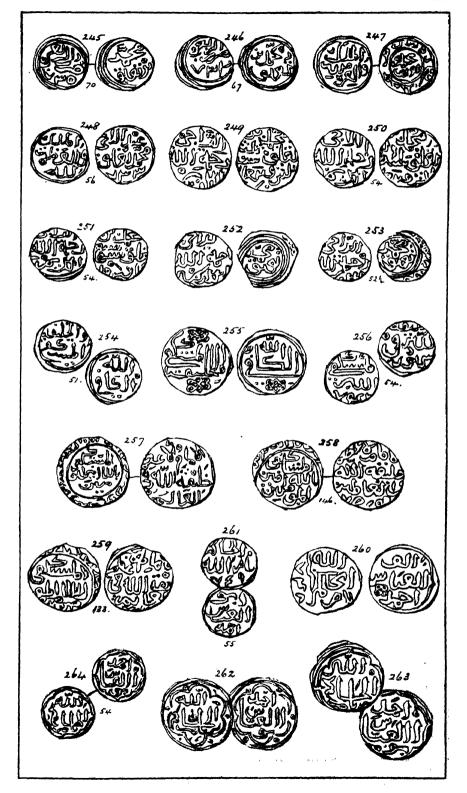
1	DEHLI conte.	
	NASIR AL DIN KHUSRU, A.H. 720	
220	Al sullan al azim hasir al dunya wa al din 120	
	A . Shurrau shah margin, al sullan wali	
	السلطان ولى اصير المومنين عصصه amir al momenin :	7
221	Ob. as last R. Abu al muzaffar Khustu shak al sullan 720	R
222	Al sullan al azim hasir al dunya wa al din abu al muzaffer	1
	R. Khustu shah at sultan wali amit at momenun 720	R
223	ا عدر نشا الله الله الله الله الله الله الله ال	R
	GHĪYĀS AL DIN TUGHLAN. A.H. 120 -725	
224		
	din - अीः मुनना गयासुदीं A all sullan al ghayi ghiyas	
	السلطان الغازي غياث الدنيا والدير ٢٥٥-٧٢٥ مع سع على المناط	ア
225	Al sullan al ghazi Ghiyas al dunya wa al din R. Abu al	
	mujaffar Tughlak shah al sullan 723.	BFH.
226	al sultan al azim Ghiyas al dunya " R. Tughlak shah	DFN.
227	Tughlak R. Shah.	T.
228	Jughlan shah. R. Bi hayrat Dehli	R.
228	Jughlan shah. R. Bi hayrat Dehli MUHAMMAD(III) BIN TUGHLAN. AN 725-752.	R.
228		R.
228	MUHAMMAD(III) BIN TUGHLAK. AN 725-752.	R.
	MUHAMMAD(III) BIN TUGHLAN. AN 725-752. STRUCK IN MEMORY OF HIS FATHER. TUGHLAN SHAN.	R.
	MUHAMMAD (III) BIN TUGHLAN. AN 725-752. STRUCK IN MEMORY OF HIS FATHER. TUGHLAN SHAM. • السعيد الشهيد الغارى عباث الدنيا و الدين Al sa'eed al shahed al ghaje Sheyas al duorya wa al den - ابن الخطفر تفلق شالا السلطان انار الله برهاند ۲۷۳۱.	R.
	MUHAMMAD (III) BIN TUGHLAN. AN 725-752. STRUCK IN MEMORY OF HIS FATHER. TUGHLAN SHAM. • السعيد الشهيد الغارى عباث الدنيا و الدين Al sa'eed al shahed al ghaje Sheyas al duorya wa al den - ابن الخطفر تفلق شالا السلطان انار الله برهاند ۲۷۳۱.	R.
	MUHAMMAD(III) BIN TUGHLAN. AN 725-752. STRUCK IN MEMORY OF HIS FATHER. TUGHLAN SHAN. السعيد الشهيد الغارى عباث الدنيا و الدين Ol sa'eed al shahid al ghaji hhiyas al durya wa al din	R.
	MUHAMMAD(III) BIN TUGHLAN. AN 725-752. STRUCK IN MEMORY OF HIS FATHER. TUGHLAN SHAN. السعيد الشهيد الغارى عيات الدنيا و الدين Al sa'eed al shahed al ghaje hhiyas al durya wa al den R. 'V"ا المنظفر تفلق شالا السلطان انار الله برهانه « Abu al muyaffar Tughlak shah al sullan anar allah hurtan	R.
229	MUHAMMAD(III) BIN TUGHLAN. AN 725-752. STRUCK IN MEMORY OF HIS FATHER. TUGHLAN SHAN. السعيد الشعيد الغارى عيات الدنيا و الدين Al sa'eed al shahid al ghapi Ghiyas al durrya wa al din R. 'V"ا المنافر تغلق شالا السلطان انار الله برهاندا الله برهاندا ماهم على المنافعة على المن	R.
229	MUHAMMAD(III) BIN TUGHLAN. AN 725-752. STRUCK IN MEMORY OF HIS FATHER. TUGHLAN SHAN. السعيد الشعيد الغارى عيات الدنيا و الدين Al sa'eed al shahid al ghapi fhiqus al durrya wa al din R. '۷۳۱ الساطان انار الله برهانسا المحلفة تفلق شالا السلطان انار الله برهانسا المحلفة علاه علمه علمه علمه علمه علمه علمه علمه علم	R.
229	MUHAMMAD(III) BIN TUGHLAN. AN 725-752. STRUCK IN MEMORY OF HIS FATHER. TUGHLAN SHAN. السعيد الشعيد الغارى عيات الدنيا و الدين والدين المعارى عيات الدنيا والدين المعارة على المعارى المعارى الله برها ساه المعارى الله برها ساه المعارى الله برها ساه المعارى الله برها ساه المعارى الله برها ما المعارى المعارى الله المعارى المعارى المعارى الله المعارى وحمة الله المعارى المعار	R.
229	MUHAMMAD(III) BIN TUGHLAN. AN 725-752. STRUCK IN MEMORY OF HIS FATHER. TUGHLAN SHAN. السعيد الشعيد الغارى عياث الدنيا و الدين الدنيا و الدين المعافر تغلق شالا السلطان انار الله برهاني سو المعافر تغلق شالا السلطان انار الله برهاني مقتمة altah burkan abu al muyaffar Tughlak shah al sullan anar allah burkan 5781. STRUCK IN NIS OWN NAME. أصرب في زمن العبد الراجى رحمة الله معهد بن العبد الراجى رحمة الله معهد بن العبد السهيد تغلق شالا سنة نمان و عشرين و يه السلطان السعيد الشهيد تغلق شالا سنة نمان و عشرين و عشرين و يه السلطان السعيد الشهيد تغلق شالا سنة نمان و عشرين و عشرين و	R.
229	MUHAMMAD(III) BIN TUGHLAN. AN 725-752. STRUCK IN MEMORY OF HIS FATHER. TUGHLAN SHAN. السعيد الشعيد الغارى عياث الدنيا و الدين و الدين و الدين المنظير الغارى عياث الدنيا و الدين و الدين المنظير تغلق شالا السلطان انار الله برهاند والمنظير تغلق شالا السلطان انار الله برهاند مشمة allah hurham على المنظير المنارة و أص العبد الراجى رحمة الله سميد بن و عمر العبد الراجى رحمة الله سميد بن و عمر السلطان السعيد الشهيد تعلق شالا سنة تمان و عشرين و على السلطان السعيد الشهيد تعلق شالا سنة تمان و عشرين و على عسرين و عسرين و على عسرين و عسري	R.



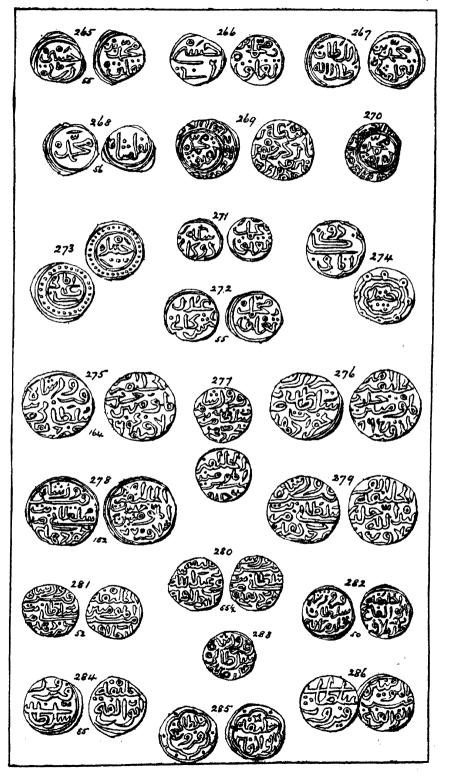
	·	
	DEHLI Conla	
284	1 1 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11	
	al'adl Muhama bin Tughlak Shah . In the time of the	
	just sullan, Muhammad bin Tughlak Shah.	
]	الم المانة في سنة سبع وعشرين و سبعما بع الم	
	sullanat fi sanat saba wa ustrain wa sabamayat.	
	may his sovereignty long endure, 7 and 20 and 700 : 727	C.M.
235	vr. الوائق بنصر الله . al wasik binas+ allak, 730 - Ne-trusts in	
	the help of god . R. Muhammad bin Tughlan Shah	GM.
236	Vr. Juma - Hasti rabbi 730 . Sufficient is the Some	
	R. A. Muham' bin Tughlak 'abd . His servant	L.G.
	FORCED TONEN CURRENCY	
237	min ala'al sullan fikd . في اطاع السلطان فقد اطاع الرحمان	
	ola' al rahman. He who obeys the sovereign truly he obeys	
	در قت گاء دولي سال بر هفصد سي . the merciful one . margin	
	Bur takhtgah Schli sal bar hafsad see . In the royal	
	seal Dehle, year of seven hundred thirty = 700	
	ه صفر شد تنکه رائع در روزگار بند به اسیدوار صحید تغلق میم	
	Mihr shud tanka raij dur rozgar banda ummaidwar Muh?	
	Jughlan : Struck as a current tanka, in the time of the soran	4
	hopeful of Divine mercy Muhammad Tughlak.	D.F.H.
238	as last except margin, we seemed will be called	1 1
	Dur dar at Islam to at the seat of Islam year of 730 as last	Rod
239	min ala' al sultan muham 730. R. Find ala' al rahman Just	
240		
	obey the Grophel and those in authority among you"	
	The Koran II. 62.) Muhammad 730.	
	- لايو لا السلطان كل اناس بعضهم بعضها تغلق عم	
	Sovereignty is not conferred upon every man; some (are	
	set over 1 others. (The Koran!) Tughlan.	DFN
241	another with words and date arranged differently	DFN.
s 1		



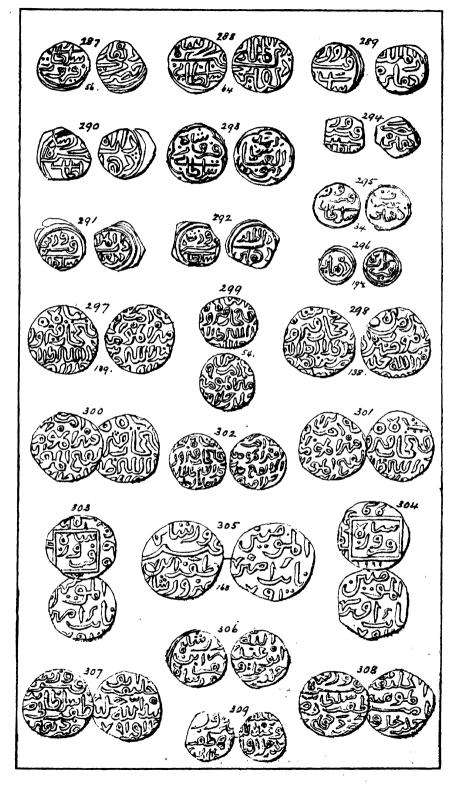
		7
	DEHLI CONIS	
240	vr. فرب الربعي . Jast al ruba't 780 The quarter	
	(adli) struck in 730. 12. Muhammad bin Tughlak.	CM
246	Variety of the last dated 782 and with ver bin, above	DEN
247	will significant mulk wa al iggatallah . Dominion and	4
	glory are of God . Re . In centre , Muham "Tughlak - margin	
	Pal bar haft ad see do . Jay 782 . سال بر هفتمد سي د و	Th.
248	1	
	Dominion and greatness are of God". R. Mukam Inghlak	
	"servant of the asker." 733 = V pr 23 - Ul sie ist	D.F.N.
249	الرجم الله الكريم all raji rahmalallah al karin .] [
	Hoping for the mercy of god the boundiful." Be Muham?	
	ben Tighlak sana! salas salasain wa sabamaya! . In	
	the year three, therty and seven hundred . 733.	m.
1	another dated c. , arba', salasain wa sabamayat . 784	DEN
25%		O.F.H.
252	+ 5. Have the same reading but the date on Re is in the margin	R.T
1	STRUCK IN THE NAME OF THE MALIFA AL MUSTAKFI.	
•	al mudakji.	BL.
	R illi allah at kafi . god is sufficient."	3.M.
256	V 19 will al mustarfi billah 748 . A Khalifa al.	
	lah for Shahirr - In the months of god to - , sain a will winds	4 1
257	all mustakti billah amor al momen ما المومنين	
	. ضربت هذه السكم بعضرت دهلي تلث اربعين و سعمية. Tow. Margin	1 1
	Barbah haya al sikka bi hayral Dehli. R.Al imām al azim	
	الاصام الاعظم خليفه الله في العالمين مسمدة الاعظم خليفه الله في العالمين	KXY.
238		7. F.N.
	STRUCK IN THE NAME OF THE KNALIFA AL HAHIM II	
260	VMA www will al al sakim be amo allah sanal 748	1 1
٠, ١	ه. ابو العبّاس المبد . Abiu al tabbas ahmad.	BM.
	Half size. Same reading but without sanat" dated 749	AFN.
1	- 63. Varieties reading as last but undated B.M.	ACH.Y.
264	Half eye, same, undaled	MAY.
		لــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــ



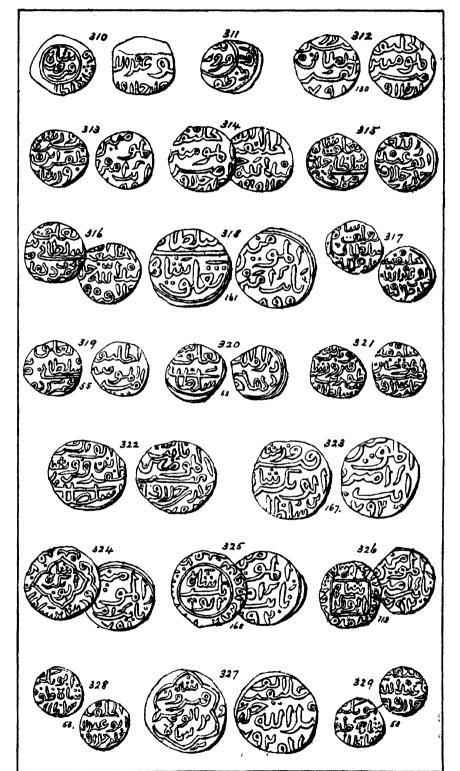
_		_
	DEHLI contd.	
265	6, as no 286 but undated. R as 236 but without abd . AFA	109.
4.	السلطان ظل الله . Al sullan zil allah . The shadow of god	1 1
'		BM.
268	a	
259	Muhammad Tughlak in contre, around भी भी हमद *	A.M.
	the Mahamad to. R. I loues ince pity of which coined	
	money current in the time of the hopeful slave (ou to 237)	
27/	Jus Kami oursent . Lu il go . So Kani sikka . R. Muh 1/4	И,
	Eight Kani (of just (weight) - Jack Come . Harth Kani adl	
	R. as last. Was and - Muhammad Sughlak	
	The next two coins are included as they appear	
	to belong to this period	
173	Juna - Chital. Re ila ila Jakani amani equal to / Kani	Ж.
274		
	FIROZ SHAH III A.H. 752 - 790	
275	Tiroz shah sullani فيرور شاة سلطاني ضربت بعضوت دهلي	
	jarabat bi hapral. Dehli. Struck at the court of Dehli	
	A vyp منين خلدت خلافته العليمة اسير المومنين خلدت خلافته علا و vyp منين خلدت خلافته	
	monin thaldal Khalifaloh 764 . The Khalifa, commander of	
	the faithful, may his thatifals be perpetuated .	Q.F.M.
276	Variety, same reading differently arranged, date, 765	AM.
1	I size. Variety of the same, undated.	NAT.
ľ	another variety swing full reading with date , 770	DFN
1	الله عد المدان الله الله عبد الله الله عدد الله الله عدد الله الله الله الله الله الله الله ال	
	abu tebd allah khaldat Khalifalah. The Khalife, father, serrant. 5 sige. As lash but undaled, (of first, may his Whalifale to 705	ACH!
280	5 sige. as last but undaled, (of first, may his Whalifale to 705	GM.
281	Ob as last. A. Al khalifa, amir al momenin khaldat khalifatch	DFH
282-	Firoz, shah sullan khallad mulkal. B. Al Kralija, abu al	
	jeth, Khaldet Apalifateh. The Khalifa father of victory to	AM
284	Story sullani. R. Ahalifa, abu al fath. Eil william	CM.
1	Sullani Firoz R. as last	Rod.
286	do 18. Amir al momenion, abu al fath.	Rod
<u></u>		



_	¥	
	DEHLI const.	
287	as last, Sullani Firoz R. La s - clayrat behli	BM
288		MILY.
189.	R. She will land at malin Schli- The seal of	WHY.
	the Kingdom, Dehli.	WH.Y.
	Firey shah sullani R ابو العباس احد abu al'abbas ahmad	B.M.
	Firez sullani B. Hazrat Schli	
1	Trong shah R. Dehli	7%.
	FIROZ AND HIS SON FATH MHAN CONCURRENTLY.	
297	ملا له جلا له جلا له على الله ظلا له جلا له	
	jal allah zillala jalala-glory to Gods protection + majesty.	
'	. مروز يحد في زمن الأمام أمير المومنين أبي عبد الله خلدت خلا فته عمر	
l	an al imam omir al momenio, alti at dellah Maldat Malifaleh	
	In the time of the religious chief, commander of the faithful	
	and servant of god, may his khalifate be perpetuated.	B.M.
299	small size. Same reading, but, all see ! left out.	QF.H.
	oh. as last.	
	في زمن الامام امير الموصنين ابق الفتح المعتصم بالله خديه خلافته . م	
	Fi zaman al imam amir al momenin abu al fath al	
}	mulasim billah Khaldat Khalifaleh - In the time of the	
	religious chief commander of the faithful, father of vic	
	tory, the mulasim billah may his khalifale be perpetualed:	
302	small size, same reading, but on the at mules in billak is left	
	FIROZ AND HIS SON ZAFAR CONCURRENTLY	
308	Fire shah, around,) shi be jafar bin Firez	R.
1	191 Maib amor al momente 791	R.
1	Same reading as last.	R.
306	ob, as last. A. wie she is the life of abra abdallah khallah khallah.	B.M
307	معلم و معرف فيروز شاء سلطاني ظفر ضربت بعضرت دعلي	
	Jafar, zartal bi hazrat Behli.	
	A Khalija abu abd allah Khaldal-Khalijaleh 791.	
308	Ob, as last R abu al Khalija amir al momenin Waldel Edalija	BM
	Fireg shah sullani Jajar. B. Khalija ahu te as 307 hu undaled	



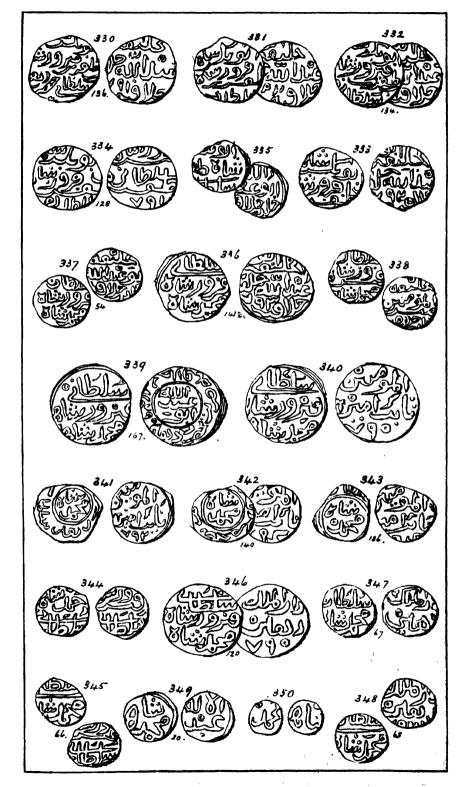
-		
	DEHLI cont.	
310	Sentre, Firoz Shah, margen Libhull & lin jajar . Jafar	R.
Ŧ	hin Firoz shah al sullani. B. seis Ils she will see sight	
'	Mhalifa Ahi abd allah khallad Khalifaleh.	
8/2	Jafar, Firez shah sullani 191. R. Al khalifa amir al momenin	L
}	khallad khalifalch = - خلافت	R.
3/5	Fire, shap, Jafar hin Fires shap & hait, amir at momenen	R.
1	a mude of this period, struck with two reverse dies, dated 791	R.
	TUGHLAK SHAHIL AH, 190-791.	
315	Tughlak : Arh sullani khalda	
	momlakalah. A Abri 'abd allah khaldal khalifaleh.	D.F.N
316	Tughlah shah sullani zarbat bi hazrat Dehli R-as 310 - 790	BM.
4	Jughlah shah sullani Khallad mulkat. B. Ol Khalifaleh abu k	BM.
,	Jughlak shah sullani. A. Raib (deputy) amir al momonin 790.	R.
	Ub. as. 316 R. al thalifa, amir al momenin.	R.
1	at as 318 12. Dar at mulk Dehli . Seal of the kingdom of Dek	BM.
	ABUBAKR SHAH. AH. 791-792.	
32/	abubaker shah ben - ابوبكر شاء بن طفر بن فيرور شاء سلطاني	
	3 afar ben Firoz shah sullani. R. as 3/2	B.M.
322	nach ami, المومنين علات خلافته ٧٩٢ . ١٩٤١ مه علا	
	al momenin Khaldal Khalifaleh. 792 - Bepuly, commander of	
	the faithful, may his khalifale be perpetuated	A.M.
523	abubaker strap ben Firoz strak sullani. B. Nait amer al moning.	R.
3	In quatrifoil, abubaker shah, around, Jafar bin Firoz shah	
	sullani. A. Raib amir al momenin 791.	R.
325	In circle, abutake shah, remainder as last; date 792.	D.F.A.
326	In square, Abubaks shah, do do	
327	In quarrefoil, Abribake shak bin Firoz shak, margin illegible	R.
328		
	الخليفة ابو عبد الله خلدت خلا فته يه	
	lah Khaldal Khalifaleh = The Khalifa Abu Abushah,	A.M.
-	may his khalifale be perpetuated.	
329	W. as last. A. Al Khalija, Abu Abdallah Khalifaleh	B M.
	Y	۳



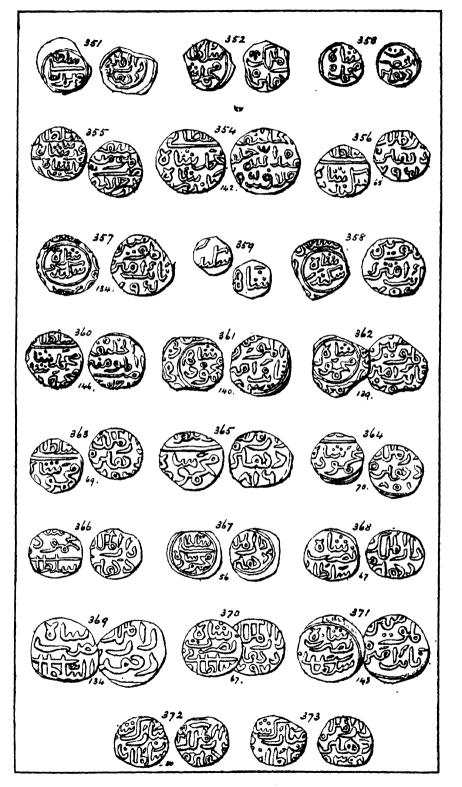
r' erne .

-		
	DEHLI cont.	'
330		
	atubaker shah bin Jafar bin Firey shah sullani hazared Dehle	
	الحليفه ابو عيد الله خلدت خلافيم الم. 14 م	
	abu abdallah Khaldal Khalifaleh 791.	BM.
33/-	Sumilar without hagrat Dehli R as last but dated 792	B.M
1	Ob as last R. Jafan, Firoz shah sullani 791.	R
385	abubakr shah jafar sullanu R as 330	18 M.
	MUHAMMAD IV, BIN FIROZ, AH. 792 - 795	
336	Muham & shah Firez shah sulla محدد نشاء فيروز شاء سلطاني	
	R Al khalifa Abu abdallah Khaldat Khalifaleh, 793	ÇM.
837	smaller sige, Ob ording sultan . Re as last but undated	CM.
338	Ob as last R. al khalifa, arnir al momenin khaldat khalifater	Nur.
339	Simular to 336. R abu abdallah in centre, margin,	
	Mhaldal Mhalifaleh, zarbal hazrot Dehli 790?	BM.
340	Pinilar R. V90 الموسير الموسير الموسير الموسير	
	momenum 7901 - Deputy, commander of the faithful	WHY.
341	m centre المنان muhammad Shah, around المناه المناه	BM
342	Jarbal hazrat Dehli sullan . خبرت دهلي	DFH.
343	R. hait amir al momenin 792.	DFN.
344	·•	
	عروز سناه سلطاني على - تنتور سناه سلطاني جم	BM.
	Variety with sultanial the lop.	S.M.
346	- محمد شاه فبروز شاه سلطاني	
	Muhammad Shah, Firoz Shah sullani	
	B. v9 . Las Elli Is - Sar al mulk Behli 790: .	
	The seal of the Kingdom Dehli 790 (or 195)	W.
347	Muhammad shah sullan.	
	R. Sar al mulk Schle.	OFN.
348	Muhammad shah sullane.	
	Re Dar al musk Dekli 793 . 495	B.M.
	Muhammad shah, R. Abdallah	DFN.
350	Muhammad. Q. Shah	R.

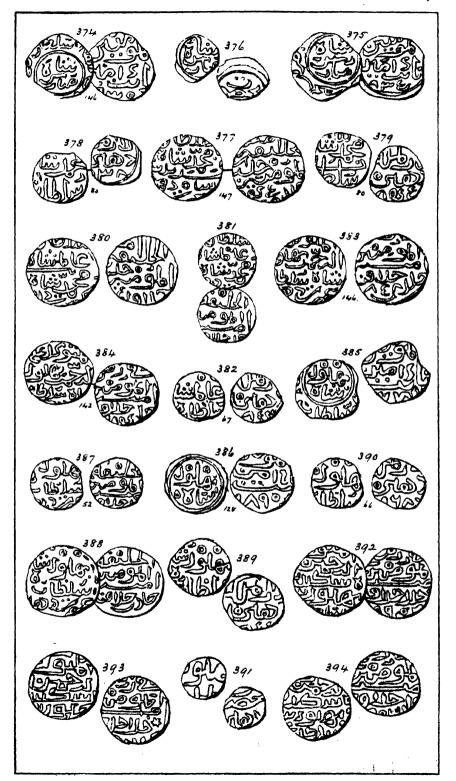
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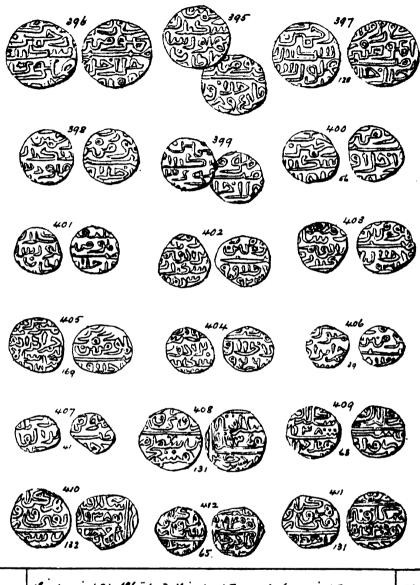
	DEHLI contd.	
351	Michammad shah sulfani = _ illu x lii is	BM.
352	12. Shos Ill Is-Dar at mulk Depli.	B.M
353	Muhammad shah. R. Bi hazral Dehli.	B,M.
	SIKANDAR SHAH I . AH. 795	
354	. Aikandar shah (bin) Mu - Sikandar shah (bin) Mu	
	hammad shah sullani. R. v 90 oci bli she she sullani se till	
	al Khalifa, abu abdallah, Khallad Khalifatch 795.	BM.
355	Ob. as last & at thatifa amir at momenin thatdat thatifu	B.M.
356	Sixandar shah sullani. R. Dar al mulk Dehli 795	BM
357	Centre Sixandar shah, around, Sullan sarbal be hazral	8 M.
358	Schli. R. Mais amir al momenen 195.	AM.
359	Sikandar R. Shah	R.
	MAHMUD SHAH II. A.H. 795-815	
360	Mahmud shah (bin) Muhammad Shah. R. as No. 355	B,M.
361	سلطان صربت بحضرت د هلم mahmud shah, nargin محبود نشاة	BM
362	· il in long sartal be hagral Behli . R. A. T . il long long of il	QF.H.
	Rail- amir al momentin 503° and V94.796.	
368	4 Mahmud shah sultani R. Dar al mult Ichli 796 x 501	B.M.
365	another with posthumous date 816.	B.M.
366	7 Two varieties of the same, without date.	BM.
	MASRAT SHAH. A.H. 797-802?	
368	. nastal shah sullani . فصرت شالا سلطانے	8.M.
	R. Jas Illi , Is - Dar al much Dehli.	
369	as last but "al "sullani".	R.
370	as 368 but dated 494.797.	B.M.
371	narrat shah sullani. B. Nait amir al momenin.	R.
	MUBARAK SHAH II. A.H. 824 - 637.	
372	illu & li Jilio . mutarak shah sultan .	
1	she s Ith Is. Dar al much Schli.	PEA
1373	as last but with date AFF. 834.	B.M.
1 "		1



		,
	DEHLI contd.	
374	Centre. & in S, La - Mubarar shah, margin Sullan , zar	DFH
	bat be hazrat Behli show a sing some	B.M
	R. A T. فايب امير المو منين . Maib amir al momenin 880.488	6
376	mubarak shah. R. Di hayral Dehli	B.M
	MUHAMMAD T, BIN FARID. A.H. 837-849.	
377	muhammad sha . مهد شاه بن فريد شالا سلطان بحضرت د هلي	į.
	bin Farid shah, sullan, bi hazrat Dehli. R. al Khalifa,	
	amir al momenin, Khaldal Khalifaleh. 845.	B.M.
378	Muhammad shah sullan. R. Sar al mulk Behli 838,7645	A.M.
	'ALAM SHAH. A.H. 849 - 855.	
380	alam shah bin عالمشاة بن صحد شاة سلطان بحضرت د هلي	
	Muhammad shah, sullan, bi hazral Delili. A al Khalfa	1 1
	amir al momenin Khaldal Khalifaleh 851	B.M
381	as last, smaller and undated	B.M.
382	alam shah sullan R. Dar al mulk Dehli 854.	B.M.
	BAHLOL SHAH. A.H. 855-894.	
383	al muswakkii المنوكل على الرحين بهلول شاة سلطان بحضرت د هلي	ali-
	al rahman, Bahlol shah, sullan, bi hazral Dehli.	
	R. Fi zaman amir al momenin Khaldas Rhalifasch 857.	D,F,H
384	another showing upper part of inscription I dated 884.	D, F.H
385	Bahlol shah margin, Julian - R. Nait amir al momenin 877	A.M.
386	another without margin . R. as last but dated 690.	0.m
387-	Bahlol shah sullan bi hazrat Behli. R. as No 377 undaled	um. É
3894	Bahlol shah sullan R. Dar al mulk Dehli 855 + 868.	B,m
391	do R. Bi hazral Dehli.	R.
	SIMANOAR SHAH II LODI. A.H. 894-928.	
392	م عسم على ، المتوكل على الرحس سكندر شالا بهلول سالا سلطان	B.M.
343	wakkil 'ali al tahman Sikandar shah Bahlol shah sudan	B.M.
394)	به المومنين خلات ملافته به المومنين خلات ملافته به المجارة	D.F.H
	momenin khalitat khalifateh 84×2-912? + 903	



	THE PANJAB.	
	DEHLI COMIS.	
395	· المتوكل على الرحين سكندر شاة بهلول شاة سلطان . الممامة مسكندر شاة	
	al mulawakkil ali al rahman Sikandar shah Bahlol shah sullan	
	ا عند مورد امر المو منين غلات ملا فته مور من امير المو منين غلات ملا فته مورد المراجع	
	momenin Khaldal Khalifalch , 895 . In the time of the comman	L
	der of the faithful, May his Khalifale be perpetuated 395.	B.M.
396	Variety of the same with & Land off - Bahlolshah, daled 910	B.M.
397	another, of cruder type + undated.	B.M.
398	smaller size, with the same reading.	B.M.
399-	Two others - same .	B.M.
401	Sikandar, Rahlol shah, sullan R al khalifa amer al mo-	
	menin, thaldat thatifalch It is it is in it i	B,M.
	IBRAHIM SHAH II. A H 928-937.	
402	abu al - ابو المظفر ابرا هيم شالا بن سكندر سكالا سلطان	BM.
403	muzaffar Ibrahim shah bin Sikandar shah sullan .	BM.
	R. as 395 Fi zaman amir al momenin Khaldat Khalifatch	
	. في زمن امير المومنين خلات خلا فت ١٢٦926	
404	smaller size, shewing portions of reading only.	A,M.
405	المتوكل على الرحمن ابراهيم بشالا سكندر بشالا سلطان	
	al mulawakkil'ali al rahman Ibrahim shah, Sikandar	
	shah, sulfan. & as 403 but without date	B.M.
406-	smaller size, strewing portions of reading only.	DFH
	UNKNOWN RULER.	
408	These coins cannot be ascribed with certainly to Deh-	
	li, though the issues calls himself King of Hind and	
	the dates 985 \$ 937 fit the reign of BABAR the conqueror	
	The legend on R is in a square frame with marginal	
	inscriptions of which not 410 + 411 shew portions &	
	هرکرا روي و رواني هست بر سطع زمين ۴	
	- سکم اقبال شاء هند دارد بر جبین ۱۳۶	
	Harkara ri's we reward hast but salt samin	
	· ·	



Sexka intal Shah i Mind darard bar jabin. 935. Bl.
Whose on the earths'surface has a face + instinct is brdy + soul "
Beans on his forehead the felicitous stamped the King of Hund!
409 Bated 938. 410. Bated 938. 411. Bated 989. Bl.
412 Dated 940.

Bl.

These five coins were read + translated by the Rev. & G. P. Taylor QO. ahmadabac anistes in A. Masters Ely. SEE. SURAN.

MUGHAL RULER. DEHLI conte

HUMAYUN NASIR AL DIN A.H.937-946.

4/3

gart dar al mulk . ضرب دار اللك حضرت دهلم hazral Dehli - Struck at the real of the King and court at the date of the . as تاريخ سنم ٩١٠١ of Schli . Re. year 941.

another dated 943.

SURI (AFGHAN) KINGS.

SHER SHAH A.H. 946 - 962 .

NOTE. With the exception of non 436-7, none of the Suri coins shown herewith give Dehli or any other place as their mint. They are included in this section under the assumption that they belong to the Kingdon and may have struck in any part of it. Coins with local mind names upon them will be found under their distinctive headings.

415

ابو المظفر نثيرشاه السلطان خلد الله صلكه ٢٠ abu at muzaffar Ther That at sultan, Khallad allah mulkah - Tather of the victor, Sher Shah, the sullan, may God perpetuale his Kingdom (Year) ?

ما مه تمسمه ad معرف فع عهد الأميير الماص الدين والدبان ١٤٧٠ mi al din wa at divan 947. In the time of the commander and defender of the faith of the tequilet (God). 947.

416 2 dam same reading (except 1) and date.

, Ther Shah sullan . & Khalifa at zaman 947.

419

grv العادل العدل سبر سالة سلطان العادل grv adl 947. The just sullan Ther That . R. Thalifa al ga-مليقة الرمان السلطان · man al sullan -

420 same 948

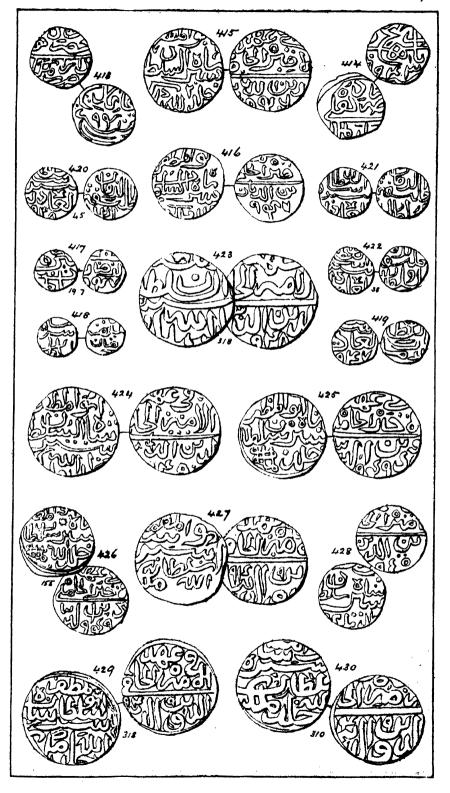
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complete the reading given on the last two coins. 423-30 have the same reading as he 415, delails over leaf.

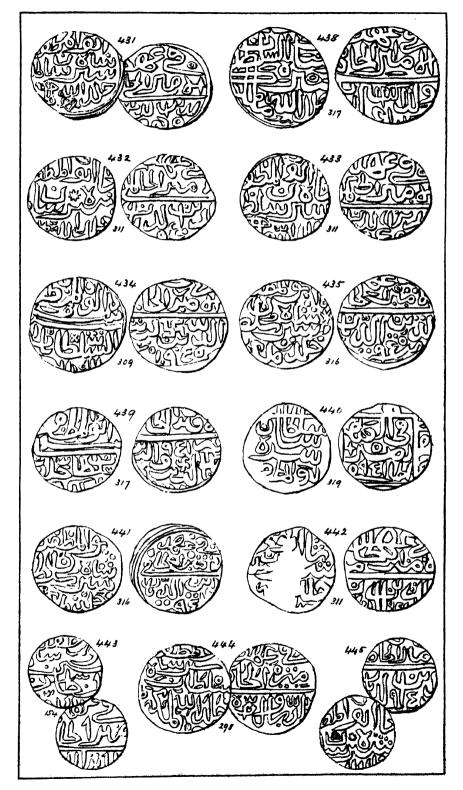
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r.

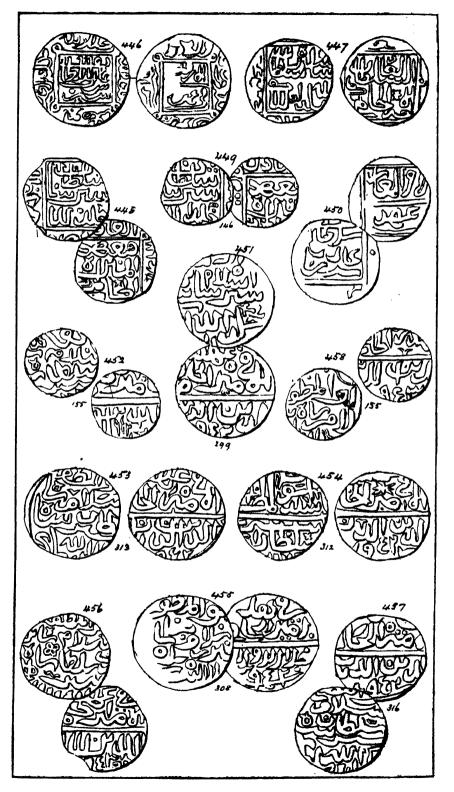
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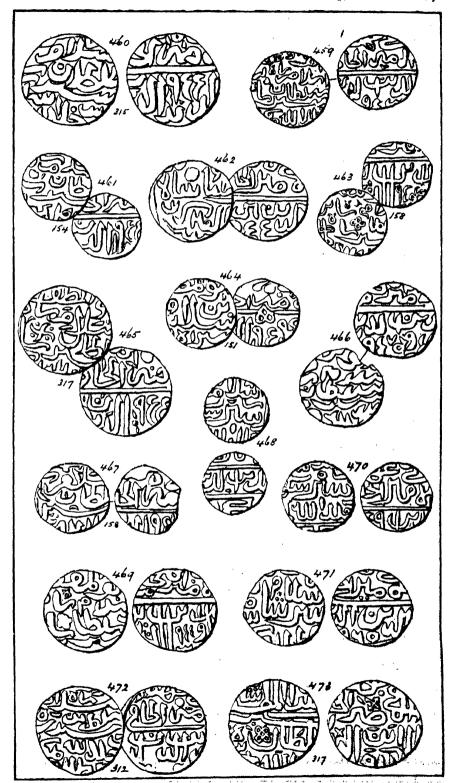
		•
	DEHLI comit	
428	Reads as No.415 but is dated 448:	c.c.
424	5. Two different lighes of the date 949.	н.
426	I dam of the same type as no. 425.	H.
427	Sam of another variety but same date 949.	B.M.
428	å dam - " daled 950	A.M.
429-	30 Two other types of dam of the year 949.	c.c.
431	Sam of another variety dated 949 with ornamon	AM.
432	do - 950 with star in centre.	r.
488	do	И.
484	do , with swastika.	cc.
485	do has sanat vim.4r.	c.c.
486	abu al muzaffar right, all sis "khallad allah" bottom,	
	pe who, left so so, together reading "mulkah 'urf Dahli The combination Theorganh 'urf Dehli" means Theorganh otherwise Dehli. The Re reads as no 415, Fi ahad at a mor at haming 950 + 951 with its continuation on the	
	margins, at din wa at diyan (at sultan at adl!).	c.c.
438	9-40 are further varieties with date 95%.	ac.
441	42 Two others same date?	н.
443	3 dam with no apparent date.	H.
1 1	sam without date and peculiar termination of reading ont	
1 1	3 Bam with ornaments to to. dated 952.	N.



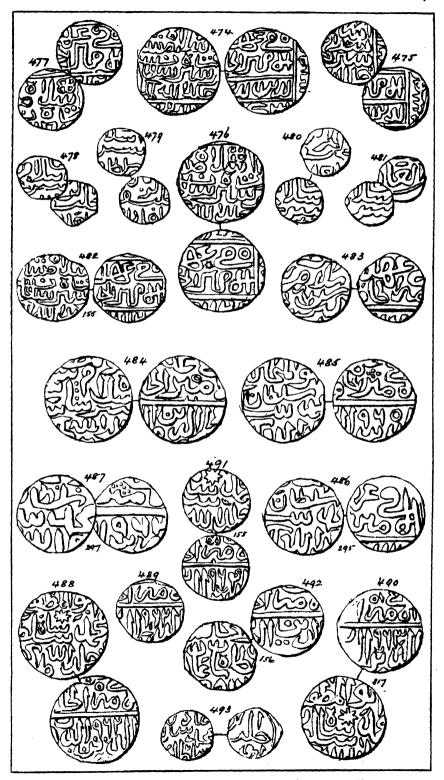
	DEHLI conts		
496	Contra		
	margin, from bottom following rowerd - abu al mujaffas	┥	
	Khallad allah mulkah wa sullanal.		
	A. Stakad al amir alghazi. في عدد الامير الغازي		l
	margins, from bottom following round		
	'unt Behli sanal 950.	BM.	ł
447	Ther Shah sullan khallad Allah mulkah Margins?		
	A. Al sullan al ghazi al amir al hami, margins illegible.	B.M.	
448	Ther Shak sullan Khallah, left margin, sullanat		į
	A Fi ahad al amir al hami, 81 ! top margin, al adl	r.	
449	3 dam same type.	V.	
450	Ther That all sullan. A Trahad al amer al ghazi.	Noom	k.
	ISLAM SHAH . AH. 952-960		
451	ابو المظفير اسلام شاه بن شيرشالا سلطان خلد اللع صلك		
	abu al muzaffar, Islam Shah bin Sher Shah sullan Khal		
	lad allah mulkah . Father of the victor, Islam That son	+	
	of Shor That, sullan, may god porteduale his Kingdom		
	A. 967 عهد الامير الحامي الدين الديان 967 .		
	amir al hami al din al diyan 952 . In the time of the		
,	commander and defender of the faith of the Requilor (God) 952	Н	
452	to dam. Parts of inscription, same date.	4	
453	another type of dam, same reading and date.	N.	
454	another variety, same reading + date. Note masks T	C.C.	
455	00 Same reading. A Frahad al amir at hami julul al den		
	في عهد الاصير الحام علال الدين و الدين سنة " عدد الاصير الحام علاله الدين و الدين سنة " عدد الاصير الحام على الم	c.c.	
456	another ranely of dam with & and date 9 ET . 953		
	reading the same as 481.	E.C.	
457	Variety with reverse teminating sanal 952 - 127 mm	<i>H</i> .	
	à dam of 953 - 984.	BM.	



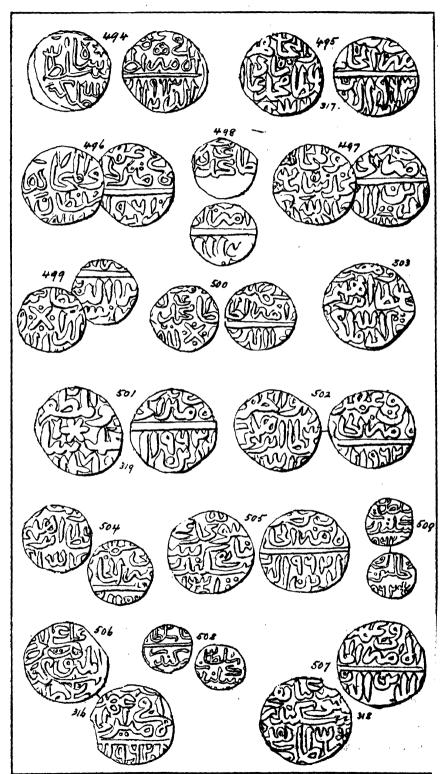
	DEHLI Conts.	
459	Dam of smaller & Micher size and near type dated 953	
	ابو المظهر اسلام شاه بن شير شاه سلطان علد الله ملكم معاومه	
	alre at muzaffar Islam Shah bin Shor Shah sullan,	
	Khallad allah mulkah. May god perpetuale his Kingdom	
	عبد الأمير الحامج الدين الديان ٩٤٣ . ٩٤٠	i .
	at amor at hami at din at digan 953 . In the time of	1 1
	the commander and defender of the faith of the Requisit.	1 1
460		CM.
1	& dam of different to pe but same date 955.	Н.
1	Sam with jumbled reading same date.	BM.
1	I dam with another variety of type with & and	
	dale 9 Et! = 95-4.	H.
464	2 dam same reading and date.	4.
1	Dam of 955 with & And of legend on & mising	H.
1	Dam of 9EV - 957 ending wa al digan."	BM.
	& Dam of another type 9EX . 95x.	н.
468		A.M.
469	another variety of dam of 955.	H.
470	1 dam severe type 969 - 959.	BM.
47/	Sam, same reading but dated 940 = 960	н.
472	1	
	wildlung - and has no date.	B.M.
473	This coin is evidently a copy of to 454 but with dif-	
	ferent ornaments and date. The reading of olv.	
	appears to be made up as follows -	
	18 tim sel) For transliteration and translation	
	see no. usq above.	
	Re as usq except date which	
	سلطات الله ملكه ما خلد الله ملكه	#
	SCALAR SIALI SIII	
. 1		



	DEHLI conts.	
474	اسلاستناه بن شير شاه سلطان حلد الله مله ب سيود ما	
	Islam Shap bin Sher Shap sulan, Khallad Allah mulkah.	, ,
Ì	Margin - al bottom, " . al din	
	R. as 459 Fi ahad al amer al'hami ladin al degan	
	Margins bottom 9 & 4.953 right, uncertain.	r
476	& dam, similar reading varying in lype, no date.	V
476	sam similar reading, variety with 83, no date	B,M.
477	E dam same type as last.	BM.
478	* Jolam Phate TC - اسلام شاه شير ساه سلطان - Jolam Phate TC	
	Re. I shall aligate . It all saman khalifah al'adl	"
479.	80, 8% Varieties showing other parts of legend	"
482	E dam of the same type as to 474.	M
453	& dam commencing abu al muzaffar Islam that to	0.M.
484	sam of different tipe but same reading as 459 fundated	V.
	MUHAMMAD ADIL A.H. 960.964	
485	. abu al muyā - ابو المجاهد محمد منناة سلطان حلد الله صلك	
	hid Muhammad Phah, sullan, khallad Allah mulkah.	
	Father of the warrior, Muhammad Shak sullan re	8,M.
	R. as 469, Ft ahad al amir al hàmi al dun al duyan, 96	
486	another same type, with other parts of reading.	"
487	dame, but larger type and dated 962.	#
488	والوالمظؤر صحيح شاة سلطان خلد الله ملكم	•
	Abu al muzaffar-Muhammad Shah, sullan, Khallad	
	Allah mulkah. R. as 459, Fi ahad to but dated 962	v.
489	I dam same type and dale.	•
490	Dam similar, but dated 963.	H.
491	E dam as last but dated 964.	"
492	4, with abu at myahid (Muham 4) That adil sultan, the	ř.
	bad Allah mulkah. B. As 459, Frahad rc bul undaled	
498	F with Muham! Shah Adil sullan. Ps. Khalifah al zaman ah	Rod
, (

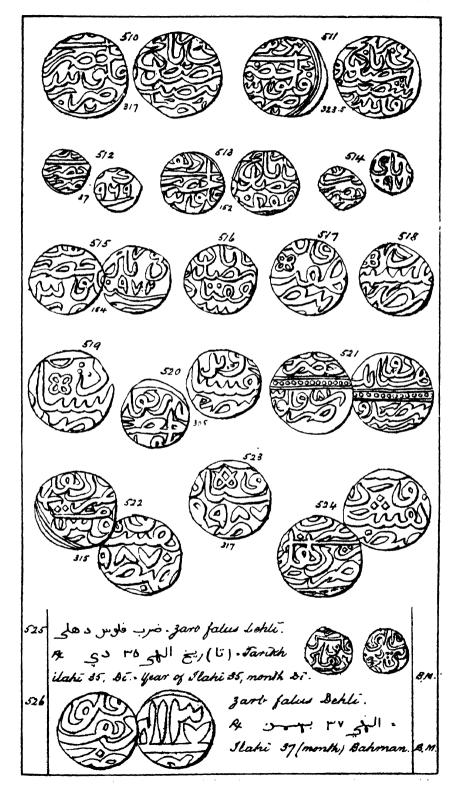


	DEHLI con/s.	
494	Variety of 490 showing other parts but same date.	BM.
l i	سله ، ابو المجاهد محمد عادل شأة سلطان خلد الله سلكه	
	al mujahid Muham & adil Shah sullan, Khallad allah	+
	R. Fi ahad al amir al hami al din al diyan 963	C.M.
496	abu al mujahid sullan (Muham !!) R. Fr ahad 10 961	B,M.
497	abu al mujahid Muham & Shah, sullan, Khallad allah	
	mulkah. B. Frahad al amir or as 495 but undaled	8 M.
498	me do with - ابو المطور صحيد عاد ل سلطان خلد الله ماكمه	"
499	zaffat Muhammad Adib, sullan, Khallad Allah mulkan	"
500	R. Ft ahad al amir al hāmi al din al digan Rodale.	
501	abu at muzaffar Muhammad Shah, sullan ?.	
	A Fi ahad at amir at hāmi at din at digan 963.	QM.
	IBRAHÎM SHAH SURI AH. 962.	
502	م مناه سلطان خلد الله ملكه الله ملكه الله ملكه	
	for Ibrahim Shah sullan khallad Allah mulkah.	
	Re Frahad al amir al hami al din al diyan 962.	8.M.
503	Variety of obv shewing bottom portion of legend	C.M.
504	2 dam as last.	8 M.
	SIKANDAR SHÂH SÛRÎ A.H. 962.	
505	والمتوكل على الله بناهي سكندر بشأكا السلطان	
	al mulawakkil ali allah Likandar Shah al sullan	,
	Re. Fi ahad at amir at hami at din at diyan 962.	B.M.
506	at mulawak - المتوكل على الرحمن سكند ر (سناة) سلطان	-
	Kul'ali al rahman Iskandar Shah sullan. R. as 505.	BM.
507	المتوكل على نباهر يسكندر بشالا سلطان اضرب دهلئ	
i,	al musawarkit ali Sekandar Shah sullan jarb Dehle	'
	Ti ahad at amer al في عدد الأصير العاصي الدين الديان	
	having at din at digan . In the time of the commander to to.	BL.
508	I dam. I wandar That sullan. R. Similar.	BM.
509	t dam . Sikandar Shah sullan R. Khalifah al jaman 962.	R.

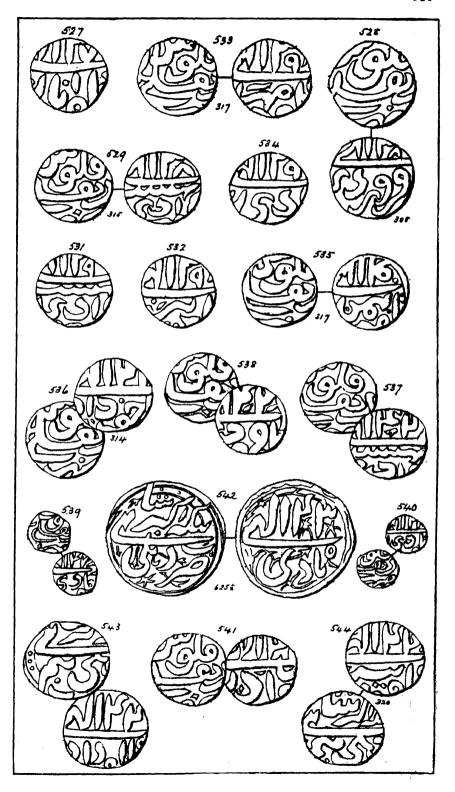


		_
	DEHLI Cont-d	
	MUGHAL EMPERORS.	
	AMBAR JALAL AL DIN. A.H. 963 - 1014.	
510		
ľ	Falus (copper money) struck at the court of Behli.	
	على عند المراج الم	
	nuhsad wa shart chahar. In the year 900-64. 964.	B.M.
571	as last but Re.ends شنت ع « wa shash - b ، 966.	CM.
572	a dam. Portions of the above with date 149 - 969	"
578	& dam. jart falus hazrat Dehli. R. Fi tarich nuh-	
	وتاریخ نبسود و هفتاد! مه و مهم معمل معمل معمل معمل معمل معمل معمل	Н.
514	to dam, as 10.512 with portions of legend but date 971.	B.M.
سحبري		Rod
516	" B. only. Fi larith nursad wa haflad hisht : 978.	B.M
577	· 4 . ruhsad haftad wa ruh . 979.	•
518	. من الله على الله على الله الله الله الله الله الله الله ال	*
519	. Re as last , different part of legend .	4
530	. Variety of type. R. Ruhsad hashlad wa ek. 981.	,
521	· with 81 = (951) 11.	
	R. Sanat ruhsad wa hashlad wa ex = 900-80-1-981.	"
522	as 510 varied in type. R. huhsad wa hashlad wa	
	المنصور و هشتاد و هفت معنو	v
528	" R. as last, different part of legend.	Н.
624	. varied in type, and omisting falus.	
	R. Muhsad hashlad wa (hisht-? 1 988.	B.M.
In	the 30th year of aktrains reign a new eva was extable	hed
	first year of which coincided with his accession	į

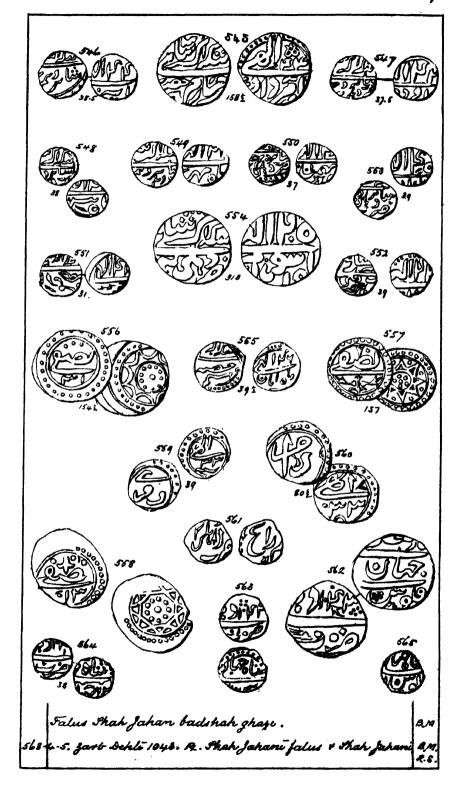
In the 30th year of aktrans reign a new era was established the first year of which coincided with his accession. This era was called Itahi or divine and inferred that abbar was of divine origin. The coins nect represented use this Itahi year and also give the name of the month (Persian) when struck. Each month is shown in this series.



527	gart falus Schli.	
	1. Jel & la TY 541 - Slahi 37 mah (month) aban.	AM.
528	as 527 R. فروردين Mahi 38 - Farwardin	
529	1	
530	mate (month) Thatrewat.	
	make (month) Thatrewat.	
	From the Labore Museum by	
	the Kindness of R.B. Macketead Eq.)	L.M
53/	" R. Ting syl ra gall - Slahi 39 - Urdilihish!	BM.
532	. A ris 80 19 39 mah Jir	"
533	, M. 18 19 11	R.
534	ه. عاد دي ماد دي . عام . عاد	B.M.
585	. R. John Klo F. J 40 . Jahman.	CM
536	" R 313/2 14 41 . Thurdad.	0.
537	. اللج ۴۲ اردي بيست. 42 س Wrdibihisht	BM.
538	م اللح ۴۴ مالا وروردين . A. بالله مالا فروردين . A.	٧.
539	F. R. 53 86 44 4 . 44 . Di	B.M.
540		•
541	. 12. 131 sto +x = 11 - 4x " agar	
	The coins next shown are the Tanka and its sub-	
	divisions, which were introduced by aktear in the	
	year of Ilahi 43.	
542	Janka akbar Shahi garb . تنامه اکبرسال مرسد د هلی	
	Dahli- Jamka currency of akbar struck in Dehli.	
	A. S. Sla FT 5811 · Slahi 43 mah Di.	R.
543	Portions of - de sais of lan-	
	Na akbar Thati jart-Dehli - Half lanka currency to	
	R. 313 pol x lo " sell - Slahi 44 mah amardad	R.
544	Portions of - rim tanka axbas Thati zart Dehli.	,
	R. pui sho Fr sell Stahi we man stor.	0.
	er var var var var var var var var var va	
i i	Note that the second of the se	· 1

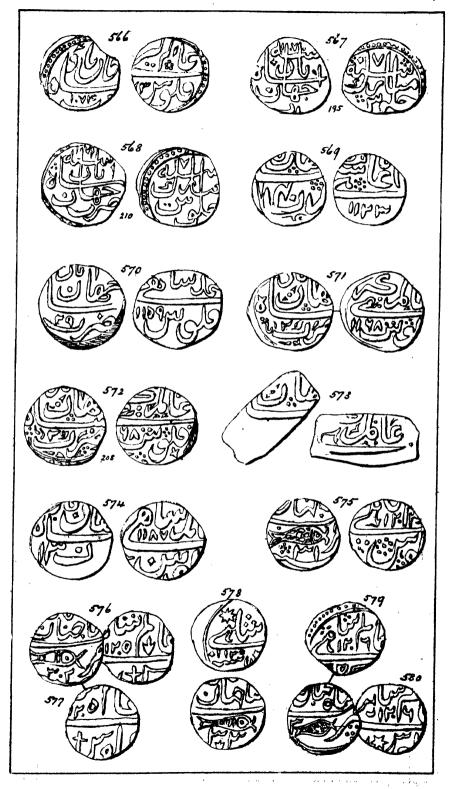


	DEHLI contd.	
545	على اكبر شام على اكبر شام على اكبر شام	
	axtar shahi. One fourth (4) lanka axtar currency	
	R. الع ۱۲۴ امرداد Slahi 44 amardad	
	(no mint is shown on this coin) NM.	CM.
546	Shangdaham hissa . شانز دهم جعمه تنكه اكبر شامي	
	tunka akbar shahi. one six/eensh (1/2) tanka akbar k	
	Re La KH All - Slahi 44 mah Str. N.M.	R.
547	as 546 with gard Dehlindos in, beneath.	
	Re. الهد ٢٢ ساة فروردين. Slahi 44 mah Jarwardin	R.
548	ما لا تير ، ما اللي ٢٤ ما لا تير ، ما م ما لا تير ، ما اللي على اللي الله على الله على الله الله الله الله الله	
549	1	R
550	. A with tx All 4x . Bahman	Н.
551	. الهج عا - خورداد ? . يم . الهج عا - خورداد ? . يم .	H
552	- R ++ +4	Н.
553	, R. 45	H.
554	as 543 - Nim tanka akbar shahi zarb Dehli	
	R. joji siemi & la H8 All - Slahi 45 mah Sofandar.	0.
555	Shim pista sia pima - élashtum hissa tanka	
	akbar shahi. One eighth/f) tanka akbar currency. NM.	
	المي المي المي المي المي المي المي المي	R.
	AMBARS MISCELLANEOUS ISSUES	
13%	7-8. Neste 31 - Neste alone - Neste (10)13. R. Geometrical	R,+
	design. (_sea - risti is half (dami) in Sersian.)	į.
559		R.
560		R.
	JAHANGIR, MURALDIN AH. 1014-1037	
531	The full reading of this coin is - 1. 41 kings so gart	
	Dehli sanat 1021. R. V vim ze, p Non ray sanat 7.	R
	SHAH JAHAN, SHIHAB AL DIN. A.H. 1037-1069.	
562	فلوس شالا جهان باد شالاعازيم. 1043 مله عمل عمرب دهلي ١٠٤٣	1

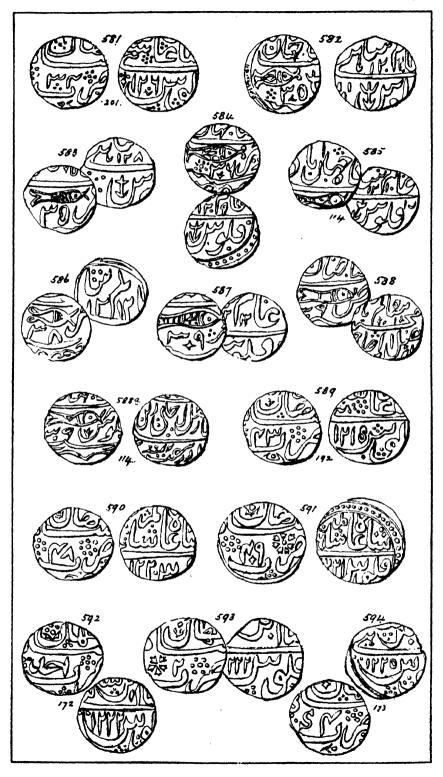


y nappanis a s

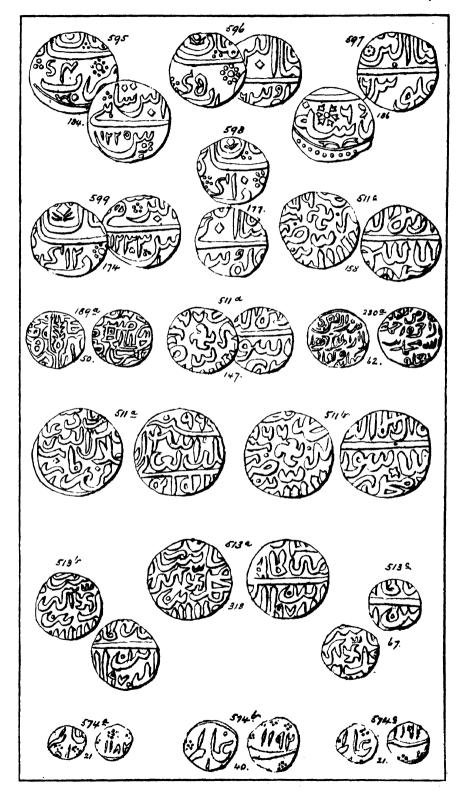
	DEHLI CONTY as SHAHJAHANABAD.	
	568, 564, 565 appear to have the figures 4, 14, 4 18 . 6,	Ì
	12 + 15. These may be regnal years and would therefore	
	make for a later date than 1048 on Not 564-5.	
	AURUNGIEB ALAMGIR(I) A.H. 1069-1119.	
566	۱۰۷۴ اباد ۱۰۷۴ خرب شاه جهان اباد ۱۰۷۴	
	A. الم كير فلوس ٢ - عالم كير فلوس ٢ الم	B.M.
567	as last but arranged differently date 107x.	
	R. V win 2, - etc falus mubarak sanat 7.=	
	Blessed year of accession 7.	4.
168	Variety, same year.	H.
	'ALAM BAHADUR SHAH I. AH 1119-1124.	
569	Jart Shahjahanabad 4. R. 1174 عالم شام عالم الله	
	Shah alam Shahi 1123,	B.M.
	MUHAMMAD SHAH. A.H. 1/31-1/61	
570	1	
	R. 1109 muhammad Shahi falus 1159.	R.
	'ALAMGIR II . A.H 1167-1173.	
571	r اباد عرب شالا جهال اباد ۲ عرب شالا جهال اباد	
	AL. 1141 عالم كبر فلوس 1141 عالم كبر فلوس 1141	A.M.
572	as last showing other harts of coin	H.
1	Variety on oblong hiere of copper.	B,M.
	SHAH ALAM II . A.H. 1173 - 1221	
574	٠	
1	A. 11AV with ally alam Shahi falus 1187.	B.M.
575	a fish, as last but sanat 31. Re, as last but 1204.	, ,
576	1	,
577	Variety of last without arrow head	,
1 1	a fish, as 574 but sanat 33. R as last, misdated 1125,	"
579	t e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e	
580	tariety of last same date.	-



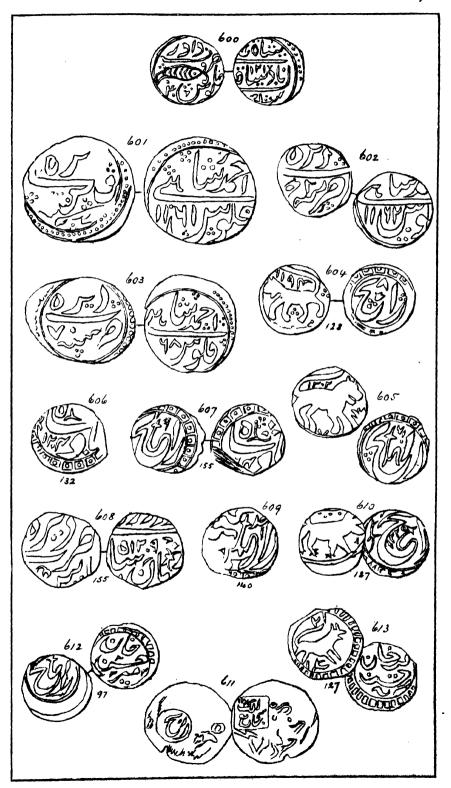
	DEHLI OF SHAHJAHANABAD COMP	
so,	l	
	B. 18.7 wils alla sil shah alam shahi falus	
	1206	H.
SZ	a fish, sanat 85, otherwise as last with dale 1206.	BM.
583	do do do 1208.	•
584	a fish, sanal 86, do do 1209.	~
585	a fish, — do do 1210.	R.S.
586	a fish, sand 38 of doubtful mint.	·
	A. Shah'ālam shahī 1212.	A.M.
587	a fish, samat 89, otherwise as 581 with date 1212.	•
588	a fish, sanat 89 gart Shahjahanabad. R. Portions of	•
588	Shak alams coupled / No. 2 page 45. Fart one,	BL.
	"Inkka zad bar haft kishwar sahija fazl ilah,	
	Hami din Muhammad Shah 'Alam padishah"	"
589	as 581 - gart Shakjahanabad, but 43 tyr). R. Saled 1215.	H.
	Same type and reading as 581 but 48 (4 year)	
	R. as 581 but dated 1220.	
591	Similar to 581 but 49 (Syear).	
	Re, as 581 but dated 1221.	N.
	MUHAMMAD AKBAR II. A.H. 1221 - 1253.	
592	عد اعد اعد اعد اعد اعد اعد اعد اعد	
	Itruck at Shahjahanabad (year)one	
	. 1822 shah akbar shahi falus اكبر سنام فلوس 1871.	"
593	Jart Thatjahanabad 2/ year 1.	
	R. as last. Shah aktar shahi falus 1322.	R.
594	jart Shahjahanatad 8.4. = sanat 4. The sign S	
	is evidently intended to mean aim - sanas.	
	R. as 592 hut dated 1825.	<i>H</i> .



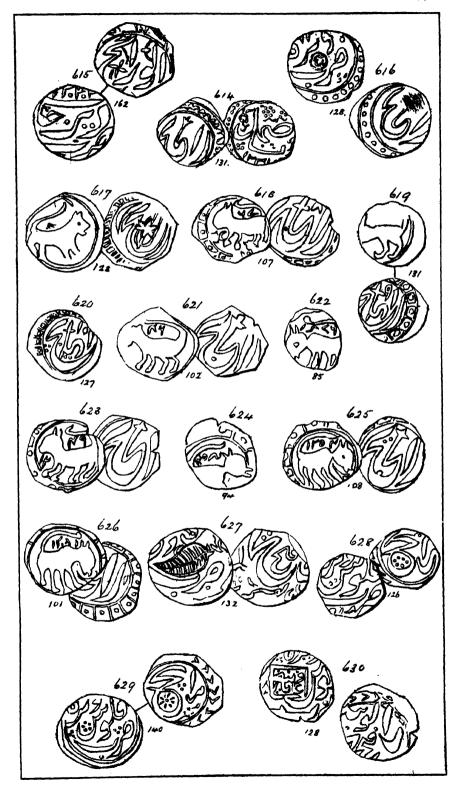
•				-
		DEHLI as SHAHJAHANABAD const.		
	595	1	Ì	
I		R. 1770 wills 1226 will shak akbar shahi falus 1226	BM	
ŀ	596	as last but stayear) R. as last but (1777 - 1226.	"	
ł		Without "Shahjahamabad" but ascribed to that mint by		
	•	Rodgers. 7 in pro- gart sanal 6 - 6th year.		
l		Re. as 595, but dated 1226.	R.	
ŀ	596	as 595 but \$ 10 = 10 Payear. R. as 595 but undated.	H.	
ı		as 595 but \$ 18 - 12 th year. R. as 595 but dated 1238.	H.	
		ADDITIONS TO DEHLI (the capital and Kingdom.)		
١		MALIN CHHASA A.H. 121670. Rephew & BALBAN.		
ļ	1895	TAT above horseman. R. Bull. ascribed by Rodgers.	4.9	
		MUHAMMAD BIN TUGHLAK, A.H. 725 - 752,		
ŀ	230	1 to the second	-	
		3 art al ruba'í bi dar al multi Dehli sabamayal (wa ustrain)		
		wa saman: Struck as a quarter (adli) at the scal of the		I
		Kingdom Dehli seven hundred land wenty and eight.		I
		مفروس العبد الرجر رحمة الله سعمه بن تغلق . ١٩٠		I
		It zaman al'abd al reji rehmalallah Muht bin Tughlak.		I
		In the time of the sorvant, hopeful of the mercy of God, Muh.t.	DFN.	I
		AMBAR. AH. 963 -1014		l
3	7/ 9	جه اکبر باد شاه عار علال الدين محد اکبر باد شاه عار ي		
		Jalal al din Muhammad. AKbar bādskāh ghāzi.		ı
		Re 121 with all all 1977 in . Sanal glob schallad		l
		allah ta'ali mulkah abda. Year 966. May the most high God te	R.	I
5	115	Salal al den Muhammad akkar zarb sanat 966.	R.	
e	至	R. The Kalima, will Jun, was all It will . La alah ala	A.M.	
d	4	Allah, Muham! rasul Allah . There is no god but god 10	N.	
57.	3 %	sam, 2, 4. Jalal al din to as 5112 R. Type of ther Shah, 970.	SM.	
		SHAH ALAM II AN 1178-1221		
زی	744 T	To dam . That alam 1182? 574 + same, sanet 1192, 5745 16		
	1		- 1	



	DADAR .! (24 DADRI Robles)	
600	a fish . Jart Badar jalus 40 1	
	R. Shah Alam badshah ghaji sikka mubarak 1217.	
	شاه عالم باد شاء غازي سكم مبارك ١٢١٧	B.M.
	DERAVAT.	
	Under the DURRANIS.	
	AHMAD SHAH. AH. 1160 - 1187.	
601	Bart Bera wanal. XX = XX wim & xx o o	
	14. ahmad Shako falus 1161 - 1141 wile shako falus 1161 - 1141	BM.
602	Similar reading but smaller coin 4 one 1162. 1177 sol	BM
608	do danal. 7. 1168 1141. V min	B.M.
	TAIMUR SHAH A.H. 1187 - 1207 .	
604	Lion to left 1194 - 1194 . R. Ray 8 - 1 - 1	H.
	"These coins are called Billishahi on account of the	
	cathine figure of the lion upon them! (Dames)	
605	Lion to right 1202 . IT. T. Re . Ray and curious figure to	
i .	Badshah 1204	r.
607	Completes the reading of last. Badshak 1204. 18.4	H.
ļ	ZAMAN SHAH . A.H. 1207 - 16.	
608	Falus jart Dera sanat . dim 8 2 2 10	
	Refaman that dur Surrani 1209 11.9 jej	۵.
609	as No. 607 with and = one, In. year one of Jaman Shah.	V.
	SHUJA AL MULK . A.H. 1216. 1218-24 . 1255.	
610	Leon to right. 1 Ray 1225. The curious figure	
	attached to the tail and of the jum ? is most prot-	
	ably meant for the word sanat, wire-year.	r
611	Ray - رايج . R 1226 Shuja al mulk. 1777 Lall Elem	B.M.
	MAHMUD SHAH A.H. 1216-18. 1224-45.	
612	Ray . R. Mir Nasan Khan 1222 = 1888 in sun	۵.
6/8	Lion to right . 14 1 - 1241 12 bin Nasan Khan.	H.
* '	at present nothing is known about Hasan or his son.	

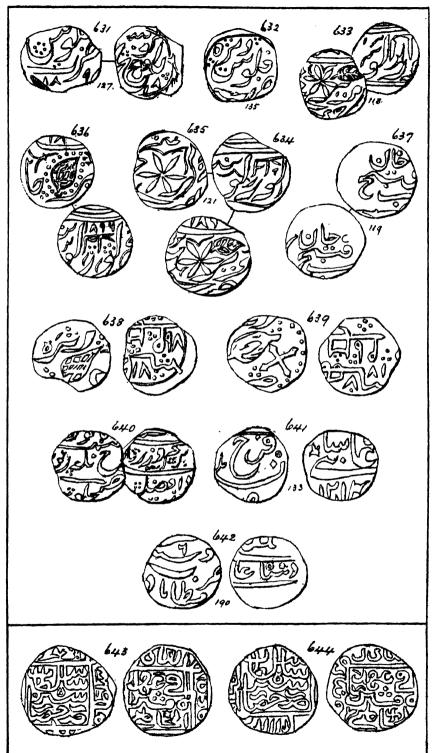


	Under the SIKHS from 1235. Sames so	بمنو
	"But administered by the Saddogai Rawals Hafis	
	ahmad and Sher Muham " up to 1252 when ranni	
	bal Singh box formal possession in Rangit Singh's name	-
614	Ray " A. 1441 - Jeo - ! 1241	r
615	Bart Bairjal 1242 - IFFT - Lych	
	Re June ray . = () (3), \$ - June currency	v.
616	Jart Bera ray 12 xx R. Ray - current	V.
617	Leon to right R. Ray of with star.	₩.
618	Lion to left 1246? R. Ray (sanat ") 8 = 1	н
619	j	ν.
620	do - PL. do 10.1.	V
621	d 46-84 R. d -	v
622	do 1246? R. du	v
623	1	#
624	Lion to right. 1254. 1884 . R. do	₩.
625	do 1 R. do	₩.
626	do date jumbled R. do	V.
627	Pipal leaf of the Likhs gart Dera " . 8 , 5 , 00	
ł	A Ray Fath (Khan) - 500 El) - Fath currency.	₩.
	(Struck upon another coin)	}
628	Bart falus Bera 118/98 - 91 8 July ode	
}	(The date is that of the Links; ie 1898 8 - 1841 AD - 1257 H	٥.
629	as last but without date.	۵.
	Within square: - in a aribat khairbad. Ste may his future be prosperous.	
	around, jaro falus Bera - &	
	As gotind ray Jath - Die grin .	
	literally gotind currency for Fath (Khan).	Y.
		1

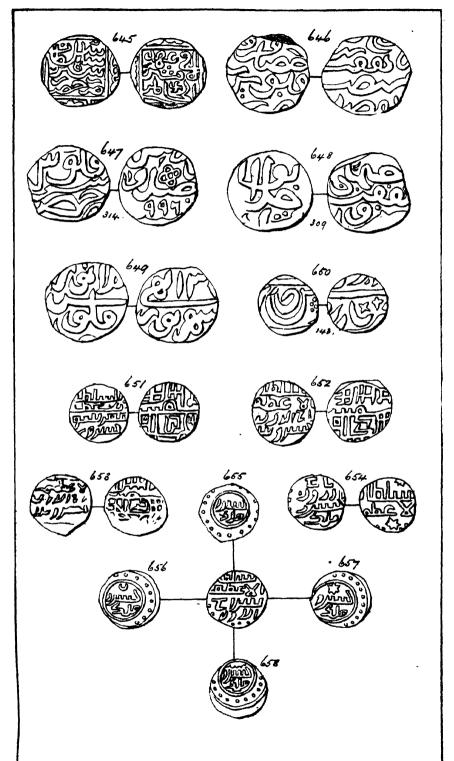


* 6127 49

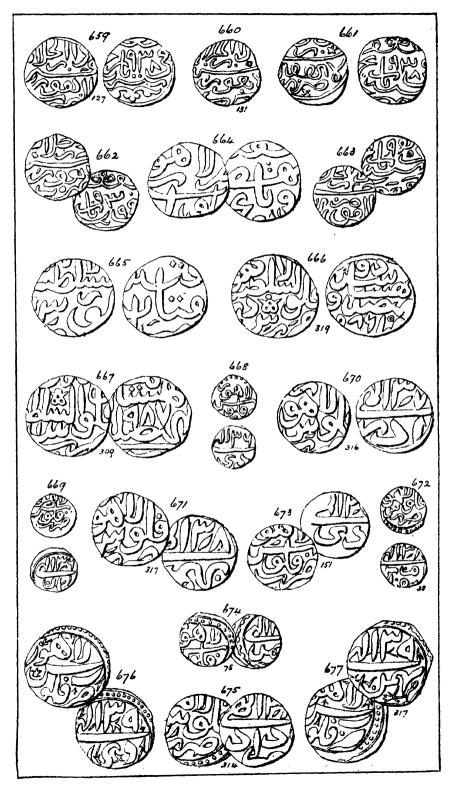
		
631	Bart falus Dera 189x = 119- 119- ingi	
	A govind raij Fath 18 - 11 = 30 -	
	" godind currency for (Sera) Tath (Khan) "	r.
632	another strewing top part of legend on Ob.	۵,
638	Hower and pipal leaf "Jart Sera"	
	4 gur gotind . sing jos Double struck	V
634	Similar with date 189x (gurmukhi? letters unread)	BM
625	another with flower only.	V
636	Leaf and Bairyal 18xx - 11 = 1	
	Re, as last with date 1896	A.M.
637	Sart Fath Sthan : in in . (both sides)	L.G.
638	Sipal leaf "jarb Dera" R. Rodgers reads this coin as	
	TAQ . Singh for Sher Singh .	AM.
639	another with cross and date reversed	R.
	FARRUKH NAGAR .	
	FARRUKHSIYAR , A.H 1124-1131	
640	Jarb Farrukhnagar jalus maimanas manus b.	
	ضرب فرخ نائر خلوس ميمنت ما نوس ٢	
	R. Portions of Farruth sugars coupled.	W.
	SHAH 'ALAM II . 1173 - 1221 A.H.	
641	jart Farrukhnagar R. alam shahi 1214 : 1714 pli ple	R.
,	<u>HAFIZABAD</u> .	
	ALAMGIR II. A.H. 1167-1178.	
642	(عا) اسكير باد شاة غاز ي الاعلام العلام العلام الدين	
	Sanal 6 gart Hafijabad : sieles - in 7 in	R
	HISSAR HISSAR FIROZA.	
	SHER SHAH . AH . 946 - 952 .	
643	In square. Ther Shah sullan jart Hissar, margin,	
	T. Abu al muzaffar.(B. Khallad Allak. L. Mulkah) R. wa sullans	k.
	R. Har. Fi ahad alamiral hami . R. T. al adl . R. 950	v.
	as last with remainder of margins & Swastika L. at digan	V.



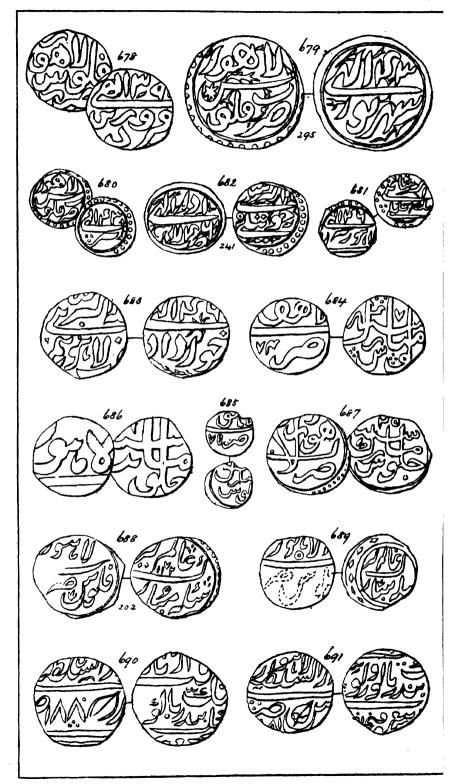
645	* dam, inscription and swasteka as last - In square	
	بين 44 من margins منير شالا سلطان ضرب عمار	
İ	ابو المظفر و تعد الله به الله عليه ملكه بالمعلق و سلطانه المه	
Ì	R. في الاصبر الحامي margins when complete are,	
	Right. 9 80 Left. Ile ul Bottom . 120/2 Jop. Isla	
	AKBAR . A.H 968 - 1014.	
646	Bart falus Histor Firoza . (8) فيرو الله عليه عليه المالة عليه المالة عليه المالة الما	
	في التاريخ نه صد شعب و هفت - R Fal tarikh nuhsad	
	shast wa haft - In the year nine hundred, sicty + seven.	1 .
	as last but differently arranged B. ruhsad wa naud	
647	نهصد و نود و شش ۹۹۲ . هماه المعالم ال	R.
	JALALPUR.	
	AKBAR . A.H. 968 - 1014	
648	Jart / Jalalpur . مرب حلال بدر Re nuhsad wa haffad	
	wa chahar = بعصد و هفناد و چهار 974	Vos 1.
	MALANUR .	
ĺ	AKBAR . A.H. 963 - 1014.	
649	fart falus Kalanur - خرب فلوس كلانور R. Slahi	
	37. (month) Shahrewar - 192 wife 174	R.
	MAITHAL.	
650	Sortions of the legands used on the corns is sued by ahmen	1
	Shah of Seple about 150 years previously, with the sole	
	addition of the sign 10 in the curt of the or of by,	
	were of selver and purported to be struck at Surhend in	
	the 4th year of his reign, org; 1165 AH (Sir R. 6 Temple)	Bl.
	LAHORE.	
	Coins of the last of the Ghazavid Kings of Lahore, who	
	were conquered by Muhammad bu Sam	
657	Al sullan al azim Musz al daulas Khusrau	
	ناز monific with sign on بالسلطان الاعظم صعر الدولة كسرو	6 R.
	KHUSRU MALIK A.H. 585 SEZ (Som of above)	
i 1	Al sallan al azim Taj al daulas Khusru Malin B. as lad	
6524	تاج الدولة كسرو سك : ١٦ السلطان الاعظم . المسلطان الاعظم عسرو سك	R.
L		



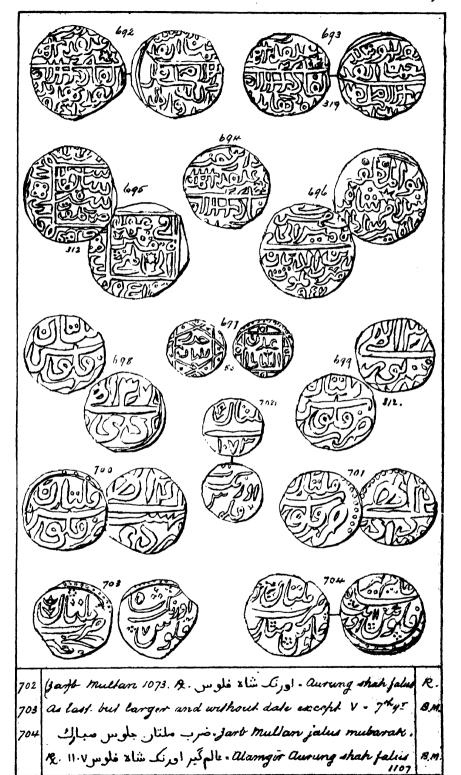
		_
655	al sultan al azim Guraj al daulat = R. Nhusru Malik .	
	خسرو ملك السلطان الاعظم سراج الدولة	R.
656	The same but has crescent above thustu.	R.
657	l .	R.
658		R.
	HUMAYUN. A.H. 987 - 946	
659	jart Lahore dar al Khalifah . will laly significant	
	Fleuron above + below, Fi tarikh 938 - 1 Th 2015	H.
660	Variety in type, same reading	H.
661	another variety with two stars, same date	B.M
662	do daled 939	AM.
663	do daled 939 do 945	B.M
	AKBAR A.H. 946 -1014	
664	gart falus Lahore = one stem lahore	
	R Fi tankh ruhsad haft . 970	R.
665	Portions of polisical lumbers of gart falus dar	
	al sultanat Lahore - Seat of the sultanate.	
	Re نسس معاد و منش المسام. المعد و هنا د و سنس	
	Nine hundred and seventy and sic . 976	R.
666	Ob. as last. R. Nuhsad wa hashlad wa shash. 986.	BM.
667	_	#
1 1	12. as 664 R. SS (8lm) F7541 . Slahi 36 mah Di	ВМ
	" do R. الباب المالي . do aban	CM.
	do R., j. 1 my 541 37 agr	H
	do R. Why MASHI - " 38 Bahman.	н.
672		H.
673	"	н.
1 ' 1	4 dam dem de de de de de de de de de de de de de	
	R. J. Fx W. Slahi 4x Bahman	H.
675	as 664 A. SISMI TA SII 38 amardad	<i>H</i> .
676	10 . R. 50 mg syll 39 De-	0.
677	do R. 19 41 39 Bahman	Н.
لـــا		



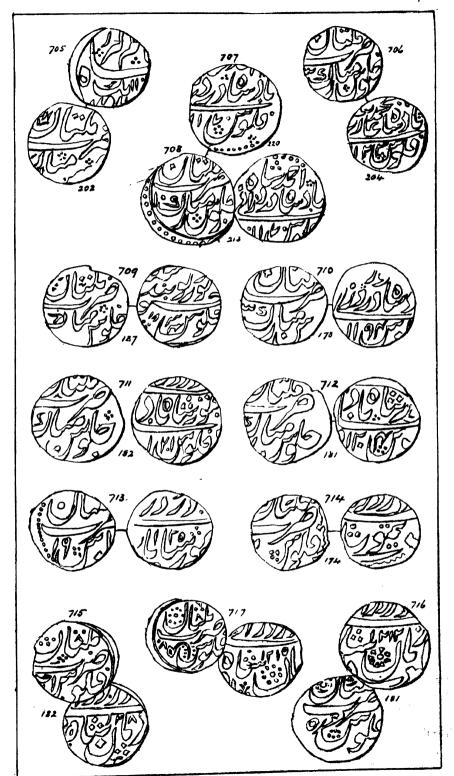
678	ahore. فرد فلوس لاهور)	
	R. فروردين . Slahi 39 Jarwardin	BM.
679	as 678 R. 192 prim 45 541 48 Shahrewar	R.
	# . R. M. 45 50.	B.M.
	I tanki. My cyl ! single ! darb Lahore Shahr.	
	war ilahi 46 R. ali اكبر سالي . yak tanki	1
	akbar shahi	B,M.
682	4 tanki jart lahore ilahi 46 ayr = ; il	
	R. Chau . 32 - (four) tanki akbar shahi.	CM.
683	tanka. خرب لاهور نيم تنكم اكبر سايي . Jart Lahore nim	
	(2) tanka aktor shahi, R. 313, 25 44 syl.	
	Ilahi 46 (monsh) Khurdad	R
	AURUNGZEB 'ĀLAMQĪR. AN 1069 - 1119.	
684		
	8. v wim S, to we - falus musarak sanal 7.	R.
685	16 dam. jart Lahore 75 (40). R. Jalus mubarak sanat X	R
	(jart) Lahore R. Jalus mutarak sanal -	R
687		BM
	'ALAMGIR II. A.H 1167-1173.	
668	عالم كير سكه مبارك ١١٧٢ . الم كير سكه مبارك عالم	
	"Ulamgir sikka mubarak forlunale curtency 1172	
689	Similar, undated.	R.
	UNDER SIKH RULE. SAMBAT DATES.	
	RANJIT SINGH, 5, 1876 - 1896.	
690	a pipal leaf in the curl of the Jart dar al sal-	
	ضرب دار السلطنية العورجلوس ع 1860 السلطنية العراجلوس عام العلم المسلطنية العرب	
	111. R. bontains portions of the Sixh couplet as on	
	دیگ تیغ و فتع و نصرت بید رنگ	
	ء یافت از <i>نانک گورو گ</i> و بند سنگ	
	Deg teg, fath nasral i be darang	į
	Yaft as ranax guru Johnd Singh.	B.M.
691	another as last but dated 1881.	
1		
	,	



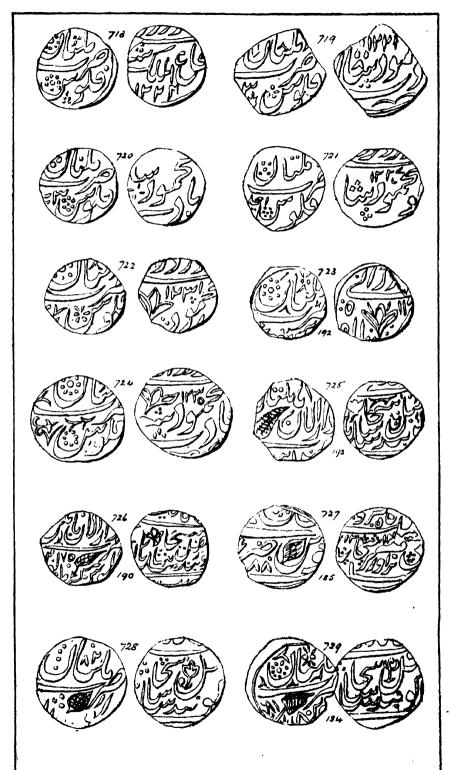
	LUDHANA - LUDHIANA .	
	1SLAM SHAH A.N. 952-960.	
692	ا الفرب عهد الملك في العادل السلام لود ها نظم الم	B.M
	gast ahad at matik fi at adl at sulam Ludhana 956:	
	"Seal of the mint by royal decree in the just + peaceful Sudher	
	A. Portions of - Al mulwakkil ali al rahman abu al mu-	
	jaffar Islam Shah sullan Khallad Allah mulkah wa	
	المتوكل علي الرحين ابو المطفر اسلام شاء سلطان . المالا	
	غلد الله ملكم و سلطانة	
	Trusteng in the Merciful One, Father of the victor Islam	
	Shah, sulan. May god perpetuale his kingdom & sullanale.	1
	MALOT (SHELUM DIST. now in Tuins)	
	SHER SHAH A.H. 946 - 952	
695	Sher Shah sullan zart Malol . شير شاء سلطان ضرف ملوت	
	Margins, top-abu al majaffar-bollom, wa sullariat - left	
	ابو المظفرة وسلطانه . ه خلد الله . الله . المظفرة	
	R. أو الأمير الحامي . Tahad al amir al hami	
	margin, bottom 901.951 - left . al din .	н.
	ISLAM SHAH. A.H. 952 . 960.	
696	، في عهد الامير الحامي الدين الدبان ضرب ملوت ٩٥٢	
	Fi ahad al amir al hami al din al diyan zarb Malot. 952.	
	عه. ابو المظفر اسلام شاء بن شير شاء سلطان (خلد الله صلك). م	B,M.
	al muzaffar Islam shah bin Ther shah sullan khallad allah milk	4)
	MULTAN.	
	SHAMS ALDIN ALTAMSH AH. 607. 633.	
697	عدل السلطا . gart Mullan . R. السلطا عدا adl sulla(n).	L .G .
	AKBAR . A.H. 963 - 1014 .	
698	Jarb falus mullan.	
	R s. (ala) TV Slahi 37 mah Si.	B.M.
699	as last. B. , when my so shahrewar.	
700	as last. R. wines. 3) 1 Fx all 4x Wrdibihisht.	R
701	as last R. +x 54 = . 4x amardad.	B.M.
	AURUNGIEB ALAMGIR(1) A.H 1069-1119.	
		L



705	as last, žart Mullem, jalus mubārak.	
	A alamgir aurung shah falus. 110%.	R.S.
	MUHAMMAD SHĀH . A.H. 1131- 1161 .	
706		
	م صحد شاء بادشاء غارب فلوس ١١٣٣ .	
	Muhammad Shah badshah grāzī falus 1133:	B.M.
	ÄHMAD SHÄH. A.H. 1160 -1187. QURRÄNÎ KIMG.	
707	3 art Mullan jalus mubarak 1. R. armad Shah badshak	P.S.
1	الحد ساة بادشالا در درائے فلوس ۱۱۷۰ م 170، مداله عامی المدسالة	L i
	JANDA SINGH. Sambal. 1888 - SINHS.	
709	Jart Meellan jates mubarak R. Gune govind singh	
	گوروگو بىد سنگە حسىو! فلوس ١٨٣٢- 1634 سالم	R.S.
	TAIMUR SHAH. A.H. 1187 - 1207 . DURRĀNĪS aga	
710	fort Mullan jalus mutarak s!! R. Jaimur Shah badshak	1
	تيمور شاة باد شاء در دراني فلوس ١١٩٤ =. 194 معلم تعميم	R.S.
711	dimilar reading differently arranged and dated 1201	۵
7/2	another with date 1204.	RS.
713	· 1205 and showing regnal 4. 19.	B,M.
714	فلوس ضرب ملتان ، mullarr فلوس ضرب	
	Re. تيمورشا در دراني . Taimur Shah dur Burrani	H.
	ZAMAN SHAH . A.H. 1207-1216	
715	م Jant Mullan and مسلكة - فلوس ضرب ملتان احد	
	Falus struck at Mullan (year) one	
	- Jaman Shah bad وباد شاء اله دراني ١٢٠٨ .	
	shah dur Burrini 1208.	4.5.
716	salus gart Mullan (sanal) 5 0 in while who we	
İ	A. Jaman Shah badshah dur Durrani 12/2 . ITIT.	P.5
717	Falus jart Mullan (): sanal ? 15.	
	R. Jaman Shah badshah? dur Burrani 1215. 1718.	AM.
1		1



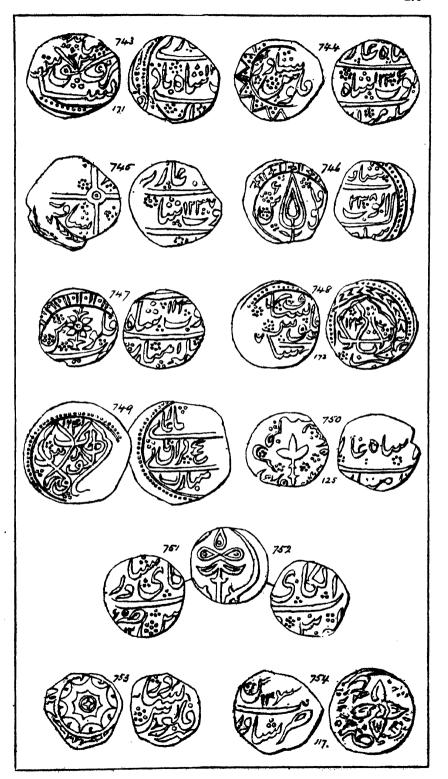
_		_
	SHUJA AL MULK. A. H. 12/6. 12/8. 24 1255	
718		
Ì	A. ITTP الملك شاء در دراني Phujá al mulk shah	
	dus- Survani 1224.	B.M.
	MAHMUO SHAH. AN 1216-18. 1324-45.	
719	محبود شاء باد شاء در دران الم الم على عدد الله على عدد الله على عدد الله المعالمة ا	
	Mahmud Shah badshah dur Surrani 1821.	A.M.
720	another coin showing other portions of inscriptions	
	the same regnal year (3) but not date.	8.17
721	another with and (year one) of second reign & date 1227.	B.M.
722	another with V'- (7th year) and date 1281 - 1771	B M
725	another as last ? shewing other parts of reading .	٥
724	another with fairly complete legends dated 1285. 1770.	BM.
	Jakon by the SIMHS. AH. 1234 - Sambal 1875.	
725	a pipal leage وضرب دار الامان ملتان gard sar al amon	
	mullan: Struck at the abode of safety Mullan (Undaled	
	but early). R. Portions of the same inscriptson that is	
	given on the selver coins of this period, the meaning of	
	which has not up to the present been made clear	
	سِ تبغ نانك واهب س ازفتح (فضل گویند سنگ سحا سالهان) صاحب	
,	سکم زد بر سیم و زر	, ,
,	The portion within brackets is shown on the coin & reads	
	Fayl gotind singh sahā? shāhān	R.S.
726	as last but has on Ot. below-vo wite or hard selection.	
	falus maimanat manus 75 1875 sambal.	۵.
727	jart Mullan, jalus maimans manus (1)880.	
,	Re Different portions of the reading given on 725.	R.S.
728	gart Mullan, jalus maimanat manus (18)82: AY	
	R. Os Reof 725 with the lity of Mullan in curl of J.	UM.
729	Variety of last dated NIA.	R.S.
1 9	en en en en en en en en en en en en en e	



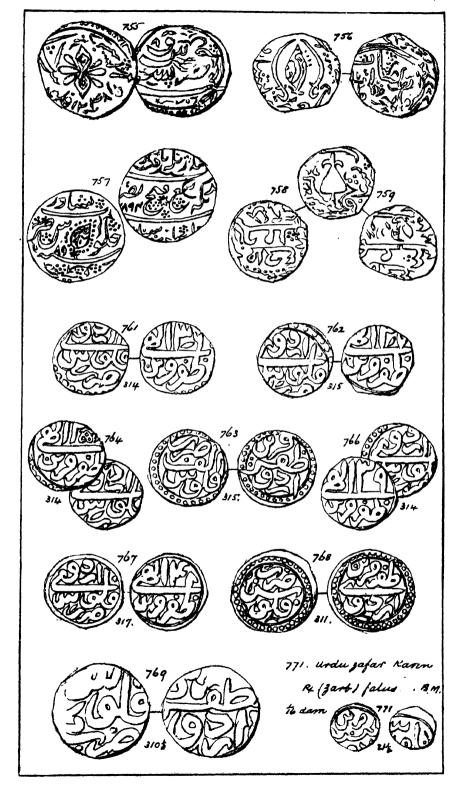
ه وحر	Struck by the Sikhs in imitation of the coins of Mahmu	*
1	Strap like not 722 - 724 Falus gart Mullan	
	R. Mahmud Shah badshah, sikka Juru Jobind? 1260.	R:S.
731	محبود شالا باد شالا سکه گورو گوبند ۱۲۹۰ = . Variety of 730. = ۱۲۹۰	14.
1	another with Re reading, marmud Shah badshah	
	محبود شاء بادشاه در دراني ۱۲۲۰ - 1260 معبود شاء بادشاه در	H.
733	brude imitation of 730 . Let set salus gart	
	Mullan R. Mahmud Shah badshah, sikka gunu 10/260	P #.
734	Smilation of No. 728 but with date 1904-19.4 on obs.	B.M.
	MUZAFFARGARH	
	MUHAMMAD AKBAR II A.H. 1321 -	
736	a fish. عرب مظفرگر لا جلوس احد gart mujaffargarh	
	jalus and - year one. R. Muhammad akbar shah	
	محد اكبر شاء باد شاء سنة ' ۱۲۲۱ منسة المعرفة	8. M
	PESHAWAR.	
	Fersian type. NADIR SHAH AN 1151-1160.	
736	Buck! R. puil de de de Falus gart Feshawar	L.G.
	DURRANT RULERS.	
	AHMAD SHAH . A.H. 1160 -1187	
737	Falus zart Peshawar. & Spin who sile sile siles siles	Ì
	Ahmad Shāh bādshāh ghazi sikka mubarak.	BM.
738	another showing completion of legend and dated 47.11(46)	7
1	TAIMUR SHAH. A.H. 1187 - 1207.	
739	تبدور شاة ماد شاة عاز عالم عاد شاء ماد شاء ماد شاء عاد شاء ماد شاء عاد شاء عاد ماد شاء عاد ماد ماد ماد ماد ماد ماد ماد ماد ماد م	
	Jāimur Shah badshah ghazi .	8 l
740	as last but larger and finishing "sikka mutarak"	v
	MAHMUD SHAH. A.H. 1216-18, 1224-45,	
741	as 736 Falus gart Peshawar. R. www als als de sin som	l
,	"S, Lo - Mahmud Shah badshah ghazi sikka mutarak/220	B.M.
	AYUB SHAH . A.H 1233 - 50	
742		O.F.K
isat we	Year one	



	THE PANJAB.	,
	4 . ايوب شاع . ayub Shah fancifully arranged in	
	a kind of monogram	1 1
748	'r 'sim wille, suille, - Peshawar falus sanat 3.	
	A. Iren مان ساله بادشاه غاز سکه سباک ۱۲ex	
	badshah gházi sikka mubarak 12×× · (Bouble struck)	ا.م
744	Feshawar falus 4.4.	
	R. as 748 except date, which is 1234 = 14 TF.	B.M.
745	Thews "Perhawar" only	
	R. as 743 eccept dale which is 1237 = ITTV.	B.M.
746	Leaf & myle - falus 6. (mint. not. shewn).	
	B. as 744 except date which is 1238 - ITTA DM	B.M.
747	Stower "sart falus (Peshawar ?). ,	
	By . as 748 except date which is 128x . ITTX. D.M.	" .
748	Peshawar falus & . may be fanciful arrangement of	
	<u> </u>	۵.
749	Fanciful arrangement of "Jart falus Seshawar 1241"	
	Re Incomplete legend - Ling and it is a silver	
	Shah ghazi tiran sani (sixxa) nubarak.	1 1
750	Flower, around Falus jart Peshawar 1243 :1547.	
	R badshah ghazi sirka mubarak.	۵.
751	Flower between swords type of BARAKZAI rulers	H.
7572	معمد مسلمة ، فلوس ضرب الكاي پشاور ١٢٦٥ . ٨	BM.
,	ackai Seshawar 1265. Falus struck for the district	
	of Peshawar.	
750	arabesque with star centre R. zarb falus Peshawar	
	as no date is to be found upon this piece its position	
	here is purely tensalive.)	AM
	Jaken by the SINHS A.H. 1250 - Samtat 1891	
	The Sichs appear to have stamps with their new	
	devices the coins issued by ayut to with the result	
	that many are quite indecipherable. Only those	,
	with the mint are given here.	
754	3 art falus Isshawar 14 - 14. A. Ornamont to muddled.	19 G.



755 Ornament. Parts of - IT MA jour July . Talus Peshawar	
1248. Re Jumbled inscription	٧.
756 Leaf between swords, to left gart Perhawar"	
Re Jumbled.	B.M.
757 Pepal leaf - 19 km miller sittle of sort Feshawar	
jalus sanal 89. R. Parts of the Sikh coupled as on to	
1. Deg, teg to commencing at middle continuing above	
and fire hing below. Date 1894 S. 1194 (Type of silver)	B.M.
758 Spearhead ! (gart) Perhawar	н
1 7	B,M
URDU ZAFAR KARIN . AKBARS' CAMP COINS.	
In his desire to assist in administering justice with his o	wn
hands , aktain set the fashion of an annual movable cours	
camp on low, and these coins were (as the name implies)	
struck in the camp for the use of his vast relinus during i	
stay in various parts of his dominions Though convenien	
included here it must be remembered that their issue was no	-
confined to the Paniat alone. Tis 160 MIPE	
confuned to the Sanjat alone. 160 3	ì
jart urdu i.	ĺ
الله عدم ال	
Karin, ilahi 35 Falus struck at the carry possessing	
victory, ilahi 36 40	8 M.
761 Same reading but ilahi 36 47.	Н.
762 37 = EV.	H.
763 Falus gart alif - il : 1000 (. 57 ilati) & Urde jajar Karin.	N.
764 as 760 but ilahi 38 - TA. 765 1110	11.
765 & dam same year.	BM.
766 as 760 but itahi 39 . 49. 2000	4.
767 40. 4.	CM.
768 Falus jart R. Urdu i jajar Karin.	C.M.
769 Falus jart - R. Undes jagar Karin. Bo	H.
770 \$ dam as 768.	12.9



HISTORY OF BAHAWALPUR .

The ancestor of the ruling family of Bahawalpur originally came from Sind and assumed independence during the break up of the Durrani empire when Shah Shuja was expelled from Kabul/1809). The hawab Bahawal Than II made several applications to the British for protection which were declined although the treaty of Labore with Ran jit Singh really affected this object. The first treaty between Britain & Bahawalpur was in 1833, where the independence of the Nawab within his own boundaries was secured. The political relations as at present existing between the state and the paramount power are regulated by the treaty of 1836.

NAWABS OF BAHAWALPUR.

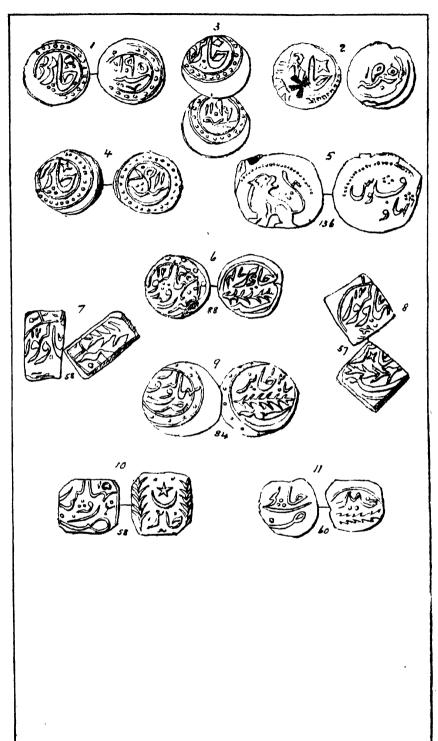
Bahawal Khan I	1780	Fath Shan	1852
Sadik mahmud Khan I		Bahawal Khan III	1838
Gahawal Khar I	}	Sadik Mahmud Khan I	1866

HISTORY OF BALUCHISTAN

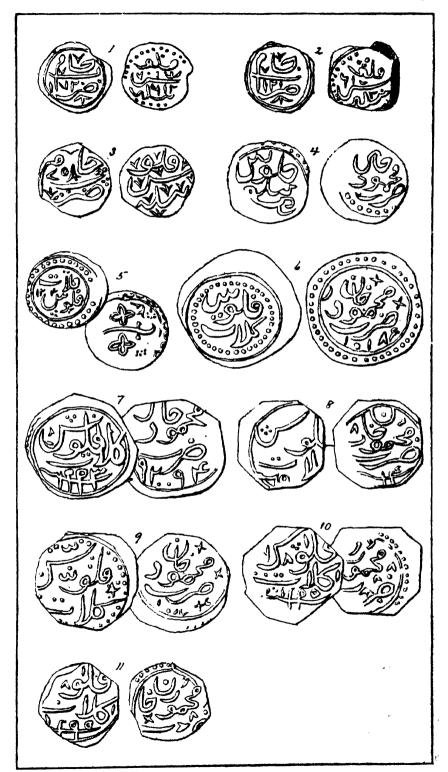
The earliest known facts regarding Baluchistan are that Alexander marched his troops across its deserts to invade India and that after his death it hasted to his general Alexander. Later on it was ruled by the frecondaction Kings reigning in Afghanistan and the Sanjab. Between B.b. 140 and 130 they were overthrown by the Sakas About this period Buddhism flourishea. The empire of the dassanians followed but Baluchistan was not conquered till the time of Rushirwan 1.0 529. 577. In the year 635 or 6 Rai Chach marched from Sind and conquered Makkan and the Bai dynasty extended their dominions towards Kande

has. The Araba reached Mekran as early as 643 and their power lasted till about the end of the 10th Century Shortly after, Baluchistan fell into the hands of Sabuklagin, and his son mahmud of Ghazni was able to effect his conquests in Send owing to his possession of Thugdar. From the Ghaznavids it passed to the power of the Ghori sulfans and later was included in the dominions of Muham. mad Khan of Khwarizm (Khiva) 1219. about 1228 a Mongol expedition under bhagalai frenetrated as jaw as Mektan a few years later the south of Saluchistan came under the rule of allamon of schli but soon reve ted to the mongols. A century later the Baluchi extended their power to Kalas. Kachhi and the Panjab, and the wars between bhakar the Rind and gwahram Lashani so celebrated in Baluch verse, took place From 1556 to 1595 the country was under the Safavid dynasty of for. sea, when it fell into the hands of the Mughals of Dekli until 1638 and then reverted to Persia. In 1390 the up. per highlands were included by axpair in the sarker of Kandahar, while Rachhi was part of the Bhakhar sar. Kar of the Mullan Subah. Merran alone remained independent under the malike, Buleday and Jichkis until nasir Khan I of Kalat brought it within his power during the 18th century. The Mirwaris from whom the present Kalat rulers are descended claim arabon pin. One of their chiefs Mir Hasan regained the capit al from its mongol governor, and he and his successors held Kalai for welve generalions when m 1666 - 7 the rise of mir ahmad occurred. Fifth in descent from the latter was abdullah an intropid soldier of fortune who possessed himself of Kackh -

	-////////	····
	BAHAWAL I under TAIMUR SHAH DURRANI ?.	
/	jais · current .	
	R. 1190 min - sanal 1195.	H.
.2	Variety of the same with countermask.	¥.
1	Jaig . eutrent.	
	R. 1194 min . sand. 1196	v.
4	Jaig · current.	
	A. 1194 " sanat 1197 (reversed)	H.
	SADIK MAHMUD under SHUJA AL MULK?	
5	a lion, Tim . sanat & (seems to form a continua.	
	. جها في (لبور) فلوس Lion of the lions tail. J. Re	
	Bahawalpur falus.	v.
	BAHAWAL II . A.H1269.	
6	۱۲۴۸ عمرب بهاولپور ۱۲۴۸ عمر عماولپور ۱۲۴۸	
	A. a spray . HV im jels - Jain sanat 47.	H.
İ	FATH WHAN. A.H 1269-1275.	
7	Sahawalpur (sanat 127%). A. a spray . Dim. sanat.	v.
i	(jart) Bahawalpur 127% R. as last.	<i>N</i> .
	as last two but round.	P.S.
′	SADIK MAHMUD, AH. 1283_	
10	(IT) 10 jart Bahawalpur 1315.	
	R. Jaiz under cruscent and star between sprays, .	V.
	MHANPUR . (Jown .)	
,,	••	
"	13. () Jaro Khanpur . R. a spray . July - jaiz . current .	BL.
	Actionary. 124 - July Convent.	20,
	•	



	BELA - BEYLAH	
/	۱۷۲۰ غرب جام ۱۷۲۰	
	18. V.1417 . mula delen . Bila falus . 9 AH 1267	BM
2	Jart Jam 1 1 - NH. 1271 (reversed?)	
ŀ	R. Bita falus. 71 - 61!	8 m
3	مرب جام ١٥ مرب جام ١٥ مرب جام ١٥	į
	Re mysis miles - Bila falus	
4	بيلو فلوس عالي عالي الله الله الله الله الله الله الله ا	
	Re Jart Mahmud Khan	WHY
	KALAT = QILAT.	
3	۱۲۴۰ قلات فلوس ۱۲۴۰ مقلات فلوس ۱۲۴۰ ملات	
	Re a sword between qualtefoils.	
6	- Malat falus.	
	Peting with some one of the mahmud Khan 11(29) 54	
.7	188 - Alas folus sanas. 1293	
	R. 11 14 de de de de de la Jart Mahmud Khan ? 1294	
*	Kalai falus.	
_	Re gart Mahmud Khan Sanal 1.15 . 814 !?	
9	Kalat falus	
10	Re. zart Mahmud Khan - blurred dale	
	Kalas falus sanas ([PO . 1295 Re Jart Mahmud Than . 11 - 88?	
	5 Lize. as last	
•	R do.	
		1
- 1		

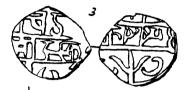


Jandava, hitherto held by different petty chiefs, under the auth only of the nawate of Sind. In 1787 during muhabbat his suc cerroto reign, the famous hadir shak advanced from Persia to invade Hindustan, and while at Kandahar successfully sent his forces to establish his authority in Saluchistan, Muhabbat than however was continued in the government of the country by Nadir's order. Muhabbat was in 1750 suc ceeded by havir Khan. He proved a wise, politic and warlike prince, took great pains to reestablish the internal govern ment of all the provinces under his dominion, and improved and fortified the city of Kalat. Nasur Khan declased himself undependent in 1758, but ahmad Shah Surrani of Kabul the first of that dynasty) went a force and reduced him to obed ince. Masir died of extreme old age in 1793 and was succeeded by his eldest son Mahmud Khan During the latters reign the state gradually dominished the process continu my through Mehrab, the next Khan's rule In 1889 Nalad. was allacked by the British in consequence of Mehral's trea cherry Mehrab was Killed in the conflict but later was pro ved mnocent of the odious charge. The treaty now on force between Britain and Kalat was signed in 1876 at Jacob. atad by Khudadad Khan and Lord Lyllon.

KHANS OF KALAT.

mur	Ahmad I	1666	Mir Mehrab Khan	1816
		1695		1839
		1697		1840
		1713		1857
1		1715	Sherdil Khan	1
ì		1	(usurper) 1	1
1	Muh! Nasir Khan I		l .	
	Mahmud Khan I			
	T - 1			1
7		1	1	1 1







CHARHAT SINH S

में चढत In bhadata सिंह sinha समय samayam
मुद्रा mudra - Shuck in the time of In bhadata sinha
R. मी नसी. In Lakemi नाम natha सहाई sahae से 14 sam 15
By the help of In Lakemi natha (Lord of Lakemi) year 15.
CYD on both sides. / 24 CC for bharhat bhamba) BM
Variety, no date
de degraded type.
do mutitated legends in Itlain circle
HHV

HISTORY OF CHAMBA

Founded probably in the such century by Marus a Surajbansi Rajput who built Brahmapura the modern Grahmaus;
bhamba was extended by Mera Varma [650] and the town of
bhamba built by Sahil Varma about 920. The state maintained its independence, acknowledging at times a nome
nat submission to Kandahar, until the Mughal conquest of India. Under the Mughals it became tributory
to the compire but its internal administration was not
interfered with and it escaped almost unscathed from
Tikh aggression. The state first came under British in
fluence in 1846. The part west of the Rain was at first.
handed over to Kashmir, but subsequently the boundaries

of the state were fixed as they now stand, and it was declared independent of Hashmir In 1848 a sanad was given to the Raja assigning the territory to him and his make their. Raja Jopal Singh incurred the displeasure of Britain and required to abdicate in 1878, and was succeeded by Raja Tham Singh who abdicated in favour of the present. Raja, Shuri Singh in 1904.

RAVAS OF CHAMBA.

Sail	Baradur Singh	
mudi	Mahipat	
Shul.	Uggar +	
Saran	Umed.	
Janesh	Raj . *	
Pralap	git .	
Birthan	Jugaidas "	
Bali Karan	bharhat.	
Jawar Shan	Pri-	1846
Prithi Singh	gopal .	1870
Shhalar Singh	Sham	1873
Udaiyar	Bhuri-	1904
Laxshonan		

"Hind Rajasthan", Mahla

DOGRI-TAKARI ALPHABET . (Used in famu to).

प	G	G	3	Ħ	S	36	4	Л	us	3	b
āirā(a)	iñ(L)	ürä(u)	0	sa	ka	ka	kha	ga	gha	na	ca
u	1	m		C7	0	3	પ્ર	-	3	æ	æ
cha	ja	jha	ña	ta	tha	da	dha	na	ta	tha	da
tt	4	ζ pa	G	Ų	3	7	21	5	7	24	3
dhe	na	pa	pha	ha	the	ma	ya	me	la	ra	بعبد
			-	300	n Shede	ayan	agrano	by Ser	ga gre	ribera an	TRAS 149

HISTORY OF KASHMIR

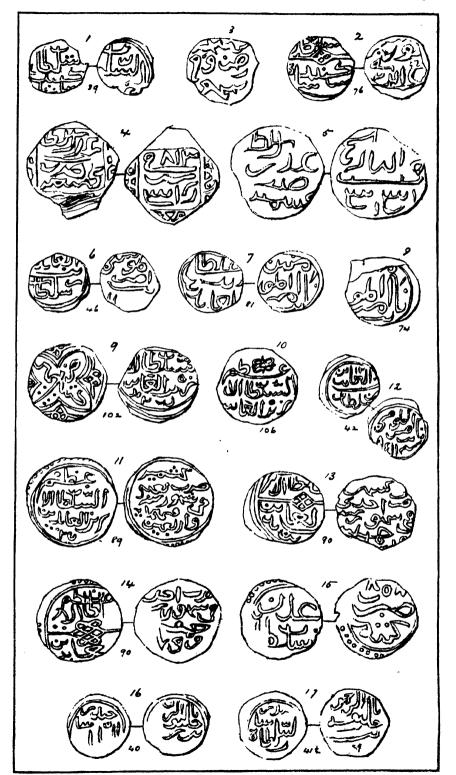
The state of Kashmer has been styled The Saradise of India, and tradition says that so freetful valleys once formed the bed of a vast lake. Hindu Kings are said to have ruled there for consuries before the Obristian era, and that from about 150 to 100 B.b. it was ruled by Tartar princes Insorp tions on coins and monuments all us that Hindus reigned there when Mahmud of Ghazni led his famous expeditions against India from 996 to 1024 making perful havoc throughout the province. Offer mahmuds' departure the country again settled down to the peaceful rule of its time du Kings until 1305 when it was invaded from Titel. and its King Sena Seva fled . He was succeeded by Rang . poce, son of Yaflan King of Tibel who is said to have been converted to Islam, and assumed the name of Iadar al den . His successor Shams al-din who ascended the throne in 1341 is usually considered the first Muham. madan King of Kashmir Foremost among the list of these muhammadan rulers is the name of Jain al abidin who reigned fifty two years, and was a poel, artist and sportsman. He encouraged architecture, leterature and the airs, introduced weaving, paper and glass making, and the celebrated papeer mache work . after his death the state fell into disorder- and eventually the bhaks (a Hunder tace | assumed power. In 1359 ghazi Khan bhak declared himself sovereign but his dynasty only reigned twenty seven years when Kashmer was conquered by akbar in 1586 and annexed to the Mughal empire time until 1753 it remained a province of the empire and was the frequent retreat in the summer of the Emperors of Dehlu. In 1738 hader Shah of Persia invaded India, sacked Behli and added the fair rate of Kashmir to his conquests. Ahmad Ihah Durrani of Kabul followed in Radir's wake and in 1752 subjugated and annexed the state to his om. pire. at different times governor were appointed to the province among whom were Nur al din and Muham? azim Khan, the latter making himself independent in 1811. Il remained under Afghan sway until 1819 when it was conquered by the Sikhs . From that time it was ruled by a succession of governors appointed by the Maharaja's of the Panjab until the dissolution of the Sixh realms and their conquest by the British in 1845. a year later gulat Singh the ruler of Jamu was confirmed in posicion of the territory which he had held as judatory chief by pay ment of £750,000 and also given possession of Kashmir His successor was his son Ranbir Lingh who died in 1865 and succeeded by his son Pertab Singh the present ruler.

SULTANS OF KASHMIR.

Shams Shah A.D.	384 Fath 3th eg	n A.D. 1517
famshir	1887 Muham? 4th	eign 1520
ala at din ali Sher	389 ragan Shah (ra	dir on comi)1527
Shahat al din	1852 Muham 4 6-1	reign 1530
Kuth al din	1370 rayan 2 ⁻¹	. 1537
Likandar Shah	1386 Naidar Doghlat	
amir Khan ali Shah	1410 Stratum Shah	1552
Jain el abidin	Wy Isma'il Shah	1555
Haidar Shah	1467 Habit Trapmu	d on counsi) 1586
Hasan Shah	subg Ghazi Shak	1659
Muhammad Shah	1481 Husen Shah	1562
Fath Shah	1488 'Ali Shah.	1569
Muham? 2 dreign	1492 Yusuf Shak	1579
Fash do	1513 Yakub Shah	1586
Muham 3" ruga	1514 bonquered by c	2kbar 1566
<u> </u>	Sadian May Cal M.	E by N.R. Mright.

DURRANI KINGS AFGHANISTAN K PANJAB	JAM.	1.0.
Ahmad Shah	1160	1747
Jaimur Shah	1157	1778
Jaman Shah	1207	1793
Shuja at mulk 1st reign	1216	1801
mahmud Shah 1th reign	1216	1801
They'a 2rd .	1218	1803
mahmud 2 ⁻¹ . 124	! !# - #5	1809-
Raisar Shah (in Kashmur) 1.	22/-3	1806-
Pullan'ali Shah (al. Kabul)	1283	- 1
	1238	
1	5-126F	' '
	1255	1839
1	1258	1
GOVERNORS of MASHMIR.	•	
I	1 1	
Rur al din 122	3-25	1808
	9 - 25 7 - 29	
Muhammad azim Khan 122	7-52	1811-16
	7-52	1811-16 Ne. A.D.
Muhammad Azim Khan 122 SIKH MAHARAJAS OF THE PANJAB, KAS	7-32 HNN/K	1811-16 Ne. A.D. 1819
Muhammad Azim Khan 122 SIKH MAHARAJAS of THE PANJAB, KAS Ranjit Singh (Lion of the Panjat). Kurruk Singh	7-33 110111 1876	1811-16 Ne. A.D. 1819 1889
Muhammad Azim Khan 122 SIKH MAHARAJAS of THE PAKJAB, KAS Ranjit Singh (Lion of the Sunjat). Kurruk Singh Sher Singh	7-33 HMIR 1876 1896	1811-16 Pe. A.D. 1819 1889
Muhammad Azim Khan SIKH MAHARAJAS of THE PAKJAB, KAS Ranjil Singh (Lion of the Sunjat). Kurruk Singh Sher Singh Dulip Singh	7-33 HMIR 1876 1896 1897 1900	1811-16 Pe. A.D. 1819 1889
Muhammad Azim Khan 122 SIKH MAHARAJAS of THE PANJAB, KAS Ranjil Singh (Lion of the Sunjat). Kurruk Singh Sher Singh Dulip Singh DOGRA MAHARAJAS of JAMU and KASH.	7-33 HMIR 1876 1896 1897 1900	1811-16 N 1819 1889 1840 1848
Muhammad Azim Khan SIKH MAHARAJAS of THE PANJAB, KAS Ranjit Singh (Lion of the Panjat). Kurruk Singh Sher Singh DULIP Singh DOGRA MAHARAJAS of JAMU and KASH. Julab Singh.	7-33 HMIR 1876 1896 1897 1900 MIR	1811-16 N 1819 1889 1840 1848
Muhammad Azim Khan SIKH MAHARAJAS of THE PAKJAB, KAS Ranjit Singh (Lion of the Sunjat). Kurruk Singh Sher Singh DOGRA MAHARAJAS of JAMU and KASH. Julab Singh. Ranbir Lingh	7-33 HM/R 1876 1896 1897 1900 MIR	1811-16 M 1819 1889 1840 1843 1847
Muhammad Azim Khan SIKH MAHARAJAS of THE PANJAB, KAS Ranjit Singh (Lion of the Panjat). Kurruk Singh Sher Singh DULIP Singh DOGRA MAHARAJAS of JAMU and KASH. Julab Singh.	7-33 HMIR 1876 1896 1897 1900 MIR	1811-16 M 1819 1889 1840 1843 1847
Muhammad Azim Khan SIKH MAHARAJAS of THE PAKJAB, KAS Ranjit Singh (Lion of the Sunjat). Kurruk Singh Sher Singh DOGRA MAHARAJAS of JAMU and KASH. Julab Singh. Ranbir Lingh	7-33 HM/R 1876 1896 1897 1900 MIR	1811-16 M 1819 1889 1840 1843 1847
Muhammad Azim Khan SIKH MAHARAJAS of THE PAKJAB, KAS Ranjil Singh (Lion of the Sunjat). Kurruk Singh Sher Singh DOGRA MAHARAJAS of JAMU and KASH. Julab Singh. Ranbir Lingh	7-33 HM/R 1876 1896 1897 1900 MIR	1811-16 M 1819 1889 1840 1843 1847
Muhammad Azim Khan SIKH MAHARAJAS of THE PAKJAB, KAS Ranjit Singh (Lion of the Sunjat). Kurruk Singh Sher Singh DOGRA MAHARAJAS of JAMU and KASH. Julab Singh. Ranbir Lingh	7-33 HM/R 1876 1896 1897 1900 MIR	1811-16 M 1819 1889 1840 1843 1847

-	SULTANS OF HASHMIR.	
	SIKANDAR, A.H. 788 - 818.	
/		
	السلطان الاعظم على السلطان الاعظم	R.S.
Ł	Vaxandar Shah al sullan al azim	P.S.
3	Jart Kashmir fi shahur حرب كشميراني سنهور	Rod
	? AMÍR HHẬN ALÍ SHẬH. AH. 818 - 820	
4	1	
	AIT wim & los . Dar fi sanat 818.	BM.
5	? Smitation of obs. with garbled severse	Bm.
	ZAIN AL'ABIDIN AH. 820 - 872.	
6	jain al abrain sullan وين العاندين سلطان	
	Rail amer at mumenin - نائب امير المو منين	P.S.
7	Variety commencing at the top	19.5
8	Shows completion of legend on Re.	RS
9	The two words Jarb Kashmir" cross each at right angles	
	Re Janat-18/25-70 xim, zaun al abidin al sultan alfazim)	RS.
	Shows completion of legend on R. ple - 'azim	P.S.
11	zoin al abidin al sultan al asim 70 - ? 28.	
	ضرب کشمیره شهورسنهٔ سبعهٔ آنا و اربعین او ا تمانمایهٔ هم	R.S
	Zast-Kashenir fi shahur sanal-sabi wa arbain wa somanmaga	4
12	Zain al abidin sultan II. 12	
	Re Rail- amir al numerin sanat 851 = 181 him	PS.
13	Bar and knot. Jain al abidin sultan al azim	
	Re zarb Kashmir fi shahur sanat ahd Khamsin wa samanmita	P.S.
14	Variety of the last, same data	RS.
15	. del sultan Re jart Hashmir 858 - AOA	A.M.
	HAIDAR SHÀH A.D. 872 -874 .	
16	عيدر شالا السلطان حيدر شالا السلطان	
	Rait Khalifah al rahman الرحمن	Kod
17	another the same with V . 7 on R at bottom	Rod
,	, .	

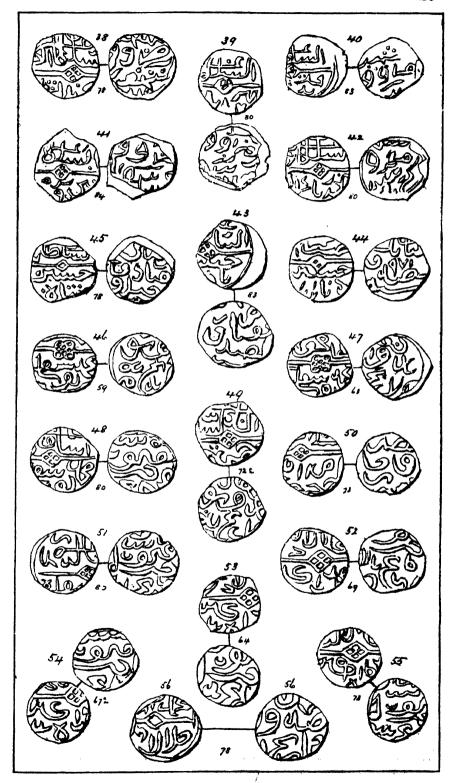


18	۱۰ Haidar Shah al sultan 874 عيد رشاة السلطان	
	R. AVF Lucis will - Maid Khalifah al rahman 874	
19	Bar and knot; Naidar Phah al sultan al azim AVT = 872	
	ضرب کشمیر فی سهور سنة اثنین اسبعین و ثمانمائم به	
	Bart Kashınır fi shahur sanat asnaın satain wa samanamayat	W#Y
	HASAN SHAH AN.874-886.	
20	- ٧ عسن شاك ، Nasan Shah - al sullan (8) 74	PS.
21	Hasan Shah . Re Zarb al sultan	Rod
2.2	Hasan Thak AVY-876 Re al sultan.	Rod.
28	1 v	
_	R. Jart Kashmir fi shahur sabain wa samanamayat	RS.
	MUHAMMAD SHAH. A.H 886 - 954 RIVAL TO FATH	
24	! will so - murammad Shah Kas kmir	
	A Sortions of Jart (Kashmir) fi shakur and date.	PS.
25	Muhammad Shah sullan, R. as last.	19.S
1	Muhammad sultan . R. al sultan zart	Rod.
27	Bar and knot. Muhammad Shah al sultan al ajin	PS.
	R. Portions of Jarb Kashmort for shakur !! sabain wa saman amayat 87 x	
	FATH SHAH .AH. 8FG -954 (RIVAL TO MUHE)	
28	s نشاخة . Fath Shah R السلطان al sultan 7	R. 6
29	Fash Shah 4. 6 R. Portions of fast Kashmir fi shakus	P.S
30	Fath Shah at sullan at azim . R. Portions of usual ins . * 67%	WNV.
3/	as last but with bat + Knot.	P.S
	MAZAK SHAH RIVAL Belween AH. 934-948	
32	الله الله الله الله الله الله الله الله	R.S
	ISLAM SHAH SURI	
33	Ili plul . Islam that at sultan at a jum R. Usual ms.	Rod.
	IBRAHIM SHAH. A.H 960 963.	
34	ابر اهيم سنا الله المعمد المراهيم النا العيم النا العيم النا الله العيم النا الله العيم النا الله الله الله الله الله الله الله	
	Re. Usual portions of Jart Kashinir fi shahur sanat to	R.8.
L		

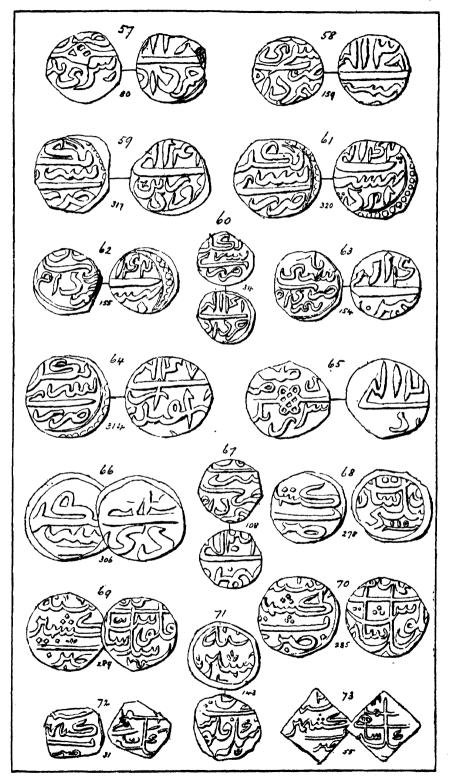
+ 1 + 1 + n N + - p



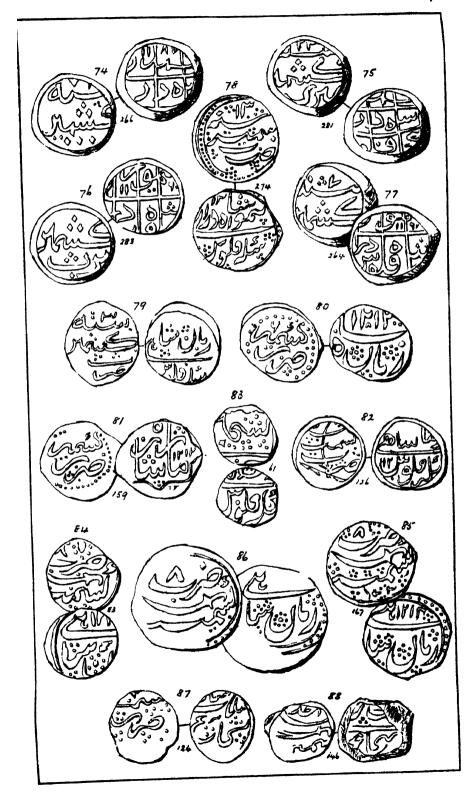
	ISMÁÍL SHÁH AH.968-964	
35		R.S.
36	Samail Shah as last.	R.S.
97	UNHKOWN RULER OF RULERS.	R.S.
38		R.S.
39	R. Portions of To work in the	res
*40	11	R5
41	Kashmir in the months of the year	RS
42	V	R.S.
	(The b coins above though unread, belong to this period)	
	HUSAIN SHAH . A.H. 970 - 977 .	
45	الاعيم الاعيم الاعيم الاعيم الاعيم الاعيم الاعيم	
	الله - عدد وهناد و على Sanat nuhsad wa haflad wa - 97 استة نبعد وهناد و	
44	as last finishing 941 I sties - haflad ex - 971.	
45	منتاد چهار ه haffad chhār - 974	RS
	MUHAMMAD YÜSUF SHAH, A.H.967-995	
46	المان الما	P.S.
47	A. Inscription unread commencing Fitarish.	P.S.
48		R.S.
49	106 ! Re apparently same period as 46.	P.S.
50	Unread, but appears to belong to this period R. ruhead re	19.5.
51	(yu) suf Shak R. ? m Sames suggests -	
	Ftarikh nuhsad wa nourad wa si = 993.	AP.S.
	MUGHAL EMPERORS.	
	AKBAR. AH. 995 - 1014.	
52	- Muhammad aktar محد اكبر شالا حلال الدين	v.
58	Shah, jalal al din R. similar to 51.	V.
641 ,	કકો	A.S.
56	as 52 but commences at the top . R 3 was in	
	Fi tarikh suhsad wa	P.S.
	4	



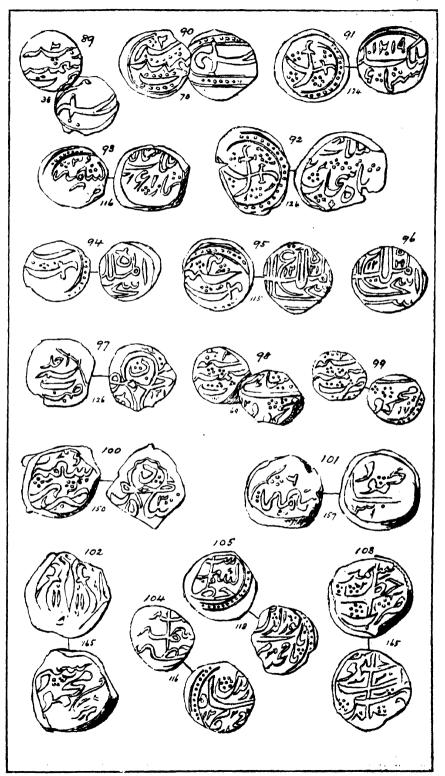
_		_
	In the 30th year of akbar's righ the State or divine	
	era was established rot 57 to 67 give various	
	examples of these dates which are accompanied	
	in each case with the month when struck.	
57	Bar + Knot, Ligu . jart Frinagar	
	A TA Al siza - (Month) thurdad ilahi 38	R.S.
53	t dam. المري سري نكر نيم دام fart Pringar nim dam	
	1. The cyl cine cs) (Monsh) ardibhisht dahu 88	R.S.
59	Jart Grinagar . A. Month) tarwardin ilahi 41	PS.
60	& dam. Jart Svinagar Re (Month/khurded ilahi 41	RS.
	Jast Frinagar R (Month/Ardibihisht ilahi 42	M.S.
	E dam . Rem dam zart Prinagar Re as last.	R.S.
	3 dam - do do R. Bahman ilahi 4x	RS.
	gart Prinagar Re(Month) Islandarmaz ilahi 47	Rod
	Bor + Knot Prinagar R. (Month) agar ilahi 44	Rod
66	Fast Frinagar R. (month) Di-go ilahi 4x	R.S.
67	E dam. انیم دام صرب سری نگر . Nim dam gast Frinager	
	R. ? the fell one (Month) Bahman dahi 47	P.S.
	MUHAMMAD SHAH. AH. 1181 -1/61	
68	(x kim) مرب عشمير (x kim) sanat x	
	R. 110. muhammad	
	Shah sikka falus sanat 1150	R.S
69	Jame with sand 16 ? R. as last but Muh? Shahi &	R.S.
70	another no 71. 2. same reading 4"17	RS.
	AHMAD SHAH . AH . 1161 - 1166	
72	in propies - jo - gard Kashmir sanal.	
	R. Lu ali sol - ahmad Shahi sikka.	P.S.
73	jart Kashmir sanat 4 . 4	
	Re ahmad Shahi sikka 116x . 114.	RS.
j	,	: 1



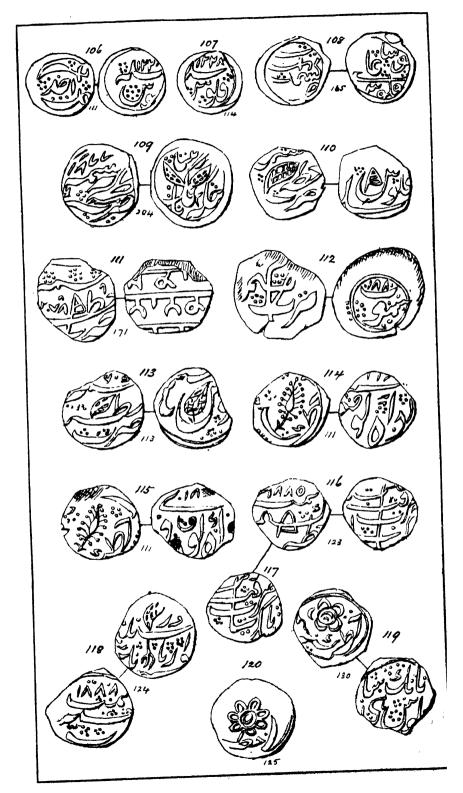
	DURRANT RULERS.	
	AHMAD SHAH DURBANT. AH.1174-1187.	
74	? 14 Rim may 20 = 10,0 = 10,0 Sart Hastimir sanat 26	
	Ahmad Shah durrani sikka felus = احد فناه دراز سام فلوس ۱۱۸۷ م	RS.
75	as last but regnal year 23	R.S
	TÄIMUR SHÄH AH. 1187- 1207.	
76	as 74. gart Rashmir (sanat x)	
	A Taimur Shah	P.S.
	durrani sirka falus 1190.	
77	as 74 . gart Kastemir but sanat 7. Re. as last but 1194	R.S.
78	Different type same reading. Regnal 4 18 + dale 1200.	B.M.
	ZAMĀN SHĀH. A.H. 1207 - 1216.	
79	as THe Bart Kastmir sanal & R. we steem with all .	B.M.
	Jaman Shahi sikka falus.	
80	gart Kashmir 6. R. 1414 8 4 joj . Zamān Shāh 1213	P.S.
81	Different type same reading but 1212.	AS.
82	3 art Kashmir sanat ! R IT wol who will sign is	
	Zamān Shāhi sikka falus 12	r.s.
F.3	Imilation of the period	PS.
84	a sword between " Jart Kastronir", 8 above	
	Re ۱۲۱ × مان شايع - عمل عمل عمل عمل عمل الم	A.S.
85	Larger coin same type + date	PS.
86	Larger still.	AM.
	SHUJĀ* AL MULK AH 1216, AH 1218 -1221 -	
87	Jast Kaikmir	
•	ج. الملك شاء علم على الملك شاء الملك شاء . الملك شاء على الملك الملك الملك الملك الملك الملك الملك الملك الملك	P.S.
88	a sword sol kin point () , jart Kashmir sanal.	
	and - year one	
	R. Shuja'	P.S.
		لـــــا



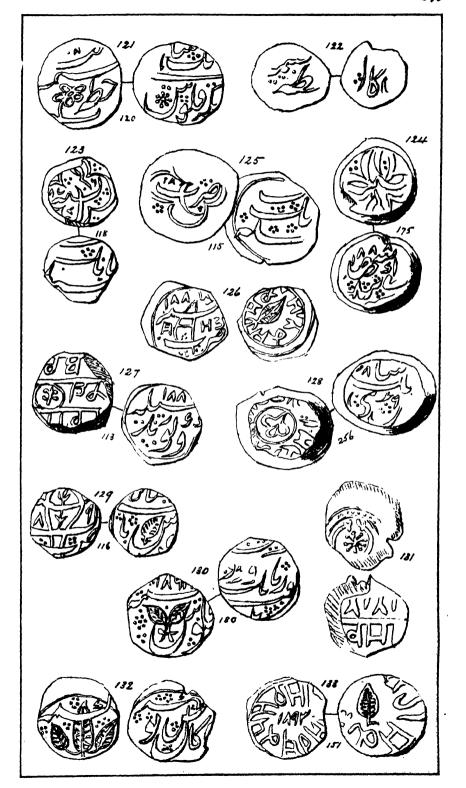
89	۲ kim مرب کشیمیر Jart Kashmir sanat 2.	
	ga tiro bladed word.	P.S.
90	as last but double the weight.	P.S.
91	Two swords crossed Relique all Elie. Shings at mulk 1219	B.M.
92	- شاء شَجاع المك . يهم مه	
	Shah Shuja al mulk.	R.8.
93	3 art Hastmir 3 . R. Shuja al mulk Shah!	R.S
94	* sige . Sword under sanat Re Ill Esi Lin	
	Shap Shiyā al mulk.	B.M.
95	Sword under sanat 4. R. as last with date 1221.	BM.
96	The same (I think these coins belong to Kashmer)	WM.Y.
	MAHMUD SHAH. AH.1216 -1218 + 1224 -	
97	. عمر الاعتبار المعدد عمر المعدد الم	
	R. Irix & Tis 3 . Mahmud Shah 12/x	AP S
98	Jart Kashmir sanat 2.	R.S
99	R. ITIV zeli 2900 - mahmud Shah i 1217.	B.M.
100	Bart Kashmit. R. as 97 with " . 3.	R.S.
101	Rashmir 7:6. R. Mahmud Thah	R8.
102	Two swords and ? R. Makinud Shah sikka? Su	P.S.
103	r jant khitta Kashonir 2	B.M.
	P. (" who alm) & will - Mahmud Shah ukka falus	
	NUR AL DIN AH 1223-1225	
	(Al first governor under Mahmud, but declared	
,	independence A.H. 1224.)	
104	! Thita Nashmir sanah!	P.S.
105	· بنه الله الله الله الله الله الله الله ال	R.S.
2 ₉ 1	al din ya mandim - Oh! Shah hur al din oh! mas-	
	ter.	



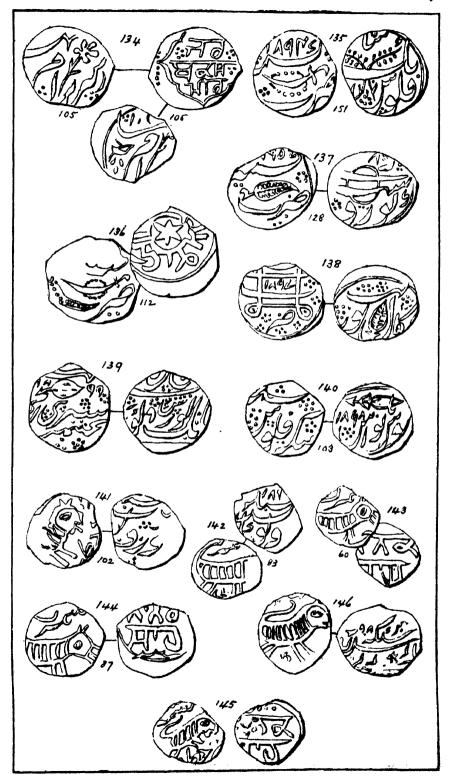
	? MUHAMMAD AZIM KHAN GOVERNOT 44. 1227-1282	
106	a sword above and below, sal . and . one . year '	R.S
107	R ITTA Ein mode - Falus sanat 1228.	BM
	AYUB SHAH GHAZI, A.H. 1238	
108	a sword. im juris one gart Kashmir sanat x	
	R ايوب شالا غازر فلوس Ayub Shah Ghaji falus	P.S.
	SIKH RULERS.	
	RANJIT SINGH . S. 1876 - 1896 (- AH. 1234-1255)	
109	a leaf . IRVV مرب فعطمه كشمير Jart Khita Kashmir 1877	
	R Two leaves . (51) Lin . Lin - Sinka Ranak shahi,	P.S
110	a leaf gart thitle Kashmir	
	Re. a plag. mylo oil. Sinka falus	P.S.
///	a flag. Zart khitta Kashmir (18) 78 - VA	
	R. Mars - akal Ara - hanak (Gumnukhi charact,	Rod
112	Jant Khilla Kashmir. R. 1111 gow . Lamval. 1880	Rod.
113	a Kag. Jaro khitta Kashmir 4.6.	
	A. a flag. I on its view.	P.S.
114	a flower. jard khitta Kashmir	
	Be Double Struck. ! Guru gobind samual 18	P.S
115	another:	P.S
116	a flag ! " Lyon was . Khitta Kashmir	
	samual 1885	
	Re. Seems to be part of the "yaft az hanak" couplet see 130	R.S.
117	another	BM.
118	zart Kashmir sambal. 1888	
	- ایا) فت از نانک گورو گوبند سنگ ای المعم parls و ایا)	
	Yaft as namax quou Gobind Singh	R.S.
119	a rose. * * www many sed =	P.S.
120	Jart khita Kastimir sambas ***	on
- 1	Re Stud will - Falus hanar Shahi	
.		



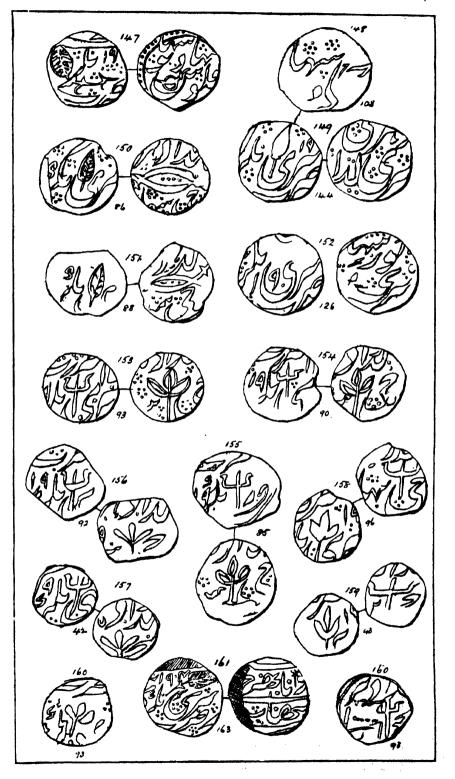
	, 	
121	1 - gart khelta Kashmir sambat 1800	
	R. Line de de Pirka falus hanak shake	R.S.
122	4 4	B.M.
123	" 3 art Kashmis", the two words forming a cross and	
	enclosed within a quatrefoil. 18-87 also.	R.S.
	R Isti Let "Lim - Singh hanax shah	
124	Obv as last Re. IMM law Ly & - Gubund saha 1888	r.s.
125	do 11 = 18 1/2 1 8 lin Stive Sikka Ranak Shah	R.S.
126	a flag: A H5, INAA مرت کشمیر Jarb Kashmir 1888	
	R. Hathath leaf in centre.	B.M.
127	निर्ध fast एते so रमभाउ Kasamara Im with stong	19.5
	R. 111x Lin 2010 - Guru Gobind singh 188 x	R.S.
128	Contre " puries - around umreadable gurmukhi legend.	
-	R. ? 1149 manak shahi 1879.	R.S.
129	19 - gart Kashmir sambat /18/89	
	R. a leaf. is in the object of alus ranak shahi	R.S.
130	Turs leaves. 1191 pariel my de - Falus Kashmir 1891	
	Re گورو 4 Jaft Manak Guru	R.S.
	being a portion the Sixth couplet	
	دیک تبغ و فنح و نصرت بیدرنگ	
	 یافت از نانک گورو گوبند سنگ 	
	Deg, teg, fath nasral i be darang	
	Yaft as Manak Guru Govind Singh	
	Abundance, the sword, victory and help without delay,	
	Guru Gobind Singh obtained from Ranas (& bodow	alan
131		Rod
182	Three leaves	
	R. ! فلو إس اكال كو بند . Falus akal gobind.	Am.
	(a doubtful reading.)	
/83	Incentre 1195-1893. around FIBE fast TAND Kasama	
1	ta A Sam - fart Kashmir sambal 1893	
1	Re. a leaf. Inscription around ?	8m



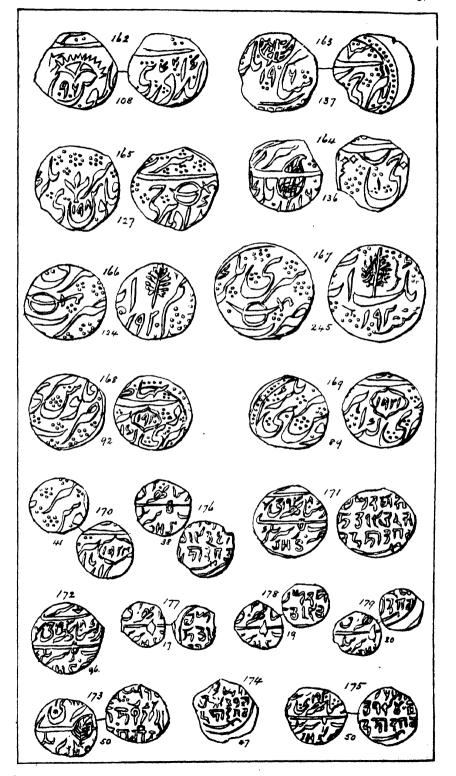
134	a flower. Inscription not clear, possibly Fri gada	
	dharji saha". Law sa nos gum.	
	R. HBE Jarb 《平刊 B Nasamira	R,S.
135	Sword + necklace. 1194 Line Jart Kashmir 1894	,
	•	RS
136	Sword + nicklace fart Kashmir:	
	R. a star. "nanak ji sahai XTX X A H5T	WHY.
137.	a leaf . 1190 po - gart Kashmer 1895.	
	a hosp or necklace?	R.S
	MURRUN SINGH, S. 1896 - 1897	
138	H 119 just sp = gart Kastemer 1897.	
	A. a leaf. ?	B.M
	SHER SINGH . S. 1897 - 1900	
139	a laf 119 will sympions . Hashmir sti akal takht 1899	
	R Verice Will Engle Will Panak Guru 40.	
	bird	Rod
140		
	R. Bow & arrow. 1898 with a store -	R.S.
	falus maimanal manus 1898.	
141	Lion or tigor , wind wha . Shutta Kashmir	
	Guru Gobind singh . Leve Lobind singh	P.S
142	as last with date 119x = 189x	R. 5
	Lion + Khilla Kashmir, (B'B' Baba) K'AR Ranak	
1 1	(A) jū) H'5' sahai	P.S.
144	as last.	R.S.
	on 142.8.4, the Persian instiftion has been read	
	Li Sym - Somagas + ml. Bukhar 145 is	
	however definite.).	
	"Khista Kashmir" - puris whi R: as 148	BM.
146	Lion. R. Remains of (11) 11 will -	
	Guru Gobind Singh 1898.	B.M.



<u></u>		1
	DULIP SINGH 5.1900 - 1904.	
147	a leaf. امر اسری) نگر ۱۹ امر اور اسری انگر ۱۹ امر اور اسری	
	Re Sword + neckles! Falus Maha.	
	dwa saha	BM.
	a leaf. 19 مرد سری نگر 19 Prinagar 1900	R.S.
149	Re lpu 3 m. Sri Gadadharji saha	DFH
150	a leaf Legro - Prinagar	WAV
151	Two surords. In Jadadharyi saha	R.S.
152	Without leaf. "Jart Frinagar 19(00)"	
	R. Double struck . "In Gadadharji saha" on "Mahadwa saha"	R.S.
153	Trident. "Jart Srinagar 1901":	
	K. O. flower. "In Gadadhayji saha"	WHV
154	as last.	WHY
155	as last . "jart frinagar 190(1)	
	A as last. (These coins are frequently double struck)	R.S.
156	as last.	
	R. a different flower + dated 1119	NHV
157	as last, but half the size	R.S.
158	Flower on obverse "jart Grinagar 19(01:"	
	R. A trident, Gadadharji saha	WHY.
159	Half eye similar	WHY
160	as 158 but double-struck.	P.S.
	DOGHRA RULERS OF JAMU.	
	GULAB SINGH . S. 1904 - 1914.	
161	a leaf. 19 + Just or sor fart Frinagar 1904	
	R. Read from top way .	
	Pri Ragunāth ji sahāi	138
`		
l 1		



		_
162	ا ا ا ۱۹۰۲ - فلوس ۱۹۰۲ - فلوس ۱۹۰۲ - فلوس	
	a double struck coin showing part of another design	RS.
163	a leaf. 19.7 Li (Spu) when - Sikka Grinagar 1906	
	R. Parts of "gadadharji sapa". Low 3. 121 &	AP S
164	Thews other parts of the same coin	RS.
	a flower. 19.1 . ily wys . Falus Frinagar 1908	
	A. Sword + neckles . Iti Gadadharji . Brisis	RS
	RANBIR SINGH . S 1914 - 1942 .	
166	غ ana . Iword + necklel . مرج سر نگر Jart Frinagar	
	A. a leaf. 198. wil pri - Nim ana 1920.	DFH
167	I ama . Sword + neckles "jart Frinagat"	
	R. a leaf. 197. wil il. = EK ana 1920	R.S
168	il gru myd - po - gart falus Grinagar.	
	R. 1971 - wy Seigadadharji saha 1920.	OFH
169	another shewing other parts of the same coin . 1921 .	DFH
1	2 value. same type dated 1924.	RS
1 1	J. H. S. = Jame Hari Tingh & Fruck from the same	BM.
1 1	die as the Hari Singhi rupi?)	D.F.H.
	Keading from top " In Ragunatha ji Saha jart Irinogar	
	سري رگونانهه عيسها صرب سرے نگر ١٩٣٨ - ١٩٥٠	
	R. Portsons of 3m3 to Ragh na tha, 371 pt,	
	53 (da na ?), 94 & 1938, 334 Jaraba, 51 (dri?),	
	nol nagara,="Raghunatha ji (saha 1/1938 jaraba	
	Stinagar in Jakati characters. Sword below	
1787	& Kham paissa stewing portions of the same reading	
175	do do dated 1940, 9480, = 1940.	DFH
176	do do 153&-1986	R.S.
177	7 Kham paissa, shewing portions of the same read	
,	ing as 171.	DFN.
175	another daled 953 193x	QFH.
179	another	QFN.
	* some think these are the initial lesters of the Christian	
	symbol - Jesus hominum salvalor - Saviour of men.	
		لــنــا



	GULAB SINGH. 5 1879 - 1908.	
/	a leaf 1149 in some some fait famin sanat 1879.	
	R. a sword श्री देन रगुना य Ragionath नी fi सह ए Saha	
	This fine piece is I believe an impression of the die from	l
	which No 2 or semelar coins may have been struck. It	
	must however be acknowledged that its worn appear-	
	ance would lead one to Hunk it had been on correctation	BM.
2	Same type as last.	DFH
3	aleaf. 1194 Land . Land . Kastmir 1894	
	A. In the centre of four flowers Lili . Ranak.	8 M.
4	a leaf. 11 مرب عن السمير 1897 - jart famun Kashmir 1897	
	A. H _ Lim Lys . Gotend singh i	MAR
	RANBIR SINGH S 1914-1942	
5	a leaf. 1917 مرد حور سمنت 1917. عرد عمور سمنت 1916.	WHY.
	R. Pri Ragunath fi sahai	
6	Type of to 1 but dated 19 1919°	DFH
7	do different part of die	WHY
8	do dale 14 - 1917?	DFH
9	do sword handle to left	DPH
10	do on obverse	DFH
//	de but better workmanship Kashmir above	DFH
12	do do do	DFN
13	do do do	DFN
14	do on obverse.	WHY
15	do 46. has dale YYY - 1227 (AHP)	WNV.
	If correct. The samual date would be therefore 1869 -	
	(AD. 1812) and an improvoible one for bulat or Rantis.	



16	as not. gart Jamun. R. In Regunath ji sahai.	WNY.
17	do do do	R.S.
18	a baf. االله عبين مرب بدون سبت ۱۹۳۰ عمرب عبون سبت ۱۹۳۰ مرب عبون سبت ۱۹۳۰ مرب	
	A. In Dogri Taxari characters the meaning of	1 1
	which is not at present very clear	
	31 7 9 7 710 perhaps " Jamun garaba" and	
	date 9 H = 19 x x . a sword beneath inscription .	BM.
19.2	as last but dated 19 my , 9 (3 9 - 1937 .	Y #
2/	another uncertain date.	V
22	4	14
23	another dated ? +1 - /19/48.	"
	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	
		1 1
•		1 1
		}
	LADAKH.	
	RANBIR SINGH S 1914 - 1942.	
/	• سري گداد هرجيمهاي غرب ١٩٢٢ لداخ قلمرو جمون - From lop -	1 1
	In Gadashar ji sahai zart 1924 Ladakh kalam	
	rao Jamun - Ladakh in the empire of Jamu.	
		1 1
	R. 列 Tanta Sri lajadrar 司 fi H Laha sta	300
	jarti ल दा खा Ladakha कल म kalam रव rao ज म Jam	DFH
2	as last. bompletes upper part of legend.	NHY
,,	another with larger type on R. dated 1927.	DFH
4	another with larger type on R. dated 1927.	
		1
		1 1







HISTORY of PATIALA

The ruling families of Patiala, Thind and Natha have one common ancestor in Phul a chaudari The rayas of Shind and Nabha are descendents of his first son Tilona whils I the Maha taja of Paleala is descended from Rama the record son. all are Sixhs of the Sidher fat tribe. ala Singh son of Rama de. feated Pairid Asad Ali in the battle of Barnala and over the Phalis he was also victorious. He built the fortress of Paliala. In 1762 ala Singh was defeated by ahmad Shah Durrani but after his submission received into favour and given the little of Raya. On the competers departure ala put himself at the head of his Sixhs, boldly attacked the Afghan governor of Sirhind whom he killed, and compelled the population to remove to Pa. tiala On his death in 1765 his son amar Lingh succeeded largely increasing the power of the state during his reign In the latter part of the 18th cent; the famous adventurer george Thomas caused Pakala much trouble but at last the Sixhs with the aid of Serron, the French general, were able to drive him off. In 1807.8 an appeal was made to Bretain for protection a gainst Rangit Singh and in 1609 a treaty was made in which Ranjit Singh engaged to give up all claim to the as Sulley states. Karam Singh who succeeded in 1813 assisted the English in their war with the Shurkhas of Ripal. On the death of Ra. tam in 1845 his son Navendra came to the throne and whon war broke out with the Sikhs took his wand by the side of Britain as was also the case in the Musery of 1857 Mahendra who succeeded his father in 1862 proved an enlightened rules and benefactor to his people, a proud distinction shared by his son Ray andra succeeding in 1876, and grandson Shupandra the present mataraja. If the two cities harnel and Sithered whose cours are illustrated nothing much is known to history. They are both within the borders of the Hale and that they were important places is evident from the fact. that coins in large numbers were struck there, Rarned being especially prolific.

RULERS of PATIALA.

Raja Ala Lingh AD. 1729 Maharaja Mahandra Lingh 1862

- Amar Lingh 1765 Rajendra 1876

maharaja Saheb Lingh 1781 , Shupendia 1900

. Karam . 1818

Narendra . 1845

HISTORY of SIRMUR.

Simus, which means a crowned head, was the residence of the ancient Rayas who reigned before the present dynasty. The first of the reigning line was agar sen Rawal of the Seysalmir family. He was in the neighbourhood on a pilgrimage to the Janges in 1095, when the last of the ancient Rayas was accidentally drowned in a flood and agar was placed on the racant throne. His discendents reigned till 1808, when the fourtess of Ripal conquered dirmer and retained possession until defeated by the English in 1815. They reinstated Karam Grakash the Rajpert Raja to his dominions but deposed him later on account of imbecility and conferred the Kingdom on his son Fath Prakash. He was succeeded by his son Raghbir who did in 1889. His immediate successor, his son Shamsher Prakash loyally assisted the British the same year in the Muking The present rule: Amar Grakash came to the throne in 1911.

RULERS of SIRMUR.

Agar Son Rawal A.D. 1095 Fath Francish 1815

Bescendants reign till conquer. Raghbir Francish

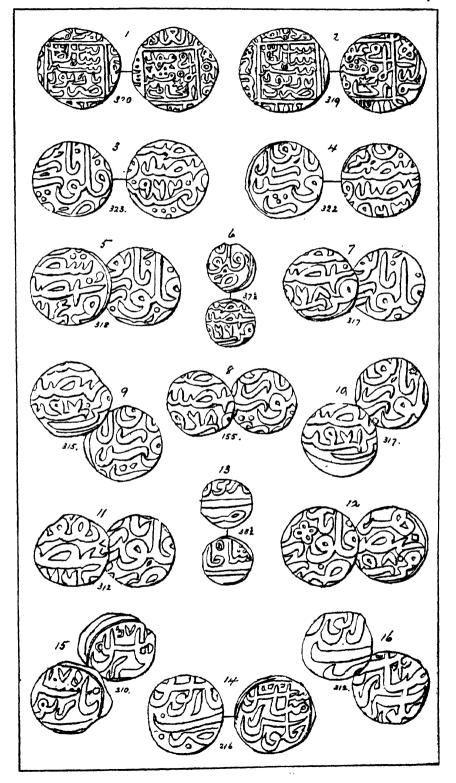
by GHURHAS 1803 Shamsher Francish 1867

Naram Francish (restored) 1815 Binsam Francish 1898

Amar Francish: 1911.

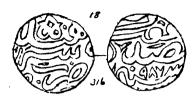
NARNUL .

	NARNUL.		
	SHER SHAH AH.946-952		
1	Jart Narnul Sher Shak sullan . ضرب مارنول تشور شاة سلطان		
	Margins . Bottom . will is . Khalled allato Left on the milkak		
	we sullared mujaffar. Right wildling we sullared		
	R. Esac land al amir al hami	,	
	Margins Bottom al din Left al digun		
	John Jolest. alade Right. 88 980.950	DFH	
2	as last but dated 981 = 951	OFH	
	AKBAR AH. 963 - 1014		
3	Jart falus harnul. R. Fi sanat 962		
:	ruhsad wa shasht (wa do) = (e c e) = (want san bashin	DFH	
4	Jart falus Marnul Re. 968. Ruhsad wa strasht wa se . am	DFN	
5-	do Ri 964 Ruhiad we shasht wa chahor ma	DFN	
6	I dam. Ob. as last Re 966 Ft samat nuhsad wa shasht	OFH	
7	Zart falus Marnul R. 968 Fi samat nuhsad wa shasht	DFH	
8	2 dam as last.	OFH	
9	another dam as no 7. but dated 970 = 94.	DFH	
10	do du 97/ • 9√1	DFH	
"	another A. Fi sanat nuhsad wa haft (wa shash) 976 -	DFN	
	فے سند ۲۷۹ بهصد و هفتلد (و سنتر		
12	another with & and date . Fi sanal 980 nuhsad wa hashlad.		
.~	في سنه ۹۸۰ بهصو و هشتا د	BM	
,	SHAH JAHAN AH 1037-1068		
13	الله بهاي . Jard narnul. Re بهاي Shah fakani	Rod	ĺ
	AURUNGZEBE ALAMGIR AH 1068 - 1118		
14	jart hamul sanal		l
	Re Janah mutarak jalus .	OF4.	
15	fart harnul sanal 1075. 1.40		
	A Sanat mularak jalus 7: V. Year 7 of happy accossion	DF4	
16	1	OFH.	l
	I was a second of the second o	1 1	ĺ



	SIRHIND . AKBAR A.H. 963 - 1014 .	
17	Jart baldal Serhind .	
	Struck in the town of Sistered	
	Ti al tarisch	
,		L,M
18	Jaro Sirhind . Re (still 3') was say 9AV view .	
	Sanat 987 nuhsad wa hashlad wa haft.	0.
19	gart Sirtind R. WI FI wim . Sanat clase 41.	0.
	,	
	SIRMUR (STATE) NAHAN SCAPITAL)	
	GIRVANA YUDDHA (Maharaja of NIPAL) AH. 1214-82.	
/	الم المرس مبينت (مانوس ضرب نام falus maimanal) الم بالمرس	
	manus jart Nahan 1227	
	mulgim Bah - ملزم بهادر شالا مهاراحه گیربان جوده ي &	e
	dur Shah, maharaja Girban Judha	R.1.
2	's size otherwise as last.	R1.
	FATH PRAKASH	
3	Bow and arrow. Jarb nahan 1877 (= AH. 1835)	
	م الم الم الم الم الم الم الم الم الم ال	
	Fath i bahadur . Year - Mahareya Fath . Jahadus	1 !
7		
	1	

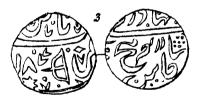












		
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